

## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed and Heba are talking about reading.**

**Ahmed** : Hi, Heba. Where are you going?

**Heba** : (1).....

**Ahmed** : (2).....?

**Heba** : Yes, I like reading.

**Ahmed** : What kinds of books do you read?

**Heba** : (3).....

**Ahmed** : (4).....?

**Heba** : I visit the library twice a week.

**Ahmed** : Could you recommend me a book?

**Heba** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**language – has – have – online – articles – jobs**

I studied English and media at university. I work as an editor. I work for an English (1)..... website. Nowadays, more people read news (2)..... I like this job. Lots of different journalists send me their (3)..... and I (4)..... to decide which ones are the most important. It's one of the most interesting jobs.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Deforestation is the act of cutting down trees. Deforestation can happen in some lands. These lands may be needed for building houses or setting up factories. Even building roads needs cutting down trees. Deforestation is affecting wildlife as well. Many animals have lost their habitats or their places of living. Trees produce oxygen and take in carbon dioxide. It can lead to several problems if deforestation is not stopped. It can lead to global warming. Floods can become uncontrollable as trees can protect us from them. Protecting trees should be the top interest of











## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

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Ahmed and Adel are talking about watching a film at the weekend.

Ahmed: What are you going to do tomorrow?

Adel: (1).....

Ahmed: (2).....?

Adel: No, I haven't got the tickets. Would you like to come?

Ahmed: (3).....

Adel: OK, I'm going to get you a ticket, too.

Ahmed: (4).....?

Adel: It starts at eight o'clock, but we are all going to meet at 7:15.

Ahmed: (5).....

Adel: That's fine.

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

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people – cleaner – protection – energy – batteries – protect

The environment needs our help. We can do a lot of things to (1)..... the environment. We can build solar farms to create green (2)..... . At home, we may use rechargeable (3)..... . There are projects to plant trees to give us (4)..... air.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

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Mustafa Mahmoud was an Egyptian doctor, philosopher and author. He was born in Shibin El-Kom, Menoufia in 1921. His father worked as a secretary in the governorate of Gharbia. His father's long-time illness, patience, faith and pure nature had a great effect on his character and writings and also remained in his mind throughout his life. Mustafa Mahmoud was trained as a doctor, but later he chose a career as a journalist and author, travelling and writing on many subjects. In the year 1960, he left his medical







5. My parents often ..... -agree with me on the suggestions that waste time.

a) dis-

b) im-

c) un-

d) in-

6. Some animals prefer a grassland habitat. "Habitat" here means .....

a) water to use

b) sports to do

c) food to enjoy

d) place to live

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

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1. I'll go to the dentist's if I ..... (had) a toothache.

2. As soon as Mazin ..... (arrive), we played our favourite games.

3. Each child was ..... (gave) a present by her mother.

4. She must be tired. She ..... (work) all afternoon.

5. We'll be able ..... (make) 3D models.

D

## Writing

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

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"A review of Egyptian handicrafts"

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## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Dalia is reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.**

**Mira** : Hello, Dalia. What are you doing?

**Dalia** : (1).....

**Mira** : Amazing! Which place do you like most?

**Dalia** : (2).....

**Mira** : Gebel Elba! (3).....?

**Dalia** : Because it's a habitat for many animals and birds.

**Mira** : (4).....?

**Dalia** : It's between the Red Sea coast and the mountains.

**Mira** : Sounds amazing! Can I borrow this book when you finish it?

**Dalia** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**working – space – researcher – University – Technology – work**

Egypt's Ayman Ragab is a space science (1)..... . He graduated from the Faculty of Engineering at Aswan (2)..... . He was appointed as a teaching assistant at the university until 2019. He is currently (3)..... as a researcher at the Faculty of (4)..... at the University of Oulu in Finland.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Climate change is the most serious problem at the moment all over the world. The reasons for climate change can be divided into two, natural and created by man. Global warming is the main natural reason and using harmful chemicals in everyday life is the main reason created by man. The climate is changing rapidly without stopping and affects the rise of the Earth's temperature. The global climate change and its results are leaving bad effects on most countries, including temperature rise, greenhouse gases, unusual rainfall, floods, storms, droughts and melting ice.







4. A/An ..... is an area in the desert where you can find water.  
a) mountain                      b) oasis                      c) grassland                      d) rainforest
5. The government started ..... to help the poor. They started to solve their problems.  
a) initiatives                      b) roads                      c) turbines                      d) diagrams
6. To get the noun for a person from the verb "read", add the suffix ".....".  
a) -ment                      b) -or                      c) -er                      d) -ing

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Who was this book ..... (writing) by?
2. In the past, people ..... (use) send letters, now they send emails.
3. Would you mind ..... (open) the door, please?
4. Fatma said that she ..... (is) tired the day before.
5. She ..... (eat) chocolate all morning, so she feels sick.



## Writing

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

**"A short story you read"**

Dem

WVA





## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Mazin is reading an article about sustainable living.**

**Safy** : Hi, Mazin. What are you doing?

**Mazin** : (1).....

**Safy** : (2).....?

**Mazin** : Yes, we could use sustainable products.

**Safy** : What kinds of sustainable products can we use?

**Mazin** : (3).....

**Safy** : (4).....?

**Mazin** : Yes, plastic bags and toothbrushes are bad for the environment.

**Safy** : Thanks for this useful information.

**Mazin** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**fur – control – deforestation – fear – are found – find**

There are about 30 different species of mongooses. They (1)..... in Africa, southern Asia and southern Europe. They have a long body, with short legs and a long tail. Their bodies are covered by thick (2)..... . They like to fight snakes. Some people use mongooses to (3)..... rat populations. They are endangered because of (4)..... and loss of habitat.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Last week, I read an article about natural wonders around the world. It mentioned some of the most amazing places on earth. The writer mentioned that there are two kinds of wonders; natural and man-made wonders. I knew that Ancient Greeks made a list of places they thought people should see. This list was named the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. The Greeks chose seven wonders because they thought this number means perfection. The Lighthouse of Alexandria is one of these wonders. It was once the tallest building in the world. There was a very large mirror



inside this lighthouse. It was used to reflect sunlight to warn ships that were getting close to the shore. At night, a fire was lit inside the lighthouse to guide the sailors in the sea. The design and building of the lighthouse started in 290 B.C. After that, an earthquake damaged it. However, it remained longer than any of the wonders except for the Great Pyramid.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is talking about .....  
a) the Ancient Greeks  
b) the Great Pyramid  
c) the Modern Wonders of the World  
d) the Lighthouse of Alexandria
2. .... is the only ancient wonder that still standing today.  
a) The Lighthouse of Alexandria      b) The Great Pyramid  
c) The Ancient Greeks      d) The Great Wall of China
3. The large ..... inside this lighthouse was used to reflect sunlight to warn ships.  
a) mirror      b) design      c) wonder      d) pyramid

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?  
.....
5. Why was the Lighthouse of Alexandria so famous?  
.....
6. Do you think that the Lighthouse of Alexandria was useful? Why/ Why not?  
.....



## Vocabulary and Structure

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**4) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. .... cars will be better for the environment because they will be electric.  
a) Driver      b) Driverless      c) Drive      d) Driving
2. The moon moves around the earth. The verb "moves around" here means ".....".  
a) stops      b) preserves      c) bursts      d) orbits
3. The opposite of "traditional" is ".....".  
a) modern      b) old      c) ancient      d) aged







## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Esraa** is asking **Samy** about his favourite story, "Black Beauty".

**Esraa** : What's your favourite hobby, Samy?

**Samy** : (1).....

**Esraa** : What kind of books do you like to read?

**Samy** : (2).....

**Esraa** : What's your favourite story?

**Samy** : (3).....

**Esraa** : (4).....?

**Samy** : Anna Sewell wrote it.

**Esraa** : (5).....?

**Samy** : Of course, I can lend it to you.

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**burn – cycle – wind – rubbish – environment – burning**

It is important to save our (1)..... and keep it clean. We must recycle more paper so that we can avoid cutting down our forests. We can also stop putting (2)..... in landfill sites. When we keep (3)..... fossil fuels, climate change will get worse. We need to use cleaner renewable energy such as solar energy and (4)..... power.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

A satellite phone is a telephone that has the ability to connect to orbiting satellites. Similar to usual mobile phones, they can connect to voice and short messaging services as well as internet access. Satellite phones can work anywhere in the world. Satellite phones can connect from anywhere as they are directly connected to satellites around the world and do not depend on usual mobile networks. A satellite phone has basic phone



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- B) Answer the following questions:**

- 3

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ### الصف الثالث الإعدادي



4. My father is so kind. The antonym of "kind" is ".....".  
a) calm                      b) clean                      c) clever                      d) cruel
5. "....." is the force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.  
a) Gravity                      b) Space                      c) Waste                      d) Project
6. To get the opposite of the word "expensive" we add the prefix ".....".  
a) re-                      b) dis-                      c) un-                      d) in-

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. The Taj Mahal ..... (build) by Shah Jahan.
2. As soon as Maha ..... (watch) TV, she slept.
3. We would have fewer storms if climate change ..... (stop).
4. Do you enjoy ..... (play) the piano?
5. Manal ..... (told), "I have seen this film".

## Writing

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

## "The job that you would like to do"

1. **Introduction**  
 2. **Background**  
 3. **Methodology**  
 4. **Results**  
 5. **Conclusion**  
 6. **References**  
 7. **Appendix**  
 8. **Index**  
 9. **Table of Contents**  
 10. **Figure 1**  
 11. **Figure 2**  
 12. **Figure 3**  
 13. **Figure 4**  
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 217. **Figure 208**



## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Adel is talking to Amir who is reading an article about pollution.**

**Adel :** What are you reading, Amir?

**Amir :** (1).....

**Adel :** What is this article about?

**Amir :** (2).....

**Adel :** (3).....?

**Amir :** We can stop pollution by planting more trees.

**Adel :** (4).....?

**Amir :** Because trees absorb carbon dioxide and keep the air clean.

**Adel :** (5).....

**Amir :** I agree with you. Recycling our rubbish can also solve this problem.

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**make – making – fabric – Weaver – Weaving – threads**

Tourists are interested in Egyptian handicrafts. (1)..... is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, (2)..... and needles. A loom is a machine that is used to make (3)..... Weavers can (4)..... very beautiful things.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Recycling is when you take old things and turn them into new things. Do you know how it all works? The first thing you have to do is collect items that can be recycled. These include things made out of paper, metal, glass and plastic. Soda cans, newspapers, bottles and bags can be recycled. Once you put all your items in a recycling bin, a truck comes to pick them up. Everything goes to a recycling plant. There, the materials get separated.



They go into different piles. There are special machines that crush each pile together. Now, let's take a closer look at how old paper is transformed. First, the paper is torn into tiny pieces. Then special water with chemicals is poured onto it. The fibres start to stick together. In time, a brand-new roll of paper is created! Recycling keeps our planet healthy. It reduces waste. It saves energy. Remember the golden rule: always recycle your products!

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the passage is that .....  
a) things mustn't be recycled                      b) recycling is a waste of time  
c) recycling is very important                      d) never recycle things
2. .... causes the fibres of the tiny pieces of paper to stick together.  
a) Glue    b) Sticky gum  
c) Special water with chemicals                      d) A red powder
3. According to the passage, "....." means to squeeze something very hard until it breaks.  
a) crush                      b) reduce                      c) create                      d) include

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. How can recycling help keep our planet healthy?  
.....
5. What does the underlined word "There" refer to?  
.....
6. According to the passage, give two items that can be recycled.  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

3

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A lot of mummies from the past are preserved in museums. They are ..... well.  
a) endangered                      b) kept                      c) sent                      d) damaged
2. To get the adjective of "comfort", add the suffix ".....".  
a) -al                      b) -less                      c) -ful                      d) -able
3. I read an amazing story. The antonym of "amazing" is ".....".  
a) wonderful                      b) fantastic                      c) terrible                      d) awesome







## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Sally and Fareeda are talking about seagrass.**

**Fareeda** : I read an interesting book yesterday.

**Sally** : (1).....?

**Fareeda** : It was about seagrass.

**Sally** : Seagrass? (2).....?

**Fareeda** : The plants that live in the sea, usually near the coast.

**Sally** : Are they useful for the environment?

**Fareeda** : (3).....

**Sally** : How can they be useful for the environment?

**Fareeda** : (4).....

**Sally** : Can you lend me this book?

**Fareeda** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**receiver – signals – single – to watch – watch – matches**

Lots of people have satellite TV so that they can (1)..... their favourite shows and sports (2)..... . The signal goes to a (3)..... on the house. In some areas, satellites send (4)..... to the internet, too.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

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Egypt has the most beautiful natural scenes including the desert, green lands and pure natural pools. Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year.

Sharm El Luli Beach is located in Marsa Alam. It is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places. The beautiful beach is a main place for people who travel to Marsa Alam because of its pure and clear blue waters. The underwater



sea life with clean beaches makes it perfect for snorkelling. People love this place for its amazing sea life. You may also be lucky enough to meet the odd sea turtle during your snorkelling or diving trip.

The main attraction of the Sharm El Luli Beach, which is also called Paradise, is its location in the middle of nature. Once you arrive there, you will see just why it gained its top spot on Middle East beach rankings, and the 22<sup>nd</sup> spot worldwide.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. This passage is talking about .....  
a) tourists in Egypt                      b) winter in Egypt  
c) Sharm El Luli Beach                  d) natural pools
2. People name Sharm El Luli Beach "Paradise" because it's in the ..... of nature.  
a) middle                                      b) corner  
c) bottom                                      d) top
3. Sharm El Luli Beach is a good beach because it has attractive .....  
a) air    b) weather  
c) sand     d) water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. How many tourists visit Egypt every year?  
.....
5. Sharm El Luli Beach is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places. Explain.  
.....
6. Which other places do you recommend for tourists who visit Egypt?  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is a machine used for weaving.  
a) loom                                      b) printer                                      c) carpet                                      d) weaver
2. Factories pollute the air with black smoke. This means that factories ..... the environment.  
a) save                                      b) damage                                      c) protect                                      d) provide
3. The noun from "equip" is formed by adding the suffix " .....".  
a) -ure                                      b) -tion                                      c) -ness                                      d) -ment



4. Australia is the smallest ..... in the world.  
a) city                      b) village                      c) continent                      d) town
5. My parents don't allow me to watch TV late. The synonym of the word "allow" is .....  
a) find                      b) protect                      c) prevent                      d) let
6. A ..... is an area with many solar panels that provide electricity.  
a) sensor                      b) region                      c) solar farm                      d) reusable

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)**

**in brackets:**

1. Many new cars ..... (make) by robots in factories every year.
2. My grandparents ..... (use) to live on a farm.
3. Ali ..... (will) pass the test if he studied harder.
4. I didn't send the report until I ..... (revised) it.
5. Samir ..... (said) me that he would travel to London.

## D Writing

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

### **"A review of a natural wonder in Egypt"**

30



## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ali is talking to Samir who travelled to Aswan last winter.**

**Ali** : Hi, Samir. Where did you go last winter?

**Samir** : (1).....

**Ali** : (2).....?

**Samir** : I travelled with my family.

**Ali** : How was your trip?

**Samir** : (3).....

**Ali** : How long did you stay there?

**Samir** : (4).....

**Ali** : Oh! A week. (5).....?

**Samir** : Yes, we enjoyed there very much.

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**species – was set – set – attractive – global – distance**

Ras Muhammad National Park is one of the most (1)..... places in Egypt. You can visit it on your way to Sharm El-Sheikh as the (2)..... from there to Sharm El-Sheikh is about 12 kilometres. It includes different (3)..... of colourful fish, sea turtles, beautiful coral reefs and underwater caves. It (4)..... up to protect different animals.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Many people are interested in learning English. It is known that it is a very important language as it is spoken all over the world. It isn't difficult to learn English. You will use it even when you join the university, but unless you use English, you will forget it. The English language gives us the chance to read English books and many wonderful stories. Speaking English fluently will help you when you travel to foreign countries to be



able to communicate with people there. It is also difficult to use the internet without knowing much about English. It's better for all of us to learn and improve it well.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1.** It is ..... to learn English.  
a) difficult                      b) easy  
c) useless                        d) bad
- 2.** Many people speak English all over .....  
a) Egypt                         b) the town  
c) the world                    d) the village
- 3.** The underlined word "it" refers to .....  
a) the internet                  b) English  
c) a story                         d) the university

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What is the main idea of the passage?  
.....
5. What will happen if you don't use English?  
.....
6. Why do we need English when we travel to foreign countries?  
.....

## Vocabulary and Structure

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The ..... is the force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.  
a) space                      b) gravity                      c) satellite                      d) jet
2. I'm terribly cross because my friend laughed at me. I'm very .....  
a) glad                      b) happy                      c) angry                      d) pleased
3. She wants to become a professional cook. "....." is the synonym of "professional".  
a) Annoyed                      b) Glad                      c) Amateur                      d) Qualified
4. "....." means a running race of around 42 kilometres.  
a) Location                      b) Marathon                      c) Explore                      d) Set up



5. We can get a noun from the verb "depress" by adding the suffix ".....":  
 a) -ion                      b) -ment                      c) -ist                      d) -ness
6. The rainforests are home to many different ..... of plants and animals.  
 a) pieces                      b) species                      c) spices                      d) spaces

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- 5
1. He was ..... (gave) nice presents for his birthday.
  2. We ..... (already/started) cooking.
  3. I woke up late today. .... (that's because) I didn't catch the bus.
  4. If it rains, we ..... (not/go) to the beach.
  5. New houses ..... (build) every year.

## **D** Writing

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

**"A short story you read"**

30



## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ali and Hossam are talking about Mohammed Salah.**

**Ali** : Have you heard that Mohammed Salah won an award?

**Hossam** : Really! (1).....?

**Ali** : Because he scored the most goals.

**Hossam** : (2).....!

**Ali** : Do you know which team he plays for?

**Hossam** : (3)..... . He plays for Liverpool.

**Ali** : So, (4).....?

**Hossam** : I think he's kind and friendly. Do you want to be a footballer, too?

**Ali** : (5)..... . I want to be a pilot.

**Hossam** : Great!

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**cutting – cuts – habitats – destroyed – produced – planet**

We need to protect our rainforests because they are important (1)..... for wildlife. Trees keep the air clean on our (2)..... . A lot of greenhouse gases are created because we (3)..... our forests. So, it is the time to stop (4)..... down our forests to create farms.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Solar energy is energy from the sun, and it's the most sustainable energy source on Earth. Solar power can be captured and used in several ways to generate electrical energy for homes, businesses and more. Solar power is a clean, renewable source. Solar panels produce electricity by changing the continuous flow of energy from the sun into electricity. No pollution is produced into the air when electricity is produced by solar panels. It doesn't cost much money.



The sun provides more than enough energy to meet the whole world's energy needs, and unlike fossil fuels, it won't run out anytime soon.

No greenhouse gases are produced when you use solar panels to create electricity. The sun provides more energy than we'll ever need, so electricity from solar power is a very important energy source in the move to clean energy production.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is about .....  
a) all renewable energy                      b) electricity  
c) solar energy                                  d) greenhouse gases
2. The sun can provide us with ..... energy than we need.  
a) more    b) less  
c) little    d) a bit
3. We can use solar ..... to produce energy from the sun.  
a) poles    b) fans  
c) turbines     d) panels

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What kind of energy is the solar one?  
.....
5. What do you think is the most important advantage of solar energy?  
.....
6. Name another renewable source of energy.  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is an instrument used to make distant objects look nearer.  
a) telescope                      b) thermometer                      c) microscope                      d) mirror
2. If something is ....., it costs much money.  
a) easy                                  b) cheap                                  c) expensive                      d) difficult
3. A/An ..... is a person who specialises in languages.  
a) astronaut                                  b) linguist  
c) reporter                                      d) programmer



4. We add the prefix "....." to get the opposite of the word "popular".

- a) in-                      b) un-                      c) en-                      d) im-

5. The land is ..... as it was raining all night yesterday.

- a) wet                      b) warm                      c) hard                      d) dry

6. That plane is enormous! "....." is the synonym of "enormous".

- a) Little                      b) Huge                      c) Tiny                      d) Local

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. Warda says she ..... (had to) do her homework.

2. If you don't study your mathematics, you ..... (not/be) able to do the exercises.

3. I ..... (have/clean) all morning - I'm bored!

4. Since I had a baby, I ..... (not/use) get much sleep.

5. Malak and Manar ..... (was invited) to a party. They will attend.

## **D Writing**

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

**"A biography of a famous person in the media"**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

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.....

.....



## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Mahmoud is talking to a tourist.**

**Mahmoud :** Is it your first visit to Egypt?

**Tourist :** (1)..... I came with my family before.

**Mahmoud :** (2).....?

**Tourist :** I come from London.

**Mahmoud :** (3).....?

**Tourist :** I'll stay for a week.

**Mahmoud :** What places are you going to visit?

**Tourist :** (4).....

**Mahmoud :** Sure. Luxor is a good place. I wish you a nice visit.

**Tourist :** (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**have been – disabilities – train – has been – dreamed – plane**

Mohammed Salah (1)..... to be an international footballer and his dream came true. He has played many matches. He has scored many goals. He (2)..... playing for Liverpool for many years now. Salah said, "To be a good player; you should (3)..... hard for many hours a day." Now, he is helping many people in his village and people with (4).....

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Satellites are in orbit hundreds or even thousands of kilometres above us, they are part of our everyday lives. Farmers use satellite images to know the best time to water their fields and collect their wheat. You can watch your favourite channel from any country by satellite signal. Because of space, you get to cheer on your favourite team during a power play from the comfort of your living room. He shoots, he scores! You can call anyone



from anywhere through satellite phone without worrying about the signal! You can surf the internet using satellite high-speed Internet subscriptions. You can get money anywhere. When you use your card, a satellite link is set up between the business and your bank. Satellites also help the scientists to predict the weather.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the passage is to show us .....
  - a) how important the satellites are
  - b) how farmers use satellites
  - c) how satellite phones work
  - d) how scientists predict the weather
2. Satellites can help people in .....
  - a) communications
  - b) farming
  - c) business
  - d) all of the above
3. When there are no telephone signals, you can use ..... to call someone.
  - a) ATM
  - b) radio
  - c) television
  - d) satellite phones

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Satellites are part of our everyday lives. Explain.  
.....
5. How can satellites make calling a friend easier?  
.....
6. Summarise the advantages of satellites.  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. "....." is a special ability to do something.
  - a) Power
  - b) Promise
  - c) Polar
  - d) Paint
2. Laila is trying to ..... drinks with sugar.
  - a) avoid
  - b) protect
  - c) organise
  - d) save
3. They lived in a remote mountain village. Their village is too .....
  - a) far
  - b) near
  - c) close
  - d) terrible







**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm going to the library.
2. Do you like reading?
3. I like reading short stories.
4. How often do you visit the library?
5. Sure. I recommend you "Oliver Twist".

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| 1. language | 3. articles |
| 2. online   | 4. have     |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** deforestation
2. **a)** floods
3. **d)** interested in

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Deforestation means cutting down trees and clearing forests.
5. I think people cut down trees for building houses, factories, and roads.
6. We can solve the problem of deforestation by growing more trees in the forest.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                        |                          |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> species   | 4. <b>a)</b> sustainable |
| 2. <b>d)</b> keep safe | 5. <b>c)</b> modern      |
| 3. <b>a)</b> reuse     | 6. <b>c)</b> astronomer  |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                 |            |
|-----------------|------------|
| 1. had finished | 4. used    |
| 2. was          | 5. cutting |
| 3. will         |            |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of social media"**

Social media has become an essential part of our daily lives. It allows us to communicate with friends and family, share our thoughts and ideas and stay informed about the latest news and events. There are many different social media platforms, such as Facebook, Instagram and Twitter. Each platform has its special advantages. While social media can be fun and useful, it also has its disadvantages. For example, spending too much time on social media can lead to addiction and affect our mental health. It is essential not to let social media control our lives. We can limit our time on these platforms and do other offline activities to be healthy.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm going to watch a film at the cinema.
2. Have you got the tickets?
3. Yes, I'd love to.
4. When does the film start?
5. OK, I will wait for you there at 7:15.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |            |              |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. protect | 3. batteries |
| 2. energy  | 4. cleaner   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                                |                 |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. <b>d)</b> Science and Faith | 3. <b>c)</b> 88 |
| 2. <b>b)</b> Mustafa           |                 |

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. He wrote 89 books on science, philosophy, religion, politics and society as well as plays and tales.
5. In the year 1960, he left his medical career totally and gave all his time to writing for a newspaper.
6. His father's long-time illness, patience, faith and pure nature had a great effect on his character and writings.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                               |                            |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. <b>d)</b> Renewable energy | 4. <b>d)</b> -ful          |
| 2. <b>a)</b> takes in         | 5. <b>a)</b> dis-          |
| 3. <b>b)</b> remote           | 6. <b>d)</b> place to live |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. have        | 4. has been working |
| 2. had arrived | 5. to make          |
| 3. given       |                     |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of Egyptian handicrafts"**

Egyptian handicrafts are popular with tourists. Weaving is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, threads and needles. A loom is a machine that crosses threads under and over each other to make fabric. Weavers can make very beautiful things. Unfortunately, there aren't many traditional weavers in Egypt today. To encourage doing that traditional craft, the government is planning to build four new schools to teach weaving in different cities. These schools will have the best weavers all around Egypt. Their job is to teach students how to weave. They also plan to do a recycling project which is connected to weaving. I think weaving is very important for the Egyptian economy.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.
2. I like Gebel Elba most.
3. Why do you like it most?
4. Where is Gebel Elba?
5. Of course, you can.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

1. researcher
2. University
3. working
4. Technology

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** climate change
2. **d)** human
3. **b)** dangerous

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Climate change is a very dangerous problem that faces our world. There are two reasons for climate change, natural and created by man. We should plant more trees to reduce global warming.
5. It affects the rise of the Earth's temperature. Global climate change and its results are leaving bad effects on most countries, including temperature rise, greenhouse gases, unusual rainfall, floods, storms, droughts and melting ice.
6. We should stop our bad habits and plant more trees.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** continuous
2. **d)** cats
3. **d)** Internship
4. **b)** oasis
5. **a)** initiatives
6. **c)** -er

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. written
2. used to
3. opening
4. was/had been
5. has been eating

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A short story you read"**

I read a short story called "The Clever Fox." The story takes place in a forest where a clever fox lives. One day, the fox finds itself trapped in a hunter's net. The fox starts thinking of a way to escape. The clever fox decides to pretend to be dead, and when the hunter comes, he sees the fox lying still in the net. Believing that the fox is dead, the hunter decides to take it home for dinner. As the hunter carries the fox, it suddenly jumps out of his hands and runs back into the forest. The story teaches us the importance of thinking quickly in difficult situations.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm reading an article about sustainable living.
2. Could we use sustainable products?
3. We can use reusable bags, bamboo toothbrushes, and solar panels.
4. Are plastic bags and toothbrushes bad for the environment?
5. You're welcome.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1. are found | 3. control       |
| 2. fur       | 4. deforestation |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **d)** the Lighthouse of Alexandria
2. **b)** The Great Pyramid
3. **a)** mirror

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. The underlined pronoun "they" refers to the Greeks.
5. Because it was once the tallest building in the world and had a large mirror inside to reflect sunlight and guide sailors.
6. Yes, the Lighthouse of Alexandria was useful because it warned ships and guided sailors at night.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                         |                     |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> Driverless | 4. <b>c)</b> re-    |
| 2. <b>d)</b> orbits     | 5. <b>d)</b> -al    |
| 3. <b>a)</b> modern     | 6. <b>b)</b> clever |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| 1. use to           | 4. to see |
| 2. has been raining | 5. making |
| 3. was discovered   |           |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A biography of Farouk Shousha"**

Farouk Shousha was born in Damietta on January 9<sup>th</sup>, 1936. He was an Egyptian poet. He presented the popular television programme Umsiya Thaqafiya from 1977 through 2006. Shousha read poetry in his free time. He began reading Arabic poetry at the local library, where he read everything from the pre-Islamic period through modern poets. Shousha joined Dar al-Ulum, where he was known as the Students' Poet. After he had graduated, he began working as a radio presenter. He became the head of Egyptian Radio. Then he moved to the television and was named "the Guardian of the Language". He won the Nile Prize for Literature in 2016. He died on October 14<sup>th</sup>, 2016.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. My favourite hobby is reading books.
2. I like to read animal stories.
3. My favourite story is "Black Beauty".
4. Who wrote it?
5. Can you lend it to me?

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. environment | 3. burning |
| 2. rubbish     | 4. wind    |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** the satellite phone
2. **a)** low
3. **a)** remote

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. The underlined word "useful" means helpful.
5. The disadvantages of satellite phones include lower voice quality, communication delays, heavier weight, larger external antennas, and low data bandwidths for internet access.
6. Satellite phones have a larger external antenna because they need to connect directly to satellites in orbit.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                          |                      |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> sustainable | 4. <b>d)</b> cruel   |
| 2. <b>d)</b> map         | 5. <b>a)</b> Gravity |
| 3. <b>b)</b> decrease    | 6. <b>d)</b> in-     |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                |            |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. was built   | 4. playing |
| 2. had watched | 5. said    |
| 3. stopped     |            |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"The job that you would like to do"**

The job I would like to do is to become a doctor. I find the medical field interesting, and I enjoy learning about the human body. As a doctor, I would have the opportunity to help people and make a positive effect on their lives. I believe that being a doctor is a decent job as it involves caring for others and providing them with the best possible treatment. It can be a hard job, requiring hard work and a strong sense of responsibility. However, I want to study hard to achieve my dream of becoming a doctor, as I believe it will be a rewarding job.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm reading an article.
2. It's about pollution.
3. How can we stop pollution?
4. Why are trees important?
5. I think we can recycle rubbish.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. Weaving | 3. fabric |
| 2. threads | 4. make   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** recycling is very important
2. **c)** Special water with chemicals
3. **a)** crush

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. It reduces waste. It saves energy.
5. The underlined word "There" refers to "a recycling plant".
6. Paper, metal, glass and plastic.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> kept     | 4. <b>d)</b> stop       |
| 2. <b>d)</b> -able    | 5. <b>b)</b> correct    |
| 3. <b>c)</b> terrible | 6. <b>d)</b> accountant |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                     |            |
|---------------------|------------|
| 1. hadn't published | 4. to buy  |
| 2. told             | 5. playing |
| 3. wasn't           |            |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of your trip to the observatory"**

Last week, I visited the local observatory with my family. It was an exciting and educational experience. We arrived in the evening. The sky was filled with stars. The people at the observatory were friendly, explaining different things to us. We had the opportunity to look through telescopes and see planets and stars. I was amazed by the beauty of the universe. This trip to the observatory raised my interest in astronomy and left me with greater respect for the wonders of our universe. I would highly recommend a visit to the observatory for anyone interested in learning more about the universe we live in.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. What was the book about?
2. What is seagrass?
3. Yes, they are very useful for the environment.
4. They help to absorb carbon dioxide.
5. Yes, of course.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. watch   | 3. receiver |
| 2. matches | 4. signals  |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** Sharm El Luli Beach
2. **a)** middle
3. **d)** water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. More than 14 million tourists visit Egypt every year.
5. Sharm El Luli Beach is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places because of its pure and clear blue waters, clean beaches, and amazing sea life.
6. I recommend for tourists who visit Egypt: the Pyramids of Giza, the Sphinx, the Valley of the Kings, the temples of Luxor and Karnak, and the city of Alexandria.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> loom   | 4. <b>c)</b> continent  |
| 2. <b>b)</b> damage | 5. <b>d)</b> let        |
| 3. <b>d)</b> -ment  | 6. <b>c)</b> solar farm |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |             |                |
|-------------|----------------|
| 1. are made | 4. had revised |
| 2. used     | 5. told        |
| 3. would    |                |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of a natural wonder in Egypt"**

Egypt has a lot of attractive natural places like the desert, green lands, and natural pools. Al Nayzak Beach is an amazing natural wonder. It's an amazing place. It is called the Shooting Star by the locals, with a total area of over 5,000 metres. Al-Nayzak Lake is famous for its clean water. The lake attracts hundreds of tourists from all over the world, where they are able to dive and swim because of its safe, clean water. Gebel Elba, which is surrounded only by green fields, is one of Egypt's most wonderful places. The Gebel Elba National Park is in the south-east of the country. I highly recommend visiting it.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. went to Aswan.
2. Who did you travel with?
3. It was great.
4. We stayed there for a week.
5. Did you enjoy there?

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| 1. attractive | 3. species |
| 2. distance   | 4. was set |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** easy
2. **c)** the world
3. **b)** English

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. English is a very important language as it is spoken all over the world.
5. If you don't use English, you will forget it.
6. To be able to communicate with people there.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                        |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> gravity   | 4. <b>b)</b> Marathon |
| 2. <b>c)</b> angry     | 5. <b>a)</b> -ion     |
| 3. <b>d)</b> Qualified | 6. <b>b)</b> species  |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                         |              |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1. given                | 4. won't go  |
| 2. have already started | 5. are built |
| 3. that's why           |              |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A short story you read"**

I like reading stories. I recently read a short story called "The Necklace" by Guy de Maupassant. The story is about a woman named Mathilde who dreams of living a luxurious life. She borrows a beautiful necklace from a friend to go to a fancy party, but she loses it during the night. Mathilde and her husband spend years working hard to replace the necklace, only to find out later that the original necklace was not real. The story teaches us important lessons about the value of honesty and the dangers of greed. In the end, Mathilde's desire for a luxurious life caused her to suffer more than she ever imagined.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. Why did Mohammed Salah win an award?
2. That's interesting.
3. Yes, of course.
4. What do you think of Mohamed Salah?
5. No, I don't.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |             |              |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. habitats | 3. destroyed |
| 2. planet   | 4. cutting   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** solar energy
2. **a)** more
3. **d)** panels

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Solar energy is a clean and renewable source of energy.
5. The most important advantage of solar energy is that it is clean, renewable, and sustainable, without producing harmful pollution or greenhouse gases.
6. Wind energy.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                        |                   |
|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> telescope | 4. <b>b)</b> un-  |
| 2. <b>c)</b> expensive | 5. <b>a)</b> wet  |
| 3. <b>b)</b> linguist  | 6. <b>b)</b> Huge |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1. must/has to        | 4. didn't use to |
| 2. won't be           | 5. were invited  |
| 3. have been cleaning |                  |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A biography of a famous person in the media"**

Safia el Mohandes was the first female voice on the radio. She was born in 1922 in Cairo. Her father was a famous linguist. He encouraged her to read Arabic books. Safia also studied English literature at the university and graduated from the Faculty of Arts in 1941. In 1947, Safia joined the Egyptian radio, and she was the first female radio presenter. She presented programmes for women and for children. Her most famous programme 'Housewives' presented news, educational advice and drama for the whole Egyptian family. She was very kind and helpful to all the radio broadcasters. She helped everyone, and so she was called 'the mother of all broadcasters'.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. No, it isn't.
2. Where do you come from?
3. How long will you stay?
4. I'll visit Luxor.
5. Thank you.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |             |                 |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. dreamed  | 3. train        |
| 2. has been | 4. disabilities |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **a)** how important the satellites are
2. **d)** all of the above
3. **d)** satellite phones

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Satellites are part of our everyday lives because they help us in different ways, such as communication, farming, business, and weather prediction.
5. Satellites make calling a friend easier by providing a signal even when there are no local telephone signals.
6. The advantages of satellites include improved communication, assistance in farming, support for businesses, and accurate weather prediction.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> Power | 4. <b>c)</b> dark   |
| 2. <b>a)</b> avoid | 5. <b>a)</b> drones |
| 3. <b>a)</b> far   | 6. <b>c)</b> im-    |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. is cleaned | 4. had done     |
| 2. playing    | 5. was/had been |
| 3. would buy  |                 |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"Your visit to a habitat"**

Life in deserts is hard because there's not much food or water. However, plants, animals and people found a way to live there. There are not many animals in the desert, but some animals are able to live in that habitat. Examples of animals that live in hot deserts are lizards, snakes, and camels. Small animals such as lizards live underground to avoid heat. They only come out at night to look for food. Like desert plants, desert animals can live on little water. Most of the water used by these animals comes from seeds that hold and keep water. Camels can live in hot deserts by storing water in their bodies.



## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Hani is asking Sara if she has done her jobs.**

**Hani:** Have you finished the report yet?

**Sara :** (1)..... . I'm still working on it.

**Hani:** What about your presentation? (2).....?

**Sara :** Yes, I've prepared for the presentation.

**Hani:** Have you shown it to the manager?

**Sara :** (3)..... .

**Hani:** (4).....?

**Sara :** He said it's great.

**Hani:** I'm glad that you are well-prepared for the presentation.

**Sara :** (5)..... .

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**different – stadium – meet – meeting – operator – photographer**

"I've always liked taking photographs. However, I never wanted to be a (1)..... . I have always wanted to be a camera (2)..... . It is a great job and it is always different. Today, I am working at a sports (3)..... . I am looking forward to (4)..... my favourite players there."

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Deforestation is the act of cutting down trees. Deforestation can happen in some lands. These lands may be needed for building houses or setting up factories. Even building roads needs cutting down trees. Deforestation is affecting wildlife as well. Many animals have lost their habitats or their places of living. Trees produce oxygen and take in carbon dioxide. It can lead to several problems if deforestation is not stopped. It can lead to global warming. Floods can become uncontrollable as trees can protect us from them. Protecting trees should be the top interest of



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ### الصف الثالث الاعدادي







## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

5

Heba is going to give a speech at school tomorrow about renewable energy.

Ola : You look worried. What's the matter?

Heba : (1).....

Ola : What are you going to talk about?

Heba : (2).....

Ola : (3).....?

Heba : I'd like to start by saying that renewable energy is very friendly to the environment.

Ola : (4).....?

Heba : Sure. Solar energy and wind energy are examples of renewable energy.

Ola : That's great. You will do well.

Heba : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

4

live – renewable – fuels – lives – recycle – cut

We should do our best to keep the environment clean. We mustn't (1)..... down trees because they absorb carbon dioxide. Also, we mustn't burn fossil (2)..... to avoid climate change. That's why we should use (3)..... energy such as solar energy and wind power. So, we will be able to (4)..... in a safe environment.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

The Egyptian squash player Nour El Sherbini became the first woman to win the Tournament of Champions three times—and she's not yet 30. In 2009, she became the youngest world champion in the history of the sport when she won the women's title at the World Junior Squash Championships at just nine years old. In 2015, she became the youngest



woman to win the Women's World Championship, which was held in Malaysia, and then a year later retained her title by beating her most recent opponent, El Welily, at the Women's World Championship held in El Gouna, Egypt.

Nour El Sherbini was born on 1<sup>st</sup> November, 1995 in Alexandria. She started playing squash when she was 6 years old. She is a five time World champion. She is known as the world's best squash player.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is about .....  
a) Nour El Sherbini's achievements  
b) how beautiful Nour El Sherbini is  
c) the Tournament of Champions  
d) El Welily's achievements
2. Nour was ..... years when she became the youngest woman to win the Women's World Championship in Malaysia.  
a) 9                      b) 15                      c) 18                      d) 20
3. Nour won the World Champion ..... times.  
a) 5                      b) 4                      c) 3                      d) 2

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Summarise the achievements of Nour El Sherbini.  
.....
5. How old was Nour El Sherbini when she won the women's title at the World Junior Squash Championships?  
.....
6. Do you think Nour El Sherbini will win more competitions? Why?  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. .... are the rules that we must follow.  
a) Drones                      b) Satellites                      c) Controls                      d) Laws
2. The ..... is the ruler of the country.  
a) organiser                      b) president                      c) governor                      d) presenter
3. The synonym of the word "famous" is ".....".  
a) private                      b) well-known                      c) unknown                      d) special







## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Dalia is reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.**

**Mira** : Hello, Dalia. What are you doing?

**Dalia** : (1).....

**Mira** : Amazing! Which place do you like most?

**Dalia** : (2).....

**Mira** : Gebel Elba! (3).....?

**Dalia** : Because it's a habitat for many animals and birds.

**Mira** : (4).....?

**Dalia** : It's between the Red Sea coast and the mountains.

**Mira** : Sounds amazing! Can I borrow this book when you finish it?

**Dalia** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**working – space – researcher – University – Technology – work**

Egypt's Ayman Ragab is a space science (1)..... . He graduated from the Faculty of Engineering at Aswan (2)..... . He was appointed as a teaching assistant at the university until 2019. He is currently (3)..... as a researcher at the Faculty of (4)..... at the University of Oulu in Finland.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Climate change is the most serious problem at the moment over the world. The reasons for climate change can be divided into two, natural and created by the man. Global warming is the main natural reason and using harmful chemicals in everyday life is the main reason created by man. The climate is changing rapidly without stopping and affects the rise of the Earth's temperature. The global climate change and its results are leaving bad effects on most countries, including temperature rise, greenhouse gases, unusual rainfall, floods, storms, droughts and melting ice.



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- B) Answer the following questions:**

- 3

- 9



5. The government started ..... to help the poor. They started to solve their problems.

- a) initiatives      b) roads      c) turbines      d) diagrams

6. To get the noun for a person from the verb "read", add the suffix ".....".

- a) -ment      b) -or      c) -er      d) -ing

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

5

1. Who was this book ..... (writing) by?
2. A painting ..... (sold) for more than one thousand pounds last night.
3. Would you mind ..... (open) the door, please?
4. It's late, so I don't think he's ..... (going/do) his homework tonight.
5. She ..... (eat) chocolate all morning, so she feels sick.

D

## Writing

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

7

"A short story you read"

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

30



## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

5

**Mazin is reading an article about sustainable living.**

**Safy** : Hi, Mazin. What are you doing?

**Mazin** : (1).....

**Safy** : (2).....?

**Mazin** : Yes, we could use sustainable products.

**Safy** : What kinds of sustainable products can we use?

**Mazin** : (3).....

**Safy** : (4).....?

**Mazin** : Yes, plastic bags and toothbrushes are bad for the environment.

**Safy** : Thanks for this useful information.

**Mazin** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

4

**telescope – improved – astronomers – lenses – improve – orbit**

Before the beginning of the 17<sup>th</sup> century, (1)..... had only studied space with their own eyes. Then, in 1608, the (2)..... was invented. The Italian astronomer Galileo (3)..... the design. He made the (4)..... stronger so that he could study the planets in our solar system.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Last week, I read an article about natural wonders around the world. It mentioned some of the most amazing places on earth. The writer mentioned that there are two kinds of wonders; natural and man-made wonders. I knew that Ancient Greeks made a list of places they thought people should see. This list was named the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. The Greeks chose seven wonders because they thought this number means perfection. The Lighthouse of Alexandria is one of these wonders. It was once the tallest building in the world. There was a very large mirror



inside this lighthouse. It was used to reflect sunlight to warn ships that were getting close to the shore. At night, a fire was lit inside the lighthouse to guide the sailors in the sea. The design and building of the lighthouse started in 290 B.C. After that, an earthquake damaged it. However, it remained longer than any of the wonders except for the Great Pyramid.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is talking about .....  
a) the Ancient Greeks  
b) the Great Pyramid  
c) the Modern Wonders of the World  
d) the Lighthouse of Alexandria
2. .... is the only ancient wonder that still standing today.  
a) The Lighthouse of Alexandria      b) The Great Pyramid  
c) The Ancient Greeks      d) Wonders of the world
3. The large ..... inside this lighthouse was used to reflect sunlight to warn ships.  
a) mirror      b) design  
c) wonder      d) pyramid

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?  
.....
5. Why was the Lighthouse of Alexandria so famous?  
.....
6. Do you think that the Lighthouse of Alexandria was useful? Why/ Why not?  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

3

**4) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is a route between two places along which trains travel on steel rails.  
a) map      b) railway      c) sailor      d) helmet
2. Our main aim is to increase sales. The synonym of "increase" is ".....".  
a) misuse      b) preserve      c) reduce      d) raise







## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Esraa is asking Samy about his favourite story, "Black Beauty".**

**Esraa :** What's your favourite hobby, Samy?

**Samy :** (1).....

**Esraa :** What kind of books do you like to read?

**Samy :** (2).....

**Esraa :** What's your favourite story?

**Samy :** (3).....

**Esraa :** (4).....?

**Samy :** Anna Sewell wrote it.

**Esraa :** (5).....?

**Samy :** Of course, I can lend it to you.

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**find – observatory – space – system – Ancient – found**

My name's Habiba. I'm interested in studying space. I like watching the stars. Our solar (1)..... is wonderful. Last weekend, I went on a school trip to the (2)..... in Alexandria. We saw a really interesting film about Ancient Egypt. We learned about how the (3)..... Egyptians had studied the stars to (4)..... out when the Nile flooded.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

A satellite phone is a telephone that has the ability to connect to orbiting satellites. Similar to usual mobile phones, they can connect to voice and short messaging services as well as internet access. Satellite phones can work anywhere in the world. Satellite phones can connect from anywhere as they are directly connected to satellites around the world and do not depend on usual mobile networks. A satellite phone has basic phone



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- B) Answer the following questions:**

- 3

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ### الصف الثالث الإعدادي







## A

## Language Functions

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed wants to work in the media to be a journalist.**

**Kamal** : Can I ask you a few questions?

**Ahmed** : (1).....

**Kamal** : What job would you like to do in the future?

**Ahmed** : (2).....

**Kamal** : (3).....?

**Ahmed** : I'd like to be a journalist because I like writing about events that are happening.

**Kamal** : (4).....?

**Ahmed** : No, I'd like to stay in Egypt and get married here.

**Kamal** : I wish you good luck.

**Ahmed** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**make – making – fabric – Weaver – Weaving – threads**

Tourists are interested in Egyptian handicrafts. (1)..... is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, (2)..... and needles. A loom is a machine that is used to make (3)..... . Weavers can (4)..... very beautiful things.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Unfortunately, the rainforests are endangered. A study was carried out by researchers, who found that between 2000 and 2017, 14% of the rainforests were lost to deforestation.

The Amazon Rainforest has been described as the "Lungs of our Planet" because it provides the essential environmental world service of continuously recycling carbon dioxide into oxygen. More than 20 percent of the world oxygen is produced in the Amazon Rainforest. The Amazon rainforest is the largest rainforest in the world, covering an area of 6,000,000 km<sup>2</sup>. It represents over half of the planet's rainforests.



The Amazon rainforest is losing about 10,000 acres a day. Since 1988, humans have destroyed an area of the rainforest roughly.

1. The main idea of the passage is .....

- B) Answer the following questions:**

- 3

1. A lot of mummies from the past are preserved in museums. They are ..... well.

- 18







## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Sally and Fareeda are talking about seagrass.**

**Fareeda** : I read an interesting book yesterday.

**Sally** : (1).....?

**Fareeda** : It was about seagrass.

**Sally** : Seagrass? (2).....?

**Fareeda** : The plants that live in the sea, usually near the coast.

**Sally** : Are they useful for the environment?

**Fareeda** : (3).....

**Sally** : How can they be useful for the environment?

**Fareeda** : (4).....

**Sally** : Can you lend me this book?

**Fareeda** : (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**receiver – signal – single – to watch – watch – matches**

Lots of people have satellite TV so that they can (1)..... their favourite shows and sports (2)..... . The signal goes to a (3)..... on the house. In some areas, satellites send (4)..... to the internet, too.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Egypt has the most beautiful natural scenes including the desert, green lands and pure natural pools. Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year.

Sharm El Luli Beach is located in Marsa Alam. It is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places. The beautiful beach is a main place for people who travel to Marsa Alam because of its pure and clear blue waters. The underwater



sea life with clean beaches makes it perfect for snorkelling. People love this place for its amazing sea life. You may also be lucky enough to meet the odd sea turtle during your snorkelling or diving trip.

The main attraction of the Sharm El Luli Beach, which is also called Paradise, is its location in the middle of nature. Once you arrive there, you will see just why it gained its top spot on Middle East beach rankings, and the 22<sup>nd</sup> spot worldwide.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. This passage is talking about .....  
a) tourists in Egypt                      b) winter in Egypt  
c) Sharm El Luli Beach                  d) natural pools
2. People name Sharm El Luli Beach "Paradise" because it's in the ..... of nature.  
a) middle                                      b) corner  
c) bottom                                      d) top
3. Sharm El Luli Beach is a good beach because it has attractive .....  
a) air    b) weather  
c) sand     d) water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. How many tourists visit Egypt every year?  
.....
5. Sharm El Luli Beach is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places. Explain.  
.....
6. Which other places do you recommend for tourists who visit Egypt?  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is a machine used for weaving.  
a) loom                                      b) printer                                      c) carpet                                      d) weaver
2. Factories pollute the air with black smoke. This means that factories ..... the environment.  
a) save                                      b) damage                                      c) protect                                      d) provide
3. The noun from "equip" is formed by adding the suffix " .....".  
a) -ure                                      b) -tion                                      c) -ness                                      d) -ment







## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Sama and Enas are talking about recycling.**

**Sama :** Look at all the plastic water bottles in the rubbish bin.

**Enas :** (1).....?

**Sama :** We can recycle them.

**Enas :** (2).....?

**Sama :** Because recycling is good for the environment.

**Enas :** What will happen if we recycle old things?

**Sama :** (3)..... .

**Enas :** That's a good idea. What kinds of things do you recycle?

**Sama :** (4)..... .

**Enas :** Great! Can you help me to recycle my old things?

**Sama :** (5)..... .

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**species – was set – set – attractive – global – distance**

Ras Muhammad National Park is one of the most (1)..... places in Egypt. You can visit it on your way to Sharm El-Sheikh as the (2)..... from there to Sharm El-Sheikh is about 12 kilometres. It includes different (3)..... of colourful fish, sea turtles, beautiful coral reefs and underwater caves. It (4)..... up to protect different animals.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Recycling means turning the waste materials into some useful materials. It is very important because it is the only way that can reduce pollution. In order to have a better future, it is very important to understand the effect of recycling on the environment. It is the need of the hour as pollution is at its highest, and it is very much important to control it as soon as possible. The materials that can be recycled are known as



recyclable ones. Industrial waste holds the largest part of the total earth's waste. So, industries should plan how to reduce it, and the best way to do that is by using materials that can be recycled.

Every country should create proper awareness among people and industries. Governments of many countries have already started it, the faster and the better. They are also taking initiatives to recycle a huge amount of waste.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the passage is .....
  - a) pollution
  - b) recycling initiatives
  - c) the importance of recycling
  - d) the governments' efforts
2. As a result of recycling, we will have a ..... future.
  - a) better
  - b) worse
  - c) boring
  - d) bad
3. Governments are also taking ..... to recycle a huge amount of waste.
  - a) farming
  - b) industry
  - c) initiatives
  - d) water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Summarise the text in three sentences.

.....

5. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to?

.....

6. In your opinion, how can the young help reduce pollution?

.....



## Vocabulary and Structure

3

**4) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. "....." means to reduce how fast something goes.
  - a) Slow down
  - b) Absorb
  - c) Create
  - d) Waste
2. I'm terribly cross because my friend laughed at me. I'm very .....
  - a) glad
  - b) happy
  - c) angry
  - d) pleased
3. She wants to become a professional cook. "....." is the synonym of "professional".
  - a) Annoyed
  - b) Glad
  - c) Amateur
  - d) Qualified







## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ali and Hossam are talking about Mohammed Salah.**

**Ali** : Have you heard that Mohammed Salah won an award?

**Hossam** : Really! (1).....?

**Ali** : Because he scored the most goals.

**Hossam** : (2).....

**Ali** : Do you know which team he plays for?

**Hossam** : (3)..... . He plays for Liverpool.

**Ali** : So, (4).....?

**Hossam** : I think he's kind and friendly. Do you want to be a footballer, too?

**Ali** : (5)..... . I want to be a pilot.

**Hossam** : Great!

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**cutting – cut – habitats – destroyed – produced – planet**

We need to protect our rainforests because they are important (1)..... for wildlife. Trees keep the air clean on our (2)..... . A lot of greenhouse gases are created because we (3)..... our forests. So, it is the time to stop (4)..... down our forests to create farms.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Solar energy is energy from the sun, and it's the most sustainable energy source on Earth. Solar power can be captured and used in several ways to generate electrical energy for homes, businesses, and more. Solar power is a clean, renewable source. Solar panels produce electricity by changing the continuous flow of energy from the sun into electricity. No pollution is produced into the air when electricity is produced by solar panels. It doesn't cost much money.



The sun provides more than enough energy to meet the whole world's energy needs, and unlike fossil fuels, it won't run out anytime soon.

No greenhouse gases are produced when you use solar panels to create electricity. The sun provides more energy than we'll ever need, so electricity from solar power is a very important energy source in the move to clean energy production.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is about .....  
a) all renewable energy                      b) electricity  
c) solar energy                                  d) greenhouse gases
2. The sun can provide us with ..... energy than we need.  
a) more    b) less  
c) little    d) a bit
3. We can use solar ..... to produce energy from the sun.  
a) poles    b) fans  
c) turbines    d) panels

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What kind of energy is the solar one?  
.....
5. What do you think is the most important advantage of solar energy?  
.....
6. Name another renewable source of energy.  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. "....." is when you work, often without pay, to learn about a job.  
a) Farming                      b) Internship                      c) Marathon                      d) Set up
2. To form the noun for a person from the verb "present", add the suffix ".....".  
a) -er                                  b) -or                                  c) -ment                                  d) -ist
3. His parents won't allow him to stay out late. The antonym of "allow" is ".....".  
a) invent                                  b) destroy                                  c) permit                                  d) prevent



4. Our plan has many advantages. "Advantage" is similar to .....

a) countryside

b) benefit

c) damage

d) disadvantage

5. He called me to come to his birthday party. He ..... me to his party.

a) agreed

b) invited

c) refused

d) hated

6. To be ..... is to be unable to understand something clearly.

a) several

b) coloured

c) confused

d) suitable

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. Warda says she ..... (had to) do her homework.

2. If you don't study your mathematics, you ..... (not/be) able to do the exercises.

3. I ..... (have/clean) all morning - I'm bored!

4. Since I had a baby, I ..... (not/use) get much sleep.

5. Malak and Manar ..... (was invited) to a party. They will attend.

D

## Writing

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A biography of a famous person in the media"

.....

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## A

## Language Functions

5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Mayar and Roqya are talking about their visit to the mangrove forest.**

**Mayar :** Where did you go last weekend?

**Roqya :** (1).....

**Mayar :** Great! I visited it last month.

**Roqya :** What do you think of it?

**Mayar :** (2).....

**Roqya :** (3).....?

**Mayar :** It's important because it protects us from strong winds and storms.

**Roqya :** (4).....?

**Mayar :** Yes, we should plant more mangrove trees. What do you think?

**Roqya :** (5).....

## B

## Reading Comprehension

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**have been – disabilities – train – has been – dreamed – plane**

Mohammed Salah (1)..... to be an international footballer and his dream came true. He has played many matches. He has scored many goals. He (2)..... playing for Liverpool for many years now. Salah said, "To be a good player; one should (3)..... hard for many hours a day." Now, he helps many people in his village and people with (4).....

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Satellites are in an orbit hundreds or even thousands of kilometres above us, they are part of our everyday lives. Farmers use satellite images to know the best time to water their fields and collect their wheat. You can watch your favourite channel from any country by satellite signal. Because of space, you get to cheer on your favourite team during a power play from the comfort of your living room. He shoots, he scores! You can call anyone from anywhere through satellite phone without worrying about the signal!



You can surf the internet using satellite high-speed Internet subscriptions. You can get money anywhere. When you use your card, a satellite link is set up between the business and your bank. Satellites also help the scientists to predict the weather.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the passage is to show us ..... .
  - a) how important the satellites are
  - b) how farmers use satellites
  - c) how satellite phones work
  - d) how scientists predict the weather
2. Satellites can help people in ..... .
  - a) communications
  - b) farming
  - c) business
  - d) all of the above
3. When there are no telephone signals, you can use ..... to call someone.
  - a) ATM
  - b) radio
  - c) television
  - d) satellite phones

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Satellites are part of our everyday lives. Explain.  
.....
5. How can satellites make calling a friend easier?  
.....
6. Summarise the advantages of satellites.  
.....

**C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. "....." is a special ability to do something.
  - a) Power
  - b) Promise
  - c) Polar
  - d) Paint
2. Laila is trying to ..... drinks with sugar.
  - a) avoid
  - b) protect
  - c) organise
  - d) save
3. They lived in a remote mountain village. Their village is too ..... .
  - a) far
  - b) near
  - c) close
  - d) terrible



4. Good luck with your bright future. The opposite of "bright" is ..... .  
**a)** clean                                      **b)** private                                      **c)** dark                                      **d)** shinny
5. I saw some ..... pass over this region. They were flying without pilots.  
**a)** drones                                      **b)** flying cars                                      **c)** buses                                      **d)** motorbikes
6. We add the prefix "....." to the adjective "possible" to form the opposite.  
**a)** ir-                                      **b)** un-                                      **c)** im-                                      **d)** dis-

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. If I had a lot of money, I ..... (travel) around the world.
2. .... (they/arrive) yet?
3. The office ..... (cleans) every day.
4. Emily said she had lost her red pen at our school ..... (this) morning.
5. I enjoy ..... (watch) adventure movies.

## **D Writing**

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

## "Your visit to a habitat"

Genius



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. No, I haven't.
2. Have you prepared for the presentation?
3. Yes, I have shown it to the manager.
4. What did he say?
5. Thank you.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

1. photographer
2. operator
3. stadium
4. meeting

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** deforestation
2. **a)** floods
3. **d)** interested in

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Deforestation means cutting down trees and clearing forests.
5. I think People cut down trees for building houses, factories, and roads.
6. We can solve the problem of deforestation by growing more trees in the forest.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** global
2. **d)** absorb
3. **d)** teaches
4. **c)** orbit
5. **a)** -able
6. **d)** absolutely

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. is spoken
2. had been watching
3. to sleep
4. used to
5. will be

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of social media"**

Social media has become an essential part of our daily lives. It allows us to communicate with friends and family, share our thoughts and ideas and stay informed about the latest news and events. There are many different social media platforms, such as Facebook, Instagram and Twitter. Each platform has its special advantages. While social media can be fun and useful, it also has its disadvantages. For example, spending too much time on social media can lead to addiction and affect our mental health. It is essential not to let social media control our lives. We can limit our time on these platforms and do other offline activities to be healthy.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I am going to give a speech at school tomorrow.
2. I'm going to talk about renewable energy.
3. How would you like to start?
4. Can you give some examples of renewable energy sources?
5. Thank you so much.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |          |              |
|----------|--------------|
| 1. cut   | 3. renewable |
| 2. fuels | 4. live      |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                                       |         |
|---------------------------------------|---------|
| 1. a) Nour El Sherbini's achievements | 3. a) 5 |
| 2. d) 20                              |         |

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Nour El Sherbini has achieved many titles, including being the youngest world champion in the history of squash, winning the Women's World Championship five times, and being the first woman to win the Tournament of Champions three times.
5. Nour El Sherbini was 9 years old when she won the women's title at the World Junior Squash Championships.
6. Yes, I think Nour El Sherbini will continue to win more competitions because of her hard work.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. d) Laws       | 4. d) suffix      |
| 2. b) president  | 5. d) traditional |
| 3. b) well-known | 6. a) dis-        |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 1. have        | 4. has been working |
| 2. had arrived | 5. to write         |
| 3. given       |                     |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of an Egyptian craft"**

Egyptian handicrafts are popular with tourists. Weaving is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, threads and needles. A loom is a machine that crosses threads under and over each other to make fabric. Weavers can make very beautiful things. Unfortunately, there aren't many traditional weavers in Egypt today. To encourage doing that traditional craft, the government is planning to build four new schools to teach weaving in different cities. These schools will have the best weavers all around Egypt. Their job is to teach students how to weave. They also plan to do a recycling project which is connected to weaving. I think weaving is very important for the Egyptian economy.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.
2. I like Gebel Elba most.
3. Why do you like it most?
4. Where is Gebel Elba?
5. Of course, you can.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. researcher | 3. working    |
| 2. University | 4. Technology |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** climate change
2. **d)** man
3. **b)** dangerous

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Climate change is a very dangerous problem that faces our world. There are two reasons for climate change, natural and created by man. We should plant more trees to reduce global warming.
5. It affects the rise of the Earth's temperature. Global climate change and its results are leaving bad effects on most countries, including temperature rise, greenhouse gases, unusual rainfall, floods, storms, droughts and melting ice.
6. unusual rainfall, floods, storms, droughts and melting ice. We should stop our bad habits and plant more trees.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                         |                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> continuous | 4. <b>b)</b> oasis       |
| 2. <b>d)</b> cats       | 5. <b>a)</b> initiatives |
| 3. <b>d)</b> Internship | 6. <b>c)</b> -er         |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |             |                    |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. written  | 4. going to do     |
| 2. was sold | 5. has been eating |
| 3. opening  |                    |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A short story you read"**

I read a short story called "The Clever Fox." The story takes place in a forest where a clever fox lives. One day, the fox finds itself trapped in a hunter's net. The fox starts thinking of a way to escape. The clever fox decides to pretend to be dead, and when the hunter comes, he sees the fox lying still in the net. Believing that the fox is dead, the hunter decides to take it home for dinner. As the hunter carries the fox, it suddenly jumps out of his hands and runs back into the forest. The story teaches us the importance of thinking quickly in difficult situations.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I'm reading an article about sustainable living.
2. Could we use sustainable products?
3. We can use reusable bags, bamboo toothbrushes, and solar panels.
4. Are plastic bags and toothbrushes bad for the environment?
5. You're welcome.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| 1. astronomers | 3. improved |
| 2. telescope   | 4. lenses   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:**

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **d)** the Lighthouse of Alexandria
2. **b)** The Great Pyramid
3. **a)** mirror

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. The underlined pronoun "they" refers to the Greek.
5. The Lighthouse of Alexandria was so famous because it was once the tallest building in the world and had a large mirror inside to reflect sunlight and guide sailors.
6. Yes, the Lighthouse of Alexandria was useful because it warned ships and guided sailors at night.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                       |                         |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> railway  | 4. <b>c)</b> -ing       |
| 2. <b>d)</b> raise    | 5. <b>a)</b> exhibition |
| 3. <b>d)</b> pandemic | 6. <b>b)</b> Species    |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                     |           |
|---------------------|-----------|
| 1. use to           | 4. to see |
| 2. has been raining | 5. study  |
| 3. was discovered   |           |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:**

**"A biography of Farouk Shousha"**

Farouk Shousha was born in Damietta on January 9<sup>th</sup>, 1936. He was an Egyptian poet. He presented the popular television programme Umsiya Thaqafiya from 1977 through 2006. Shousha read poetry in his free time. He began reading Arabic poetry at the local library, where he read everything from the pre-Islamic period through modern poets. Shousha joined Dar al-Ulum, where he was known as the Students' Poet. After he had graduated, he began working as a radio presenter. He became the head of Egyptian Radio. Then he moved to the television and was named "the Guardian of the Language". He won the Nile Prize for Literature in 2016. He died on October 14<sup>th</sup>, 2016.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. My favourite hobby is reading books.
2. I like to read adventure stories.
3. My favourite story is "Black Beauty".
4. Who wrote it?
5. Can you lend it to me?

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

1. system
2. observatory
3. Ancient
4. find

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** the satellite phone
2. **a)** low
3. **a)** remote

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. The underlined word "useful" means helpful.
5. The disadvantages of satellite phones include lower voice quality, communication delays, heavier weight, larger external antennas, and low data bandwidths for internet access.
6. Satellite phones have a larger external antenna because they need to connect directly to satellites in orbit.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **b)** sustainable
2. **d)** map
3. **b)** decrease
4. **b)** brave
5. **a)** Gravity
6. **d)** in-

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. are visited
2. was stolen
3. would need
4. missed
5. playing

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"The job that you would like to do"**

The job I would like to do is to become a doctor. I find the medical field interesting, and I enjoy learning about the human body. As a doctor, I would have the opportunity to help people and make a positive effect on their lives. I believe that being a doctor is a decent job as it involves caring for others and providing them with the best possible treatment. It can be a hard job, requiring hard work and a strong sense of responsibility. However, I want to study hard to achieve my dream of becoming a doctor, as I believe it will be a rewarding job.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. Yes, sure.
2. I would like to be a journalist.
3. Why would you like to be a journalist?
4. Would you like to travel abroad?
5. Thank you very much.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| 1. Weaving | 3. fabric |
| 2. threads | 4. make   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** deforestation
2. **c)** nine
3. **a)** half

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to the Amazon Rainforest.
5. Humans have destroyed an area of rainforest through activities such as logging, agriculture, and building cities.
6. The Amazon Rainforest is described as the "Lungs of our Planet" because it plays a very important role in absorbing carbon dioxide and producing oxygen, which supports life on Earth.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                       |                            |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> kept     | 4. <b>d)</b> stop          |
| 2. <b>b)</b> -er      | 5. <b>b)</b> correct       |
| 3. <b>c)</b> terrible | 6. <b>d)</b> Deforestation |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                     |            |
|---------------------|------------|
| 1. hadn't published | 4. to buy  |
| 2. told             | 5. playing |
| 3. wasn't/weren't   |            |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of your trip to the observatory"**

Last week, I visited the local observatory with my family. It was an exciting and educational experience. We arrived in the evening. The sky was filled with stars. The people at the observatory were friendly, explaining different things to us. We had the opportunity to look through telescopes and see planets and stars. I was amazed by the beauty of the universe. This trip to the observatory raised my interest in astronomy and left me with greater respect for the wonders of our universe. I would highly recommend a visit to the observatory for anyone interested in learning more about the universe we live in.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. What was the book about?
2. What is seagrass?
3. Yes, they are very useful for the environment.
4. They help to absorb carbon dioxide.
5. Yes, of course.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |            |             |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. watch   | 3. receiver |
| 2. matches | 4. signal   |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** Sharm El Luli Beach
2. **a)** middle
3. **d)** water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. More than 14 million tourists visit Egypt every year.
5. Sharm El Luli Beach is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places because of its pure and clear blue waters, clean beaches, and amazing sea life.
6. I recommend for tourists who visit Egypt: the Pyramids of Giza, the Sphinx, the Valley of the Kings, the temples of Luxor and Karnak, and the city of Alexandria.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                     |                         |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> loom   | 4. <b>c)</b> continent  |
| 2. <b>b)</b> damage | 5. <b>b)</b> join       |
| 3. <b>d)</b> -ment  | 6. <b>c)</b> solar farm |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. be            | 4. Did you use to |
| 2. Have you been | 5. was written    |
| 3. went          |                   |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A review of a natural wonder in Egypt"**

Egypt has a lot of attractive natural places like the desert, green lands, and natural pools. Al Nayzak Beach is an amazing natural wonder. It's an amazing place. It is called the Shooting Star by the locals, with a total area of over 5,000 metres. Al-Nayzak Lake is famous for its clean water. The lake attracts hundreds of tourists from all over the world, where they are able to dive and swim because of its safe, clean water. Gebel Elba, which is surrounded only by green fields, is one of Egypt's most wonderful places. The Gebel Elba National Park is in the south-east of the country. I highly recommend visiting it.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. What can we do about it?
2. Why should we recycle them?
3. It helps reduce waste and saves our planet.
4. I recycle paper, plastic, glass, and metal items.
5. Of course, I can.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| 1. attractive | 3. species |
| 2. distance   | 4. was set |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** the importance of recycling
2. **a)** better
3. **c)** initiatives

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Recycling turns waste materials into useful ones, reducing pollution and conserving resources. Industries should use recyclable materials, and governments should create initiatives to recycle waste.
5. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to pollution.
6. Young people can help reduce pollution by practicing recycling, spreading awareness, and participating in community clean-up events.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                        |                       |
|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> Slow down | 4. <b>b)</b> Marathon |
| 2. <b>c)</b> angry     | 5. <b>a)</b> -ion     |
| 3. <b>d)</b> Qualified | 6. <b>b)</b> species  |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                         |              |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| 1. given                | 4. won't go  |
| 2. have already started | 5. are built |
| 3. was visiting         |              |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A short story you read"**

I like reading stories. I recently read a short story called "The Necklace" by Guy de Maupassant. The story is about a woman named Mathilde who dreams of living a luxurious life. She borrows a beautiful necklace from a friend to go to a fancy party, but she loses it during the night. Mathilde and her husband spend years working hard to replace the necklace, only to find out later that the original necklace was not real. The story teaches us important lessons about the value of honesty and the dangers of greed. In the end, Mathilde's desire for a luxurious life caused her to suffer more than she ever imagined.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. Why did Mohammed Salah win an award?
2. That's interesting.
3. Yes, of course.
4. What is Mohammed Salah like?/ What do you think of Mohamed Salah?
5. No, I don't.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. habitats | 3. cut     |
| 2. planet   | 4. cutting |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **c)** solar energy
2. **a)** more
3. **d)** panels

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Solar energy is a clean and renewable source of energy.
5. The most important advantage of solar energy is that it is clean, renewable, and sustainable, without producing harmful pollution or greenhouse gases.
6. Wind energy.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                         |                       |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. <b>b)</b> Internship | 4. <b>b)</b> benefit  |
| 2. <b>a)</b> -er        | 5. <b>b)</b> invited  |
| 3. <b>d)</b> prevent    | 6. <b>c)</b> confused |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 1. must/has to        | 4. didn't use to |
| 2. won't be           | 5. were invited  |
| 3. have been cleaning |                  |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"A biography of a famous person in the media"**

Safia el Mohandes was the first female voice on the radio. She was born in 1922 in Cairo. Her father was a famous linguist. He encouraged her to read Arabic books. Safia also studied English literature at the university and graduated from the Faculty of Arts in 1947. In 1947, Safia joined the Egyptian radio, and she was the first female radio presenter. She presented programmes for women and for children. Her most famous programme 'Housewives' presented news, educational advice and drama for the whole Egyptian family. She was very kind and helpful to all the radio broadcasters. She helped everyone, and so she was called 'the mother of all broadcasters'.



**1 Finish the following dialogue:**

1. I went to visit the mangrove forest.
2. It's beautiful.
3. Why is a mangrove forest important?
4. Should we plant more mangrove trees?
5. I think it's a great idea as it helps protect our environment.

**2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

- |             |                 |
|-------------|-----------------|
| 1. dreamed  | 3. train        |
| 2. has been | 4. disabilities |

**3 Read the following, then answer the questions:****A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. **a)** how important the satellites are
2. **d)** all of the above
3. **d)** satellite phones

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Satellites are part of our everyday lives because they help us in different ways, such as communication, farming, business, and weather prediction.
5. Satellites make calling a friend easier by providing a signal even when there are no local telephone signals.
6. The advantages of satellites include improved communication, assistance in farming, support for businesses, and accurate weather prediction.

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- |                    |                     |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1. <b>a)</b> Power | 4. <b>c)</b> dark   |
| 2. <b>a)</b> avoid | 5. <b>a)</b> drones |
| 3. <b>a)</b> far   | 6. <b>c)</b> im-    |

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

- |                      |             |
|----------------------|-------------|
| 1. would travel      | 4. that     |
| 2. Have they arrived | 5. watching |
| 3. is cleaned        |             |

**6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:****"Your visit to a habitat"**

Life in deserts is hard because there's not much food or water. However, plants, animals and people found a way to live there. There are not many animals in the desert, but some animals are able to live in that habitat. Examples of animals that live in hot deserts are lizards, snakes, and camels. Small animals such as lizards live underground to avoid heat. They only come out at night to look for food. Like desert plants, desert animals can live on little water. Most of the water used by these animals comes from seeds that hold and keep water. Camels can live in hot deserts by storing water in their bodies.



1

Cairo Governorate



## Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Two friends are talking about planting trees.

Amr : What shall we do this summer?

Yasser : (1).....

Amr : Good, planting trees is a good idea.

Yasser : (2).....?

Amr : My brother will help us and we can ask some friends, too.

Yasser : (3)....., they will be happy to do so.

Amr : Where can we start?

Yasser : (4).....

Amr : (5).....?

Yasser : We will start after our exams.



## Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

fur – who – famous – safe – which – short

4

A mongoose has a long body, with (1)..... legs and a long tail. Their bodies are covered by thick (2)..... . Mongooses can see and hear very well, (3)..... helps them to find food and avoid danger. Mongooses are (4)..... for fighting snakes. They are able to kill snakes by biting them.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Over 65 years ago, the world's first computer was born. Scientists called it "The Baby", but it was huge. It filled a full room! Three people made the computer and programmed maths problems for it. On June 19, 1948, the computer solved its first maths problem - in 52 minutes! At that time, this was amazing.



Computers are now much smaller. With touch-screen technology, many computers don't need extra things, like a keyboard or a mouse. In the future, computers probably won't need these things at all. Some computers, like the smartphone, can fit in one hand. Computers are also more powerful today.

How else will computers change in the future? A computer's brain is a chip inside the computer. So, computers will be smaller and even more powerful. Perhaps they'll even think like humans! Maybe we won't need to tell computers what to do because they'll decide for themselves!

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The first computer filled a ..... .  
 a) palace                      b) hand                      c) room                      d) building
2. The Baby computer found the answer to ..... maths problem(s) in 52 minutes.  
 a) one                      b) two                      c) three                      d) four
3. Today, many computers don't have ..... .  
 a) keyboard                      b) mouse                      c) touch screen                      d) chips

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What does the underlined pronoun "these" refer to?  
 .....
5. Why do you think we may not need to tell computers what to do?  
 .....
6. What is the main idea of the passage?  
 .....

## C Vocabulary and Structure

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. We should protect our planet. "Protect" is similar in meaning to ..... .  
 a) increase                      b) damage                      c) collect from                      d) keep safe
2. Many ancient ..... are found in the Fayum Depression. These are bones of animals.  
 a) carriages                      b) fossils                      c) owners                      d) ingredients
3. People in Egypt plant mangrove seedlings along the Red Sea ..... .  
 a) rocks                      b) cost                      c) coast                      d) ponds



- 4.** The ..... is a large natural area of land which is mostly green.  
a) shape                  b) grassland                  c) desert                  d) coastal
- 5.** We can add the **prefix** "....." to the word "**scope**" to mean an instrument that makes distant things nearer.  
a) fore-                  b) inter-                  c) pre-                  d) tele-
- 6.** A/An ..... is the person who has seen an accident or a crime and can tell the police about it.  
a) witness                  b) sailor                  c) tailor                  d) designer

1. We need ..... (using) cleaner renewable energy.
2. If we lived in Hurghada, we ..... (go) to the beach.
3. They ..... (study) English for three hours now.
4. The housewife ..... (say) the thief had stolen the house the previous night.
5. No one ..... (see) a photo of the far side of the moon before astronauts landed on it.

## D Writing

## "Keeping our air clean"

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

30

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Faten and Huda are talking about their last mid-year holiday.**

**Faten :** Good morning, Huda.

**Huda :** Good morning, Faten. Where did you go last mid-year holiday?

**Faten :** (1).....

**Huda :** Alexandria! Which places did you visit there?

**Faten :** (2).....

**Huda :** (3).....?

**Faten :** I went with my family.

**Huda :** (4).....?

**Faten :** Of course, you can come with us next holiday.

**Huda :** (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

years – cats – has – tourists – have – hotel

4

A new water park opened in Sharm El-Sheikh. It is the biggest park in Egypt. It (1)..... many restaurants and the owner is going to build a new (2)..... next year. He said that it had taken over three (3)..... to be built. Many Egyptians and (4)..... visit it.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

There are some beautiful natural wonders in Egypt, such as the White Desert, the National Park and Al-Nayzak Lake. There are also some wonderful man-made wonders, such as the Great Pyramid and the Citadel of Qaitbay in Alexandria.

Egypt also has some wonders that aren't visited by many tourists like Gabel Elba. This is because it is difficult to reach. Another wonder that is difficult to reach



is the Lost City because it is now under the Mediterranean Sea near Alexandria. When the Lost City was discovered, Frank Goddio saw lots of very old statues, temples and monuments there.

Another wonder is the Great Sand Sea in the south of Egypt. This is a part of the Western Desert where you can find lots of big sand dunes. Some unusual glass is also found in the Great Sand Sea. Egypt's natural and man-made wonders are among the most beautiful wonders in the world.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the text is .....
  - a) the Egyptian seas
  - b) the Egyptian monuments
  - c) the Egyptian wonders
  - d) the Egyptian people
2. The Great Pyramid is a ..... wonder.
  - a) man-made
  - b) modern
  - c) natural
  - d) new
3. Some unusual glass is found in .....
  - a) the Great Pyramid
  - b) the Great Sand Sea
  - c) the Nayzak Lake
  - d) the Citadel

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to?
- .....
5. Summarise the wonders which are mentioned in the text. (At least 4 wonders)
- .....
6. Have you visited any of these wonders before?
- .....

## Vocabulary and Structure

**4** Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. Trees absorb ..... dioxide from the air.  
a) liquid                      b) carbon                      c) gas                      d) oxygen
2. We add the prefix "....." to the word "national" to give the opposite.  
a) pre-                      b) un-                      c) dis-                      d) inter-



3. .... is the sound produced by a person when he speaks.  
a) Voice                      b) Playing                      c) Running                      d) Vibration
4. My teacher told me not to be late again. He gave me a ..... .  
a) promise                      b) warning                      c) witness                      d) present
5. A/An ..... is a person who travels into space.  
a) doctor                      b) player                      c) astronaut                      d) nurse
6. The Iron Woman was enormous. The word "enormous" means very ..... .  
a) small                      b) ugly                      c) tiny                      d) big

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. If we had more money, we ..... (can) buy a new mobile.
2. We should keep ..... (build) new schools.
3. The Kharga Oasis ..... (visit) by many tourists every year.
4. Mona said she ..... (be) tired that day.
5. Rami had tidied his room before he (start) ..... studying.

## Writing

- 6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

**"A review about your new smartphone"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Essam and Adel are talking about next summer holiday.**

**Essam :** Hello, Adel. Where will you go next summer holiday?

**Adel :** (1).....

**Essam :** Sharm El-Sheikh! (2).....?

**Adel :** I will go with my friend Asser.

**Essam :** (3).....?

**Adel :** No, we will stay in a hotel.

**Essam :** How will you go?

**Adel :** (4).....

**Essam :** How long will you stay?

**Adel :** (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

if – full – wealth – unless – fill – valuable

4

Health is better than (1)..... . One cannot exchange health for all the money in the world because health is the most (2)..... gift from Allah. A sick person lives a bad life (3)..... of pain, weakness and suffering. He feels that he is a real trouble to his family. He loses the nice taste of food. You can't enjoy good health (4)..... you practise suitable exercises.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Have you ever imagined life without cell phones? People who are fifty or more will find this question surprising as they used to live without mobile phones. Younger generations, on the other hand, think that they cannot live without mobile phones.



50 years ago, if someone had said that people would be walking around with small wireless telephones in their hands, we would have called him or her mad. However, almost everyone now has at least one of them.

People everywhere are walking around talking on their mobile phones. The phones are even being used for more than just communication. People use them for many different purposes. Mobile phones are used to play games, watch films, listen to music, pay money online and find information. They have become a very important part of our lives.

Mobile phones have not only made our lives more comfortable but they have changed the way we live. Before we had mobile phones, it was hard to reach a friend that was away from home. But thanks to these small devices, people can now get in touch with anyone at any place and at any time. To conclude, they have made us reachable wherever we are and whenever anyone likes.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. Thanks to mobile phones, .....  
a) we cannot find information                      b) our lives are shorter  
c) it is harder to reach a friend                      d) our lives are easier
2. About fifty years ago, we .....  
a) did not have mobile phones                      b) had mobile phones  
c) used mobile phones                      d) were mad
3. The underlined word "them" refers to .....  
a) younger generations                      b) mad people  
c) wireless telephones                      d) old people

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What is the best title for this passage?

.....

5. How was life before we had mobile phones?

.....

6. What are mobile phones used for?

.....



## C Vocabulary and Structure

### 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

3

1. "....." is the synonym of the word "strange".  
a) Familiar                      b) Usual                      c) Similar                      d) Unusual
2. .... is cutting down all the trees in an area.  
a) Air pollution                      b) Deforestation                      c) Weaving                      d) Farming
3. We add the prefix "....." to get the opposite of the word "expensive".  
a) dis-                      b) ab-                      c) in-                      d) im-
4. A ..... is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.  
a) telescope                      b) satellite                      c) sensor                      d) map
5. The planets go around the sun. The word "go around" means ..... the sun.  
a) receive                      b) orbit                      c) remove                      d) cross
6. The fossils were preserved well for further study. This means they were .....  
a) kept                      b) discovered                      c) sold                      d) chosen

### 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

5

1. He ..... (does) his homework by the time he slept.
2. Fatma said that she ..... (is) tired the day before.
3. If I were a millionaire, I ..... (help) the poor.
4. English language ..... (speak) all over the world.
5. Students should avoid ..... (make) noise in the class.

## D Writing

### 6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

7

**"Modern life in the future" Write about transport, food and learning."**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Shady is talking with his friend Nader about a trip to Luxor.

**Shady :** You seem busy, Nader.

**Nader :** Yes, I'm very busy. (1).....

**Shady :** What list are you making?

**Nader :** The things we need for our trip.

**Shady :** (2).....?

**Nader :** To Luxor. (3).....

**Shady :** I don't think three days is enough to visit all the tourist places there.

(4).....

**Nader :** But we can't get the money for a complete month.

**Shady :** OK. I'd like to come with you. (5).....?

**Nader :** Two thousand pounds.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

people – cleaner – protection – energy – batteries – protect

The environment needs our help. We can do a lot of things to (1)..... the environment. We can build solar farms to create green (2)..... . At home, we may use rechargeable (3)..... . There are projects to plant trees to give us (4)..... air. It is very helpful to use air conditioning less often.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

For 99% of people's history, they took their food from the world around them. They ate all that they could find, and then they moved on to another place. For 1.0% of their history, people learned to farm the land and control their environment. People living in different places eat different kinds of food. For example, people in China eat a lot of rice and noodles. People in Japan and Taiwan eat a lot of fish and other seafood. People living away from the sea don't eat so much fish. They eat more meat and chicken.



At present, it is possible to transport food from one part of the world to another. Our bananas come from Central America or Africa. Our rice comes from Thailand. We can eat what we like, when we like, at any time of the year. Food has become very big business.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is about .....  
 a) animals                      b) prices                      c) food                      d) cooking
2. For ..... of their history, people didn't farm the land.  
 a) 99%                      b) 1.0%                      c) no time                      d) all the time
3. People in China and people in Japan eat ..... kinds of food.  
 a) the same                      b) different                      c) cheaper                      d) fewer

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What do people who live away from the sea usually eat?  
 .....
5. Where do our bananas come from?  
 .....
6. Why can we now eat any kind of food at any time of the year?  
 .....

## C Vocabulary and Structure

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. "....." are warm, wet areas of land where many kinds of plants, animals, and birds can grow and live.  
 a) Deserts                      b) Rivers  
 c) Rainforests                      d) Lakes
2. "....." is a person who travels to space.  
 a) An astronaut                      b) A researcher  
 c) An assistant                      d) A driver
3. I thought I lost my new calculator, but I ..... it in my book bag.  
 a) found                      b) wrote                      c) gave                      d) sent



4. Positive people do not look ..... happy.  
a) dis-                      b) im-                      c) mis-                      d) un-
5. The Earth orbits the sun. "Orbits" here is near in meaning to .....  
a) moves around                      b) turns into  
c) switches on                      d) sits down
6. In our school, it is normal to do activities that help our local community.  
"Normal" here is like .....  
a) difficult                      b) usual                      c) remote                      d) dark

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. The national park ..... (visit) by many people every year.
2. If it ..... (rain) heavily, we will use umbrellas.
3. You should keep ..... (work) hard to get your goals.
4. In the past, people ..... (use to) send letters, now they send emails.
5. For three years, I ..... (learn) the French Language.

## D Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

**"A review about a film you watched"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Rana and Sama are talking about a story.

Rana : What are you busy doing?

Sama : (1).....

Rana : (2).....?

Sama : It is about a rabbit telling the story of his life.

Rana : (3).....?

Sama : No, animals can't talk but this is only a story.

Rana : Did that rabbit live alone?

Sama : (4).....

Rana : This means he has a family. Did the story end happily for the rabbit?

Sama : (5).....

Rana : I think it is an exciting story.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

safe – weather – change – finds – sea – found

4

Seagrass is very important. It is (1)..... in the sea along the coast of many countries. A lot of (2)..... animals feed on it. Baby fish live in seagrass because it is a (3)..... place. Seagrass absorbs carbon dioxide 35 times faster than rainforests. That is why it can help stop climate (4).....

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Basim and his friend, Ahmed spend a long time using their smartphones. They always want to try new apps. One day, they got a message from a stranger. He asked them about some personal information saying that it was important for a new app. He said it was a wonderful one, and that they could get that app for free. They thought it was not dangerous to do so. After that, they discovered that he could get all the information on their phones. Then, to their surprise, the stranger







4. The moon ..... the earth once every 27 days.  
a) cycles                      b) arms                      c) orbits                      d) dives
5. After the rain, the streets were wet. The antonym of the word "wet" is .....  
a) dry                      b) rainy                      c) warm                      d) muddy
6. Water comes from the roof to the ground floor through a .....  
a) wire                      b) pipe                      c) line                      d) pile

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. This book ..... (write) years ago by a famous writer.
2. My brother asks me to stop ..... (run) on the grass.
3. If he studied well, he ..... (get) better marks.
4. He ..... (publish) his book until he had printed it.
5. They said that their team ..... (win) the match the day before.

## **D** Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

**"A review on how life will be like in the future"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Malak has been sick and Salma is talking to her on the phone.**

**Salma :** Hi, Malak. You haven't been to school for a week.

**Malak :** (1)..... . I had the flu.

**Salma :** (2).....?

**Malak :** Yes, I feel much better now.

**Salma :** (3).....?

**Malak :** I am going back to school next Sunday.

**Salma :** (4)..... . We all missed you.

**Malak :** Did I miss a lot of school work?

**Salma :** Yes, we had homework every day and we have a test on Monday.

**Malak :** Oh, no. That makes me worry.

**Salma :** (5)..... . I will help you, my friend.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**change – made – gases – droughts – make – energy**

Our planet is hotter and our weather is changing. There are more floods, (1)..... and forest fires than any time in history. One of the reasons for that is climate (2)..... which is caused by greenhouse (3)..... such as carbon dioxide. These are (4)..... when we burn fossil fuels.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Happiness is something which we feel when we are full of joy. On a cloudy day, the clouds hide the sun, but the sun is always there. Happiness is like the sun, it is often hidden by the clouds of worries. We have to forget them to feel happy. It is close to us but hidden and covered from sight, by our worries like a treasure at the bottom of a muddy lake. It is always there whether you see it or not. You don't have to create happiness. All you have to do is calm down your mind because when



there are a quiet mind and inner peace, there is happiness. Happiness makes us positive. All of us try to get happiness all the time. When a person does something really good, he feels happy. If we hurt others, we become unhappy in the end. A happy mood gives us the energy to do our best but an unhappy mood takes away the energy. Happiness is **related** to the world in which we live. If we live in a bad world most of the time, we remain unhappy. One alone cannot be happy if others are unhappy. It comes from our own actions. Happiness doesn't come from others. Living the present is happiness.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. What is a good title for the passage?
 

a) Sadness.	b) Happiness.
c) Happiness in the family.	d) Happiness at work.
2. In line 3 the pronoun "them" refers to .....
 

a) feelings	b) others	c) worries	d) actions
-------------	-----------	------------	------------
3. What could the word "relate" mean in this reading?
 

a) Linked.	b) Unconnected.
c) Single.	d) Remote.

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Why has happiness been compared to the sun?

.....

5. What should we do to feel happy?

.....

6. How is happiness related to the world in which we live?

.....

## C Vocabulary and Structure

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. The ability to do something well is a .....
 

a) lifestyle	b) research	c) skill	d) race
--------------	-------------	----------	---------
2. A/An ..... is a machine that makes the air in a room stay cool or warm.
 

a) air conditioning	b) computer	c) kettle	d) battery
---------------------	-------------	-----------	------------
3. The Earth orbits the sun. The verb "orbits" means .....
 

a) destroys	b) discovers	c) studies	d) moves around
-------------	--------------	------------	-----------------



- 4.** The word “.....” gives the opposite meaning of “tiny”.  
 a) small                  b) huge                  c) lesser                  d) little
- 5.** To get the adjective from the word “hero”, we add the suffix “.....”.  
 a) -ment                  b) -ly                  c) -ic                  d) -ful
- 6.** She has been working at a school for free for more than 8 years. She is ..... .  
 a) an employee        b) a volunteer        c) a boss              d) a manager

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. If we ..... (have) more time, we would visit our teacher.
2. She didn't go to bed until she ..... (finish) her homework.
3. We need ..... (use) renewable energy.
4. Fewer magazines are ..... (sell) today because of the internet.
5. A witness ..... (said) the police that the building was on fire.



## Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:



## “Things you can do to help save the Earth”

1



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed and Hani are talking about doing a school project.**

**Hani** : Hello, Ahmed. What are you doing?

**Ahmed** : Hello, Hani. (1).....

**Hani** : (2).....?

**Ahmed** : It's about the bamboo.

**Hani** : (3).....?

**Ahmed** : Because my teacher asked me to do this project.

**Hani** : What do you think of this plant?

**Ahmed** : (4).....

**Hani** : I agree with you. It's a very useful plant. Do you need any help?

**Ahmed** : (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

burn – cycle – wind – rubbish – environment – burning

4

It is important to save our (1)..... and keep it clean. We must recycle more paper so that we can avoid cutting down our forests. We can also stop putting (2)..... in landfill sites. When we keep (3)..... fossil fuels, climate change will get worse. We need to use cleaner renewable energy such as solar energy and (4)..... power.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Reem is a student at a prep school. Her mother owns a bookshop. The shop is near their house. Sometimes, Reem goes to the shop to help her mum. There are a lot of different books at the shop. Reem likes stories the best. The shop is usually calm during the week but it gets very busy on Fridays. A lot of people go to the shop on that day to buy books for themselves and for their children. Reem often sits with the children and reads them some stories. The children enjoy the stories a lot and they usually buy them.







4. A/An ..... is a person who reads the news on the radio or TV.  
a) designer                  b) journalist                  c) editor                  d) newsreader
5. I was ..... when my little baby brother made so much noise.  
a) cross                  b) across                  c) happy                  d) calm
6. A ..... is a small container of ink for use in a printer.  
a) cup                  b) carriage                  c) glass                  d) cartridge

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. I ..... (visit) this restaurant three times this week. I like it.
2. If he came to the club, I ..... (play) with him.
3. Omar ..... (told) he would come late that day.
4. Adam came first in the race because he ..... (train) well.
5. My little brother ..... (take) to hospital yesterday.

## D Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

### "A review about satellites technology"

This image shows a full page of primary-ruled paper. It features multiple sets of horizontal lines designed to guide young learners' handwriting. Each set consists of three lines: a solid top line, a dashed middle line, and a dotted bottom line. These sets are repeated vertically across the entire page, providing ample space for practicing letter formation and alignment. The paper is otherwise blank, with no text or other markings.



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Atef is talking to a tourist about his visit to Egypt.**

**Atef** : Hello, is it your first visit to Egypt?

**Tourist** : (1)..... I came here with my wife before.

**Atef** : (2).....?

**Tourist** : I come from Ireland.

**Atef** : (3).....?

**Tourist** : I will stay in Egypt for two weeks.

**Atef** : What cities are you going to visit?

**Tourist** : (4).....

**Atef** : Sure, Aswan and Luxor are interesting places to visit. I wish you an enjoyable visit.

**Tourist** : (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

4

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

plane – calls – for – astronauts – since – spacecraft

The international space station is a huge (1)..... 70 km above the Earth. It is a place where (2)..... live and work when they go into space. Most astronauts stay on the space station (3)..... about six months. They can send emails or make phone (4)..... to the Earth.

6

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Damietta is famous for its great thinkers, writers and poets. One of them is Farouk Shousha who is a well-known poet and a famous radio presenter. He was born in Damietta in 1936. At his early age, he used to go to the local library and was able to read a lot of books in the Arabic language. In 1956, he graduated from the Faculty of Dar Al-Ulum in Cairo University.



Farouk Shousha always liked poetry and Arabic literature. He worked as a radio and a TV presenter. He presented many famous programmes which most people liked so much like "Our Beautiful Language" and "Cultural Evening" which both lasted for about 15 years without stopping.

In his programmes, he talked about the beauty of the Arabic language and showed its rich literature. For this reason, he was called "the guardian of the Arabic language". Shousha won the Nile Prize for Literature in 2016. We all still remember his great works even after his death.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- The main idea of the passage is about .....
  - New Damietta
  - Cultural Evening
  - Farouk Shousha
  - our beautiful language
- The underlined word "its" in the third paragraph refers to .....
  - the Arabic language
  - the English language
  - TV programmes
  - radio programmes
- Farouk won the Nile Prize for Literature in .....
  - 1936
  - 1956
  - 2016
  - 2000

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Name a famous programme that Farouk Shousha presented.  
.....
5. Summarise the last paragraph in the text in one sentence.  
.....
6. Where do you think Farouk could read many books in the Arabic language when he was young?  
.....

## Vocabulary and Structure

**4** Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. .... is a force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.  
a) Space                      b) Telescope                      c) Gravity                      d) The sun
2. A ..... is a person who reads the news on the radio or television.  
a) designer                      b) newsreader                      c) photographer                      d) journalist







## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ebrahim** is at the library to borrow a book.

**Ebrahim** : Good morning, sir.

**Librarian** : Good morning. (1).....?

**Ebrahim** : I'd like to borrow a book.

**Librarian** : OK. (2).....?

**Ebrahim** : I enjoy reading books about nature.

**Librarian** : (3)..... . Have you got a borrowing card?

**Ebrahim** : (4)..... . How can I get one?

**Librarian** : Just give me a recent personal photo of you.

**Ebrahim** : (5)..... .

**Librarian** : You are most welcome at any time.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**will – feet – would – prepare – change – charge**

4

Teachers play an important role in building up an educated nation. They (1)..... their students for the future. They can (2)..... their life. They enable their students to stand on their (3)..... . If there were not teachers, there (4)..... not be any doctors, engineers, scientists, etc. We must respect our teachers.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

There was once a poor boy who spent his days going from door to door selling newspapers to pay for school. One day, the poor boy was so hungry, so he decided to ask for food when he came to the next door.

The poor boy reached the door of a girl. He asked for a glass of water, but seeing his poor state, the girl came back with a glass of milk. The boy wanted to pay for the milk, but the girl refused to take any money.











## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Adel wants to buy a suit.

Shop assistant: Can I help you?

Adel : (1).....

Shop assistant: I've got different styles of suits. (2).....?

Adel : I'd like the blue one.

Shop assistant: It's the colour you like and it's fashionable.

Adel : Yes, blue is nice and it is fashionable, too. (3).....?

Shop assistant: Two thousand pounds. It's imported from France.

Adel : Oh! (4)..... I'd like one made in Egypt, please.

Shop assistant: (5)..... It's only nine hundred pounds. It's cheap, isn't it?

Adel : Yes, it is and of good quality as well.

## B Reading Comprehension

4

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

turn – life – carefully – turns – safe – save

Children need to know how and when to use water (1)..... Parents and teachers have to teach their children that water means our (2)..... It can help us (3)..... the desert into green land to grow more crops. Nowadays, the modern ways of watering plants (4)..... much water and improve the crop growth.

6

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Online learning is another option for the traditional way of studies. Students can easily download applications and attend online classes, but classroom learning is as important as before. Nowadays, many universities and schools are moving towards online learning. They share their materials and subjects online. Many universities served their studies online for free and some of them offered some online scholarships.







4. The word «expensive» can be the opposite by adding the prefix ".....".  
a) sur-                      b) in-                      c) ab-                      d) dis-
5. I'm still ..... . Could you say that another way?  
a) happy                      b) tall                      c) confused                      d) coastal
6. There are many green ..... across the world which are helping to protect the environment.  
a) air conditionings      b) initiatives                      c) bamboo                      d) energy

## Writing

- 6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ali is at a café. He is asking for some coffee.**

**Waiter :** Excuse me. Are you ready to order, sir?

**Ali :** Yes, please. I'd like some coffee.

**Waiter :** (1).....?

**Ali :** I'd like it black, please.

**Waiter :** (2).....?

**Ali :** Yes, I'd like a little piece of chocolate.

**Waiter :** Anything else, sir?

**Ali :** (3).....

**Waiter :** A newspaper? Sorry. (4).....

**Ali :** (5)..... I'll check the news on the internet.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

teach – free – get – click – do – teaches

4

Some people like doing voluntary work. This work is for (1)..... as they don't (2)..... any money for it. It is really a great feeling to (3)..... such work. We should (4)..... our children the importance of voluntary work.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Ismailia is a city in the north-east of Egypt. It's known in Egypt as "the City of Beauty and Enchantment". Ismailia is on the west bank of the Suez canal. It is the capital of the Ismailia Governorate. The city has a good weather. It has a population of 1,402,132 as of 2021. It is halfway between Port Said to the north and Suez to the south. It was founded in 1863 by Khedive Ismail, so it is named after him. The head office of the Suez Canal is in Ismailia at the shore of Lake

6



Timsah. It has a large number of buildings. Ismailia has several public and private schools. Ismailia is the home of Suez Canal University, built in 1967 with the help of the Chinese Government to serve the region of Suze Canal and Sinai. Ismailia owns a successful football club the Ismaily SC. The team has won the Egyptian League three times (1967, 1991, 2002), the Egyptian Cup twice (1997, 2000), and the African Champions League once (1969) as the first Egyptian Arab club team to win this league.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The passage is talking about ..... .  
 a) Giza                      b) Alexandria                      c) Cairo                      d) Ismailia
2. Ismailia is ..... Port Said and Suez.  
 a) behind                      b) opposite                      c) between                      d) next to
3. Ismaily SC has won the Egyptian League ..... .  
 a) 4 times                      b) 3 times                      c) 5 times                      d) 7 times

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What does the underlined pronoun "it" refer to?

.....

5. Why was the Suez Canal University built?

.....

6. Why do you think people visit Ismailia?

.....

## C Vocabulary and Structure

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. .... is the thick hair that covers the body of an animal.  
 a) Feather                      b) Fur                      c) Skin                      d) Leather
2. The ..... is a force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.  
 a) gravity                      b) space                      c) satellite                      d) jet
3. My parents don't allow me to watch TV late. The synonym of the word "allow" is ..... .  
 a) find                      b) protect                      c) prevent                      d) let







## A Language Functions



### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ayman** is talking to his friend **Ramy** about "Gebel Elba".

**Ayman** : Today, I have read an interesting article.

**Ramy** : What is it about?

**Ayman** : (1).....

**Ramy** : (2).....?

**Ayman** : It takes its name from the mountain in the middle of it.

**Ramy** : Can you give me some more information about it?

**Ayman** : (3)..... . It's a national park surrounded by grassland.

**Ramy** : Is it visited by many people every year?

**Ayman** : (4).....

**Ramy** : (5).....?

**Ayman** : Because it isn't easy to reach. Its location is remote.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**satellites – did – important – done – rivers – unimportant**

Scientists had (1)..... lots of research before the first person walked on the moon in 1969. One of the most (2)..... scientists is Farouk El-Baz. He helped a lot in this field. After studying the moon, Farouk El-Baz started studying deserts on the Earth. He used (3)..... to find (4)..... that were under the sand and this work has helped Egypt and other countries to find new water.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

From ancient times men have wanted to fly and many attempts were made before suitable methods were discovered. Nowadays, air travel has become an important part of our life. It is the fastest and most efficient way to travel long distances. Planes are the fastest means of transport as there are fewer accidents



when people travel by plane than by other means of transport. Also, they use less fuel than other methods of transport such as cars or trains. This means that you can travel the same distance with an airplane using, only third of the fuel that you would use in a car.

Planes can take you anywhere in the world while you can't travel by train from Africa to America, as it's a very long distance. In addition, air travel is comfortable as you can enjoy a meal, watch a film or read a book on the plane. That's why thousands of people around the world choose air travel over other means of transport. However, air travel is expensive as you have to pay a lot of money for the ticket. But remember, this money is for the services offered.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The underlined word "It" refers to .....  
a) people                      b) transport                      c) travelling                      d) air travel
2. Being ..... is one of the disadvantages of air travel.  
a) expensive                      b) quick                      c) safe                      d) comfortable
3. The underlined phrase "choose air travel over" means .....  
a) dislike                      b) hate                      c) prefer                      d) need

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What are the advantages of air travel?  
.....
5. What can we do while travelling on a plane?  
.....
6. Why do you think you can't travel by train from Africa to America?  
.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is an instrument used to make distant objects appear nearer.  
a) thermometer                      b) telescope                      c) mirror                      d) microscope
2. In the past, we used traditional ways of farming. The antonym of "traditional" is .....  
a) modern                      b) old                      c) expensive                      d) far



3. We can make an adjective from the word "coast" by adding the suffix ".....".  
a) -ment                      b) -al                      c) -er                      d) -ly
4. Something which is sustainable is ..... .  
a) electric                      b) temporary                      c) renewable                      d) modern
5. It's an easy lesson, I'll explain it to you. "Easy" is the synonym of ".....".  
a) complicated                      b) complex                      c) cheap                      d) simple
6. We add the prefix "....." to the verb "write" to mean write something again.  
a) re-                      b) im-                      c) ir-                      d) il-

- a) -ment      b) -al      c) -er      d) -ly

4. Something which is sustainable is .....

- a) electric      b) temporary      c) renewable      d) modern

5. It's an easy lesson, I'll explain it to you. "Easy" is the synonym of ".....".

- a) complicated    b) complex    c) cheap    d) simple

6. We add the prefix "....." to the verb "write" to mean write something again.

- a) re-      b) im-      c) ir-      d) il-

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. What ..... (would) you do if you don't understand the homework?

2. Do you enjoy ..... (play) the piano?

3. The witness ..... (told) that the building was on fire.

4. My grandparents ..... (use) to live on a farm.

5. My brother didn't go to the club until he ..... (finish) his work.

## D Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

## “How to protect our planet from the danger of climate change”

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Marwa and Mrs Aya are at the library.**

**Marwa** : Can you give me some advice?

**Mrs Aya** : Sure. (1).....?

**Marwa** : (2).....

**Mrs Aya** : You can make a timetable to help you study well.

**Marwa** : I'm still confused. (3).....?

**Mrs Aya** : I mean you should manage your time.

**Marwa** : (4).....

**Mrs Aya** : What type of books do you like reading?

**Marwa** : (5).....

**Mrs Aya** : Adventure stories! I recommend Alice Adventures in Wonderland to you.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**carbon – made – plant – care – planet – makes**

Life is not possible without plants. Plants are the beauty of our (1)..... . They are useful gifts of nature. When a plant grows, it (2)..... the area around it cleaner and beautiful. Plants produce oxygen and absorb (3)..... dioxide. It is a fact that people who live near plants are healthier and happier. We should take (4)..... of plants.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Health is better than wealth. One cannot exchange health for all the money in the world because health is the most valuable thing from Allah.

A sick person lives a bad life full of pain, weakness and suffering. He feels that he is a real trouble to his family. He loses the nice taste of food.

You can enjoy good health if you practise suitable exercises, learn some interesting hobbies, get enough sleep and eat healthy food. So, one shouldn't



eat more than eighty grams of fat a day. We mustn't eat much ice cream because ice cream has got a lot of fat and much sugar. Fresh vegetables and fruit are very good for your health.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. We need ..... grams of fat a day.  
a) 180                      b) 18                      c) 80                      d) 800
2. The main idea of the text is about .....  
a) wealth                      b) health  
c) pain                      d) hobbies
3. To enjoy good health, one should have .....  
a) much ice cream                      b) much sugar  
c) much fat                      d) enough vegetables and fruit

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Show from the text that health is more important than wealth.

.....

5. What other good foods do you think we should eat?

.....

6. Summarise the last paragraph of the text in one sentence.

.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

3

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. You're not allowed to talk during the exam. This means they ..... you from talking.  
a) prevent                      b) permit                      c) let                      d) advise
2. Places on the map seem to be near, but they are really remote. "Remote" means .....  
a) short                      b) far                      c) green                      d) young
3. The suffix "....." can turn the word "environment" into an adjective.  
a) -al                      b) -ly                      c) -ily                      d) -ing
4. Ancient and old are .....  
a) antonyms                      b) synonyms                      c) opposites                      d) different



5. The ..... is a person who rules a city or an area.  
a) president      b) governor      c) editor      d) writer
6. The ..... is the force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.  
a) space      b) gravity      c) satellite      d) jet

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

- Two chairs ..... (broken) during yesterday's party.
- I woke up late today. .... (that's because) I didn't catch the bus.
- People ..... (live) in caves a long time ago.
- He ..... (tells) me that his best friend at school was Ahmed.
- There is no bread, so we need ..... (go) to the baker's.

### **D Writing**

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

**"A review of a visit to a natural wonder in Egypt"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

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5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Huda and Samla are talking about Salma's new mobile.**

**Huda :** Is this mobile new?

**Salma :** (1).....

**Huda :** Who bought it for you?

**Salma :** (2).....

**Huda :** (3).....?

**Salma :** Because I have passed my final exams.

**Huda :** (4).....?

**Salma :** It's L.E. 2500.

**Huda :** What colour is it?

**Salma :** (5).....?

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

ear – difficult – opinion – used – cities – uses

Some people like living in big (1)....., but other people don't like it. In my (2)....., living in big cities is very (3)..... now. I prefer living in the countryside. It is much quieter, cleaner and healthier. Our grandparents (4)..... to live in villages to enjoy the pure life, fresh air and quiet atmosphere.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Once upon a time, there was an Egyptian farmer named Ahmed. He lived in a small village by the Nile River and worked hard every day to save money for his family.

During one hot summer day, while looking after his crops, Ahmed accidentally discovered an ancient statue buried in the soil. It was small, golden and decorated with the Ancient Egyptian Language.



He was so excited by his discovery. Ahmed took the statue to the local museum to have it examined. The experts were amazed by the statue, as it dated back to the time of the Pharaohs and was incredibly rare.

Ahmed's discovery quickly spread, and he was offered a large sum of money for the statue. But Ahmed refused to sell it. Instead he insisted to give it to the National Museum to save his country history.

Ahmed's good act earned him the respect and admiration of the whole community. They considered him a hero for preserving Egyptian cultural heritage.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- The experts were amazed by the statue because .....
  - it was small
  - it was made of silver
  - it was very common
  - it was ancient
- The underlined word "rare" means .....
  - cheap
  - worthless
  - valuable
  - easy
- Ahmed worked as a/an .....
  - scientist
  - expert
  - farmer
  - doctor

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What is the main idea of the passage?  
.....
5. Summarise the third paragraph in one sentence.  
.....
6. What did Ahmed earn by his good deed?  
.....

## Vocabulary and Structure

**4** Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. A person who takes care of our teeth is a/an .....  
a) dentist                      b) artist                      c) scientist                      d) pharmacist
2. The synonym of "bright" is .....  
a) dark                      b) shiny                      c) dull                      d) boring
3. If something is ....., it costs much money.  
a) easy                      b) cheap                      c) expensive                      d) difficult







## A Language Functions

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5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Hager is talking to Reem about some interesting animals.**

**Hager :** Are you interested in animals, Reem?

**Reem :** (1).....

**Hager :** (2).....?

**Reem :** I like orangutans most.

**Hager :** (3).....?

**Reem :** They live in rainforests. Have you ever seen an orangutan?

**Hager :** (4).....

**Reem :** What about you? Which animal do you like most?

**Hager :** (5)..... They live in polar habitats.

**Reem :** I wonder how the polar bears can live there.

## B Reading Comprehension

4

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

will send – advantage – mobile phone – would send – disadvantage – talk

In my opinion, the most important invention of the last hundred years is the (1)..... . I can put numbers into my phone and (2)..... to people anywhere. If I do not have much time, I (3)..... a text message. The (4)..... is that the cost of international calls can be expensive.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Nothing can live without energy. People, animals and plants need energy to live and machines need energy to work. Most of the energy we use still comes from fossil fuels like coal, oil and gas. We call these non-renewable forms of energy because they are limited and expensive. The use of fuels increases the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere and pollutes the environment.

Now water and wind are used to produce electricity. They are inexpensive, clean and do not pollute the environment. We call them renewable forms of energy.



But energy from the sun is probably the best form of renewable energy. Life on earth depends on the sun. Without the sun, plants wouldn't be able to make food. Animals wouldn't have food. The earth would be cold and uninhabited.

That is why there is a great interest in solar energy. It is important for us to save energy in our homes and workplaces in order to stop using up non-renewable sources of energy.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the text is ".....".  
a) Renewable energy                      b) Solar energy  
c) Energy                                      d) Non-renewable energy
2. The amount of carbon dioxide rises in the atmosphere when we use energy from the .....  
a) water                      b) fossil fuels                      c) wind                      d) sun
3. .... are two sources of non-renewable energy.  
a) Plants and animals                      b) Water and wind  
c) Sun and gas                                      d) Coal and oil

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Infer why the sun, the wind and the water are friends to the environment.  
.....
5. In two sentences, summarise the first paragraph in your own words.  
.....
6. It is necessary to use the solar energy. Give reasons.  
.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. The ..... is a piece of equipment you use to see things that are far away.  
a) satellite                      b) mirror                      c) telescope                      d) lens
2. .... is the art of making cloth by crossing threads using special machines.  
a) Farming                      b) Weaving                      c) Sailing                      d) Baking
3. Another word for "make" or "create" is .....  
a) present                      b) promise                      c) protect                      d) produce



4. We add the prefix "....." to get the opposite of the word "popular".

- a) in-                      b) un-                      c) en-                      d) im-

5. There are more floods in many countries because of rising sea .....

- a) leaves                      b) reefs                      c) levels                      d) rocks

6. Newspapers, magazines, television, the internet and other forms of communication are all types of .....

- a) mountain                      b) medicine                      c) meteorite                      d) media

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**



1. Fewer magazines ..... (sell) today by newsagents because of the internet.
2. Heba ..... (do) her housework for two hours. She has not finished yet.
3. He had dinner after he ..... (tidy) his room.
4. Youssef said that he ..... (visit) his uncle the following day.
5. They ..... (catch) thousands of fish from the sea yesterday.

## **D Writing**

**6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**



**"A review about some natural wonders in Egypt"**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

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.....

.....

.....





## Language Functions

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### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed and Adel are talking about the next holiday.**

**Ahmed :** Hello, Adel. Where will you spend the holiday?

**Adel :** (1).....

**Ahmed :** How long will you stay there?

**Adel :** (2).....

**Ahmed :** (3).....?

**Adel :** No, I won't stay in a hotel.

**Ahmed :** Where will you stay?

**Adel :** (4).....

**Ahmed :** (5).....?

**Adel :** I will go there with my family.



## Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

so – solar – climate – because – recycle – environment

4

We should do our best to keep the environment clean. We mustn't cut down trees (1)..... they absorb carbon dioxide. Also, we mustn't burn fossil fuels to avoid (2)..... change. That's why we should use renewable energy such as (3)..... energy and wind power. So, we will be able to live in a safe (4).....

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Ahmed loves to go with his mother when she goes grocery shopping. In fact, he likes to visit only one place where he can find what he loves most. It is the Children's Book Shop. Ahmed goes straight to the bookshop when they get to the grocery store. Mum buys groceries while he is there looking for his favourite thing. Ahmed's favourite hobby is reading about sports activity. In this shop, they have



all kinds of books about sports. There are magazines that tell everything about sports events and famous athletes.

Ahmed likes sports and he spends a lot of time looking at the books and magazines in this place. He likes the area with children's books, too. Ahmed always waits in the bookstore for mum to come and get him. He chooses one book or a magazine and mum buys it for him. It is a nice way to spend a Saturday afternoon.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. What's the text MAINLY about? .....
  - a) Sports day
  - b) Ahmed's mother
  - c) Ahmed's hobby
  - d) Sporting events
2. What does the underlined word "there" refer to? .....
  - a) The bookshop
  - b) Grocery shop
  - c) Street
  - d) Library
3. Which of the following BEST describes the boy's feeling at the end of the day? .....
  - a) Sad
  - b) Happy
  - c) Scared
  - d) Nervous

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Do you think Ahmed has bought what he wants?  
.....
5. Why does Ahmed like to go grocery shopping with his mum?  
.....
6. What do you think Ahmed will do with the book or the magazine?  
.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. To be ..... is something causing little or no damage to the environment.
  - a) inexpensive
  - b) sustainable
  - c) remote
  - d) special
2. Whales are enormous sea animals. The word "enormous" is synonymous to .....
  - a) high
  - b) tiny
  - c) thin
  - d) big
3. The suffix "....." turns the verb "appear" into a noun.
  - a) -ment
  - b) -tion
  - c) -ance
  - d) -ity



4. We should protect our environment. This means that we should ..... it clean.

- a) increase                      b) damage                      c) collect                      d) keep

5. A/An ..... is a person who travels into space.

- a) astronaut                      b) speaker                      c) engineer                      d) doctor

6. My father was angry because of the noise. This gives the idea that he was .....

- a) happy                      b) cross                      c) bad                      d) worried

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. The national park ..... (visit) by many people every year.
2. If you call me, I ..... (would) go to the party with you tonight.
3. Ayman has always ..... (be) interested in space science.
4. Heba said that she ..... (have) a shop in town.
5. Would you mind ..... (open) the door, please?



**D Writing**

**6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**



**"A Review about how to protect our planet"**

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## A Language Functions

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### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Adel is going to the club to play tennis.**

**Adel** : Where are you going, Ashraf?

**Ashraf** : (1).....

**Adel** : What will you do there?

**Ashraf** : (2).....

**Adel** : (3).....?

**Ashraf** : Yes, I like tennis.

**Adel** : (4).....?

**Ashraf** : Captain Mohammed is my trainer.

**Adel** : May I come with you next training?

**Ashraf** : (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**presenter – media – study – studying – designer – satellite**

4

Sara, Nada and Reem are friends. They have been (1)..... social (2)..... for three years. Both Sara and Nada are interested in the news. Sara wants to be a journalist. Nada is a very good newsreader. However, she hates to be on TV, she wants to be a radio (3)..... . Reem is interested in websites. She wants to be a web (4)..... .

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

6

Every year, the United Nations organise a conference called COP "Conference of the Parties", in a selected country. 27 COPs were organised in different countries. The last one was in Sharm El-Sheikh, the city of peace, in November 2022. It was about the dangerous effects of climate change, floods, droughts and forest fires.

About 197 countries shared in this COP to find solutions for these bad effects. They have decided to reduce greenhouse gases and use renewable energy such



as solar energy and wind power. Rich countries must help poor countries by money or by technology. People should do their best to reduce climate change. They should avoid cutting down more trees or using more electricity, oil and fossil fuels.

In the end of the conference, the United Nations thanked Egypt a lot for its great efforts and hospitality which made the COP27 very successful.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. Which of the following is the best title for this passage? .....  
a) Floods                      b) Drought                      c) COP27                      d) Forest fires
2. The underlined word "They" refers to .....  
a) the countries                      b) the effects  
c) the conferences                      d) the climate changes
3. The ..... COP was in Egypt in November 2022.  
a) first                      b) second                      c) third                      d) last

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. What is Sharm El-Sheikh known as?

.....

5. Why did the 197 countries share in COP27?

.....

6. How can you help reduce climate change?

.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. A/An ..... is an area in the desert where you can find water and it's always green.  
a) forest                      b) oasis                      c) coast                      d) lake
2. "Grow" and "Plant" are .....  
a) synonyms                      b) antonyms                      c) suffixes                      d) opposites
3. We use the prefix "....." when we mean "to do some actions again".  
a) il-                      b) un-                      c) dis-                      d) re-



4. A/An ..... is a person who travels into space.  
a) actress                      b) sailor                      c) astronaut                      d) assistant
5. The floods broke down some coastal hotels in Thailand. The words "broke down" here mean .....  
a) destroyed                      b) designed                      c) built                      d) made
6. I saw an enormous elephant. The word "enormous" means .....  
a) tiny                      b) easy                      c) huge                      d) small

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. I enjoy ..... (read) in the library.
2. Football ..... (plays) all over the world.
3. She'd get a present if she ..... (succeed).
4. Noha ..... (said) us that she was busy.
5. I'd ..... (write) my homework before I went to bed.

**D Writing**

**6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

**"A biography of your hero"**

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## A Language Functions

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### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Heba and Sara are talking in the library.

**Heba:** Hello Sara, what are you doing here?

**Sara :** Hello Heba, (1).....

**Heba:** Reading a book! (2).....?

**Sara :** It's about the Pyramids at Giza.

**Heba:** Have you ever visited the Pyramids?

**Sara :** (3).....

**Heba:** (4).....?

**Sara :** I visited them last holiday.

**Heba:** How did you go there?

**Sara :** (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

4

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**absorb - burn - environment - fuels - burning - electricity**

We should do our best to keep the (1)..... safe and clean. We shouldn't cut down trees because they (2)..... carbon dioxide. We should reduce using fossil (3)..... . We also should use cleaner forms of energy. We must avoid (4)..... rubbish. This may protect our planet.

6

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

An email that starts with: "I love you" seems to be a wonderful message that surely attracts you and makes you excited to open and read it. You may think that it was sent by a close friend, a kind relative or an honest wife who reminds you of her love and respect. That was exactly what I had thought.

However, the fact was completely different. This email was a source of much trouble for me. It made me lose my job in a big company for selling electric



goods. It wasn't really a nice message from someone who admires me but it was a dangerous computer virus sent from an unknown address. It destroyed all the files and documents saved on my computer which had the accounts and data of my company's customers. This caused a great damage for the company so my employer asked me to leave my job.

Now, I'm jobless. It was my mistake, but I learned the lesson. I'll never open an email from addresses I don't know.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. This passage teaches you to .....  
a) destroy all files saved on your computer  
b) stop sending and receiving emails  
c) leave your work and be free  
d) check your emails carefully
2. The underlined word "it" refers to .....  
a) the email      b) the job      c) the company      d) the computer
3. "I love you" was really a/an .....  
a) present      b) computer virus      c) invitation      d) nice message

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Where did the writer receive this email from?  
.....
5. What did the writer lose because of this email?  
.....
6. In your opinion, how does the writer feel now?  
.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. A ..... is the land that is below the area around it.  
a) forest      b) depression      c) mountain      d) tower
2. There are a lot of traditional arts in Egypt. The word "traditional" here means .....  
a) modern      b) difficult      c) ancient      d) new
3. A ..... is a small plant which has started to grow from a seed.  
a) seedling      b) planet      c) grain      d) star







## A Language Functions



5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Esraa** is asking **Basma** about her future job.

**Esraa** : Hi, Basma. Where have you been?

**Basma** : (1) .....

**Esraa** : The library! (2) .....?

**Basma** : Because I am doing research about media.

**Esraa** : What job would you like to do in the future?

**Basma** : (3) .....

**Esraa** : Why do you want to do this job?

**Basma** : (4) .....

**Esraa** : Great! (5) .....?

**Basma** : Sure, a journalist needs special skills.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**orbits – sent – astronauts – spacecraft – was sent – foreigners**

4

The International Space Station is a huge (1)..... 70 km above the Earth. The first piece of it (2)..... into space in 1998. It's a place where (3)..... live and work when they go into space. The space station (4)..... the Earth every day.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Rainforests are forests with high rainfall and a large number of different kinds of plants and animals. Rainforests are the most important habitat on our planet because they are home for 50 - 90% of the species on earth. In addition, they are a main source of medicine and wood. Human beings depend on rainforests in different ways. Nevertheless, large areas of rainforests are cut down every year by people.

6







5. We can use internet without wires, this means we use ..... technology.

- a) useless                      b) helpless                      c) wireless                      d) hopeless

6. We should avoid throwing rubbish into the Nile. The word "avoid" can be replaced by .....

- a) stand                      b) set up                      c) set                      d) stop

**5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:**

1. If he read my message, he ..... (reply) to it.
2. After I ..... (have) my lunch, I went out.
3. Yasser ..... (said) me that he would travel to Aswan.
4. The government plans ..... (plant) a lot of trees.
5. When I was young, I ..... (not/used) to smoke.

**D Writing**

**6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**

**"A review of a visit to an interesting place"**

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed and Nader are talking about social media.**

**Ahmed** : Hi, Nader! I see you are using social media.

**Nader** : Of course. (1).....?

**Ahmed** : Yes, I think they are very useful. What's your favourite social media?

**Nader** : (2).....

**Ahmed** : (3).....?

**Nader** : I spend two hours daily.

**Ahmed** : I think that (4).....

**Nader** : For me, that is enough. We shouldn't waste our time.

**Ahmed** : You're right. Thanks for your advice.

**Nader** : (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

4

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

interrupt – will – renewable – cut – won't – fossil

We should do our best to keep our environment clean. We mustn't (1)..... down trees because they absorb carbon dioxide. Also, we mustn't burn (2)..... fuels to stop climate change. That's why we should use (3)..... energy that comes from the sun and the wind. So, we (4)..... be able to live in a safe planet.

6

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Over twenty million people work in the coffee industry. They grow and sell enough coffee beans for four hundred million cups of coffee a year. Coffee is worth more money than any other industry in the world except oil. In Brazil alone, about three thousand coffee plants are looked after every year. Coffee was discovered in Ethiopia. A man called Khalid, who was looking after his goats and sheep, noticed that they were very energetic after eating a certain kind of beans. They ate more grass and ran fast everywhere. He decided to taste the beans himself and found that they gave him a lot of energy.



The coffee drink we know today was first made in Turkey in 1555. Since then, coffee drinking has become a daily routine in Turkish life. By the 18<sup>th</sup> century, coffee had become an important part of the European life. In England, the coffee houses of London became famous meeting places for writers, artists and men working in the government.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of this passage is about .....  
a) the types of coffee                      b) the history of coffee  
c) how to make coffee                      d) coffee houses
2. The underlined word "energetic" means very .....  
a) active                      b) lazy                      c) weak                      d) shepherd
3. Khalid looked after goats and sheep. He was a .....  
a) mechanic                      b) pilot                      c) driver                      d) shepherd

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Which country grows the most coffee in the world?

.....

5. Why were the coffee houses in London famous in the past?

.....

6. Do you think Khalid is clever? Why/Why not?

.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. A ..... habitat is next to the sea and you find rocks there.  
a) mountain                      b) coastal                      c) polar                      d) rainforest
2. You should ..... making bad friends.  
a) set up                      b) avoid                      c) retire                      d) keep
3. The Great Pyramid in Giza is a very big building. It's .....  
a) expensive                      b) tiny                      c) normal                      d) enormous
4. A ..... is a tall plant which we can use to make cups and chairs.  
a) mangrove                      b) seagrass                      c) bamboo                      d) seedling



5. The ink in my printer is low. I have to change the ..... .  
a) cartridge                      b) brace                      c) battery                      d) fabric
6. We add the prefix "....." to the word "cycle" to mean "use something again".  
a) im-                      b) un-                      c) re-                      d) dis-

**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

**in brackets:**

1. The governor said that the tower ..... (will) be the tallest in Africa.
2. Adel ran fast ..... (so) he was late for school.
3. I didn't use ..... (playing) chess when I was young.
4. The news ..... (be) watched by Omar yesterday.
5. After Salma ..... (write) the email, she sent it.

## Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

**"A biography of a person you like"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

30

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**A student is talking to his/her teacher about the solar system.**

**Student :** Nice to meet you, sir. Can I ask you a few questions?

**Teacher :** (1)..... . What questions would you like to ask?

**Student :** (2).....?

**Teacher :** There are eight planets in the solar system. What else?

**Student :** (3).....?

**Teacher :** No, the sun is a star not a planet.

**Student :** How can we see the stars?

**Teacher :** (4)..... .

**Student :** Yes, the telescope is a good idea. (5)..... .

**Teacher :** You're welcome.

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

information – media – become – job – becomes – solutions

4

A journalist collects and presents (1)..... as a news story. This can be presented through newspapers, magazines, radio, television and the internet. Journalism has (2)..... opportunities. Within different areas of (3)..... (radio, television, newspapers, magazines, etc.), there are specialized tasks for journalists. I would like to (4)..... a journalist one day.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Money is very useful in our daily life. The form of money which is used by a country is called currency. The currency is used for two purposes either to buy goods or to get a service. The most common two types of currencies are the note or paper money and the coin which is used when it includes few units of money.

6

In Egypt, we use the Egyptian pound. In Saudi Arabia, people use the Saudi Riyal. In America, they use the American dollar. Yen is used in Japan. France uses the franc. The dirham is the currency of the United Arab Emirates. In Iraq, people











## A Language Functions

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Hend has met her friend by chance.**

**Hend** : Oh, nice to see you in Luxor. When did you come?

**Basma** : (1).....

**Hend** : So you've been here for a week.

**Basma** : (2).....

**Hend** : (3).....?

**Basma** : I'm staying at Star Hotel.

**Hend** : (4).....?

**Basma** : For two weeks.

**Hend** : Have a nice stay!

**Basma** : (5).....

## B Reading Comprehension

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

oil – reusable – continue – carbon – bulbs – sustainable

Helping the environment is very important for everyday life. We cannot (1)..... to use petrol. We need to use (2)..... products. Some people help by using energy-saving light (3)..... while others use (4)..... shopping bags. This will help the world to be a better place to live in.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

It was the hope of an eleven-year-old boy in Kansas City to be a train driver. He was born without arms so he was sent to a special school where he learned to use his feet as "hands". He spent all his time in the train station watching the trains and one day his dream came true. Seeing a train without a driver, he climbed in. He had no difficulty in starting it up with his feet. Soon he was driving along at 40 kilometres per hour. The signalman couldn't see him and when the boy reached the next station, he made the train go back. When he was near home, a railway



man caught up with the train and stopped it. He was angry at first but he smiled when the boy said simply "I like trains".

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The railway man ..... the boy at the end.  
a) punished      b) killed      c) shouted at      d) smiled at
2. The underlined word "it" refers to the .....  
a) train      b) railway      c) station      d) signal
3. The ..... man stopped the train.  
a) signalman      b) railway      c) boy      d) driver

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Where did the boy learn?

.....

5. Why did he spend his time in the station?

.....

6. When did the boy get back?

.....

## **C Vocabulary and Structure**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**



1. A ..... is something people use to see things that are far away.  
a) telegraph      b) telescope      c) television      d) telephone
2. This camera is wonderful. It has got a very good .....  
a) bulb      b) glass      c) lens      d) pence
3. The suffix ..... makes the adjective of the word "tradition".  
a) -ic      b) -al      c) -ion      d) -ure
4. The antonym of the word "near" is .....  
a) remote      b) close      c) closed      d) here
5. We must all ..... putting rubbish in the middle of the road.  
a) keep      b) like      c) use      d) avoid
6. A city on the sea is called a ..... city.  
a) cast      b) cost      c) coastal      d) typical



**5** Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1. This house ..... (build) years ago by a famous engineer.
2. My brother asked me to stop ..... (run) in the middle of the street.
3. If he trained well, he ..... (win) the match.
4. He ..... (travel) until he had finished his work.
5. They said that their brother ..... (write) that book the day before.

## Writing

**6** Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:

**"A book you read"**

[illegible]



## A Language Functions

34

5

### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Ahmed** has met his friend **Hatem** at the club after a long time.

**Ahmed**: I haven't seen you for a long time.

**Hatem**: You are right. I'm busy doing a new course nowadays.

**Ahmed**: (1).....?

a) Which subject do you like

b) Why did you join it

c) Where are you doing it

d) When did you start it

**Hatem**: At the new Academy of Technology.

**Ahmed**: (2).....?

a) How are you studying it

b) What are you studying

c) Why are you studying it

d) When are you studying it

**Hatem**: Computer software.

**Ahmed**: How often do you go to this course?

**Hatem**: (3).....

a) Three days a week

b) Three books a week

c) Three stories a week

d) Three comments a week

**Ahmed**: How much have you paid?

**Hatem**: (4)..... The course is amazing, you should join it.

a) Too much time

b) Two times per day

c) Once per month

d) One thousand pounds

**Ahmed**: (5)..... Computer study is so important.

a) Not at all

b) I will think about it

c) You are welcome

d) I don't think so

## B Vocabulary and Structure

6

### 2 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1. To "....." is to take in liquids or gases through a surface.

a) fill

b) protect

c) absorb

d) produce

2. A person who specialises in languages is a .....

a) linguist

b) presenter

c) journalist

d) photographer

3. The ink inside a printer ..... is very bad for the environment.

a) screen

b) cartridge

c) carriage

d) keyboard



4. We add the suffix "....." to get the adjective from the word "colour".  
 a) -en                      b) -ness                      c) -ful                      d) -ment
5. Satellites send lots of signals. The antonym of the word "send" is ".....".  
 a) deliver                      b) allow                      c) pass                      d) receive
6. This area is full of different ..... of animals. There are different kinds of them.  
 a) spices                      b) species                      c) pieces                      d) spaces

**3 Choose the correct form of the word(s) in the brackets from a, b, c or d:**

1. These places ..... (know) as grassland habitats.  
 a) is known                      b) knows                      c) are known                      d) knew
2. She is short. .... (Because), she is a good basketball player.  
 a) So                      b) However                      c) That's why                      d) So that
3. If there ..... (to be) more mangrove trees, there would be fewer floods.  
 a) be                      b) are                      c) was                      d) were
4. He ..... (publish) his ideas until just before he died.  
 a) hadn't published                      b) won't publish  
 c) hasn't published                      d) doesn't publish

## **C Reading Comprehension**

**4 Read the following text, then answer the questions:**

The Chinese invented paper, and they were the first to use paper banknotes for money. Before paper banknotes were invented in the seventh century, wealthy Chinese traders had used metal coins. These had a hole in the middle so that traders could carry them on a piece of material. But these were very heavy to carry. As a result, traders left the money with someone they trusted.

People in Europe only started to use paper banknotes in the seventeenth century in England. The king needed money to help fight a war with France. Banks encouraged people to leave money with them and gave them handwritten notes saying how much they had.

The paper used for banknotes is usually made from a mixture of paper and cotton, and sometimes other materials. Although these other materials make them stronger than normal paper, most paper banknotes only last for two years. For this reason, some countries tried using plastic banknotes in 1983.



**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1. The main idea of the text is ".....".
  - a) Why we use money
  - b) Why we use banks
  - c) The history of paper banknotes
  - d) The history of trade
2. Banks in England first wanted people to leave their money with them because .....
  - a) the king needed money to fight a war
  - b) people preferred banknotes to coins
  - c) people wanted their money to be safe
  - d) banks opened for the first time
3. Paper banknotes were first used in .....
  - a) Japan
  - b) America
  - c) Russia
  - d) China

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4. Why did Chinese traders first use banknotes instead of coins?  
.....
5. How do you think most people will pay for goods in the future? Why?  
.....
6. Summarise the third paragraph of the passage.  
.....

**5 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:**

**solution – teach – teaching – recycling**



There is a great project in our city. It is (1)..... people how to protect the environment. Many families collect their rubbish and send it for (2)..... . It's a great (3)..... to a big problem because these families help the environment and get some money.



**Writing**

**6 Write ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on the following:**



You tell your friend Amir about your plans for next summer holiday. Your email address is atef@student.com and his email address is amir@student.com.

.....

.....

.....

.....





## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Maggie and Dina are having a discussion about global warming.

Maggie : Excuse me. Can I say something?

Dina : (1) Ok. Go ahead./ Sure. Here you are.

Maggie : (2) How can we reduce global warming?

Dina : In my opinion, everyone should start changing their lifestyles.

Maggie : What do you mean?

Dina : (3) I mean we should change our daily routines.

Maggie : Which daily routines should we change?

Dina : (4) We should use natural resources.(renewable energy).

Maggie : I will do that. (5) What else should we do?

Dina : Well, there are other things that we can do like using public transport.

## ماجى و دينا تتناقشان عن الاحتباس الحراري

ماجى : لو سمحتي. هل يمكنني قول شئ ما؟

دينا : حسنا . تفضلي / بالتأكيد. تفضلي.

ماجى : كيف يمكن أن نقلل من الاحتباس الحراري؟

دينا : في رأيي ، يجب أن يبدأ الجميع بتغيير أنماط سلوكهم.

ماجى : ماذا تعني ؟

دينا : أعني أننا يجب أن نغير روتيننا اليومي.

ماجى : أى روتين يومي يجب أن نغيره؟

دينا : يجب أن نستخدم مصادر طبيعية . ( طاقة متجددة ).

ماجى : سأفعل ذلك. ماذا أيضا يجب أن نفعله؟

دينا : حسنا . هناك أشياء أخرى يمكننا أن نفعلها مثل

استخدام وسائل المواصلات العامة.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

try – trying – dream – achieve – planes – plans

I like to plan for my future goals and try to (1) achieve them. This makes me feel challenged. I always (2) try to achieve my tasks on time. I also like to make some long-term (3) plans and goals for myself, such as university, graduation day and (4) dream job.

أحب أن أخطط لأهدافي المستقبلية و أحاول أن أحققها. هذا يجعلني اشعر بالتحدي. أنا دائما أحاول أن أحقق مهماتي في الوقت المحدد. ايضا أحب أن أضع بعض الخطط طويلة الأمد و أهداف لنفسي مثل الجامعة ، يوم التخرج ووظيفة أحلامي.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Landfills are the earliest form of waste management. Any waste that is not recycled or reused is sent to a landfill site. Landfill sites are found all over the world. Some sites practise 'landraising' (putting rubbish on the ground), and some practise 'landfilling' (filling a hole in the ground with rubbish). Rubbish in landfill sites makes a greenhouse gas called methane, which shares greatly in the process of global warming.

At some level, most of us agree that we should try to avoid, or at least reduce rubbish that we send to landfills. We should live a zero-waste

مكبات النفايات هي الشكل القديم لإدارة المخلفات. أى مخلفات لا يمكن إعادة تدويرها أو إعادة استخدامها ترسل الى مكب النفايات. مكبات النفايات موجودة في كل أنحاء العالم. بعض المواقع تستخدم التكديس ( وضع الزبالة فوق الأرض ) و البعض يمارس الكمر (ملء حفرة في الأرض) الزبالة في مكبات النفايات تطلق غاز الاحتباس الحراري يسمى الميثان و الذي يشارك بنسبة كبيرة في مسالة الاحتباس الحراري. في مرحلة معينة ، معظمنا يتفق على انه يجب ان نتجنب أو على الأقل



lifestyle that means you try to use as little plastic as possible. The 3 R's play an important role in this; Reduce, Reuse, Recycle. This means reducing what you 'use' where possible, reusing as much as you can, send what's left to recycling, then finally the small part of waste left goes to a landfill site.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 The main idea of the first paragraph is .....

- a) recycling
- b) landfill sites and their effect on the environment**
- c) a zero-waste lifestyle
- d) global warming

2 'Landfilling' means putting rubbish ..... the ground.

- a) next to
- b) near
- c) on
- d) under**

3 Landfill sites can be found around the .....

- a) street
- b) school
- c) world**
- d) house

B) Answer the following questions:

4 How many kinds of landfill sites mentioned in the passage?

*They are two landfill sites ( land raising and land filling )*

5 What are the 3 R's?

*They are : Reduce , Reuse and Recycle.*

6 We should reduce landfill sites to help the environment. Explain one way.

*We should live a zero-waste life style by using the 3R method.*

4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

1 "....." is a special ability to do something.

- a) Power**
- b) Promise
- c) Polar
- d) Paint

2 Laila is trying to ..... drinks with sugar.

- a) avoid**
- b) protect
- c) organise
- d) save

3 They lived in a remote mountain village. We can exchange "remote" with ".....".

- a) far**
- b) near
- c) close
- d) terrible

نقل من الزبالة التي نرسلها إلى المكبات. يجب أن نعيش نمط حياة خالي من القمامة وهذا يعني أن نحاول أن نستخدم بلاستيك أقل كلما أمكن. ال ( R ) الثلاثة تلعب دورا مهما في ذلك : تقليل الانتاج ، اعادة الاستخدام و التدوير. هذا يعني تقليل ما نستخدمه كلما أمكن ، نعيد استخدام قدر ما نستطيع ، ارسال ما تبقى لاعادة التدوير ، وأخيرا الجزء القليل من الزبالة المتبقى يذهب إلى مكب النفايات.

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للفقرة الأولى هي : مكبات النفايات وتأثيرهم على البيئة.

٢ = "الكمر" يعني وضع الزبالة تحت الأرض

٣ = مكبات النفايات يمكن أن توجد حول العالم

B) Answer the following questions:

4. Two kinds

5. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle.

6. We should try to avoid, or at least reduce rubbish that we send to landfills.

٤ = كم نوع من مكبات النفايات ذكر في القطعة ؟

= اثنان : التكدس و الكمر

٥ = ما هي ال 3R ؟ : التقليل ، اعادة الاستخدام و اعادة التدوير.

٦ = يجب أن نقلل مكبات النفايات لمساعد البيئة . اشرح طريقة واحدة .

= يجب أن نعيش حياة خالية من الزبالة باستخدام طريقة ال 3R



١ = " الطاقة " هي قدرة خاصة لفعل شيء ما .

٢ = ليلى تحاول أن تتجنب المشروبات السكرية

٣ = هم عاشوا في قرية جبلية بعيدة. يمكن أن نستبدل " بعيدة " بـ " بعيدة "



٤ = حظا موفقا في مستقبلك الباهر. عكس كلمة "باهر - لامع" هي "مظلم"

4 Good luck with your bright future. The opposite of "bright" is .....

- a) clean      b) private      **c) dark**      d) shinny

5 "Wit" is the verb, but the noun for a person can be formed by adding the

suffix ".....".

- a) -less      **b) -ness**      c) -or      d) -er

٥ = "يشهد" هو الفعل ولكن اسم لشخص يمكن ان نصيغه اضافة اللاحقة "-ness" = شاهد = witness

6 We add the prefix "....." to the adjective "possible" to form the opposite.

- a) ir-      b) un-      **c) im-**      d) dis-

٦ = نضيف البادئة "im-" للصفة "ممكن" لنصيغ العكس. مستحيل = impossible

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

- 1 I'm afraid they **aren't going** (not/going) to read the whole report.  
 2 ..... (they/arrive) yet? **Have they arrived yet?**  
 3 The office **is cleaned** (cleans) every day.  
 4 Emily said she had lost her red pen at our school **that** (this) morning.  
 5 I enjoy **watching** (watch) adventure movies.

١ = أخشى أنهم سوف لن يقرأوا التقرير كاملا.  
 ٢ = هل وصلوا حتى الآن؟ { جملة مضارع تام في صيغة الاستفهام }  
 ٣ = المكتب ينظف (يتم تنظيفه) كل يوم. { مجهول مضارع بسيط }  
 ٤ = قالت املى انها فقدت قلمها الاحمر في مدرستنا ذاك الصباح.  
 ٥ = انا استمتع بمشاهدة افلام المغامرات. { enjoy + v-ing }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review of a visit to a habitat"

..... Egypt has a lot of natural habitats These natural habitats can't be seen in  
 ..... other places all over the world. I visited Al Nayzak Beach and Gebel Elba last  
 ..... summer. Al Nayzak Beach is an amazing natural habitat I give it five stars. It is  
 ..... called the Shooting Star by the locals. Al-Nayzak Lake is famous for its pure water.  
 ..... The lake attracts hundreds of tourists from all over the world, where they are able  
 ..... to dive and swim due to its safe, clean water. Gebel Elba, which is surrounded only  
 ..... by green fields, is one of Egypt's most wonderful places. The Gebel Elba National  
 ..... Park is in the south-east of the country. I highly recommend visiting it.

30

مصريها الكثير من البيئات الطبيعية. هذه البيئات الطبيعية لا يمكن أن ترى في أماكن أخرى في جميع أنحاء العالم. أنا زرت شاطئ النيزك وجبل علبة الصيف الماضي. شاطئ النيزك بيئة طبيعية مذهلة. أعطيه خمس نجوم. يسمى النيزك (الشهاب) بواسطة المحليين. بحيرة النيزك مشهورة بمياهها النقية. تجذب البحيرة مئات من السياح من جميع أنحاء العالم حيث يتكونون قادرين على أن يغطسوا ويسبحوا بسبب أمانها، ومياهها النظيفة. جبل علبة والمحيط بالحقول الخضراء فقط هو واحد من أروع الأماكن في مصر. منتزة جبل علبة الوطني يكون في جنوب شرق مصر. أوصي بزيارته بشدة.



## Exam 2



### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Randa is asking for Heba's opinion about her dress.

Randa : What do you think I should wear in Doaa's birthday party?

Heba : In my opinion, any dress will be nice. I know you have a lot of party dresses.

Randa : (1) But Heba. I have already worn all of ( them ) my dresses.

Heba : I see, but Doaa and her friends have never seen all of your dresses.

Randa : You're right. But, (2) Which ( one ) is the best?

Heba : I think the green dress that you wore in your cousin's party is the best one.

Randa : (3) That's true. It is very good.

Heba : (4) What do you think we should buy her as a present?

Randa : Personally, I think that we can buy her a nice story as a present.

Heba : (5) You are right . / I agree. . She likes reading very much.

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

access – going to – enjoy – will – reasons – accessible

There are several (1) reasons why e-sports will become more popular than traditional sports. Players can play games from their PC or laptop. This allows them to (2) access these games wherever they are. That's why e-sports are easily (3) accessible. However, it (4) will probably take time to learn how to play these games.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Hipparchus was perhaps the greatest astronomer of ancient time. He was born in Nicaea (Turkey now). He built an observatory on the island of Rhodes around 150 BCE. There he measured the positions of objects in the sky. He also divided the stars according to their brightness.

The last great astronomer of the Roman time was Claudius Ptolemy (or Ptolemaeus), who grew in Alexandria in about the year 140. He wrote a book which today is called by its Arabic name, Almagest (meaning "The

رندا تطلب رأي هبة في فستان

رندا : ما رايك فيما ينبغي أن ألبسه في عيد ميلاد دعاء؟

هبة : في رأيي أي فستان سيكون جميل. أعلم أن عندك فساتين حفلات كثيرة.

رندا : ولكن يا هبة لقد لبستهم كلهم بالفعل.

هبة : أعلم ، ولكن دعاء وصديقاتها لم يروا أبدا كل فساتينك.

رندا : أنت محقة . ولكن أي واحد أفضل؟

هبة : أعتقد الفستان الأخضر الذي لبستيه في حفلة ابنة عمك هو الأفضل.

رندا : هذا صحيح . انه جيد جدا.

هبة : ما رايك فيما ينبغي أن نشتري لها كهدية؟

رندا : شخصيا. أعتقد اننا يمكن ان نشتري لها قصة ظريفة كهدية.

#### 1. Finish the following dialogue:

1. Thanks, but I wore all of my dresses before.

2. Which one should I wear?

3. OK, I will wear it.

4. What should we buy for her birthday?

5. I will buy her some books

هناك عدة أسباب لماذا الرياضة الالكترونية ستصبح أكثر شعبية من الرياضة التقليدية. اللاعبون يمكن أن يلعبوا ألعاب من الكمبيوتر أو اللاتوب. هذا يسمح لهم أن يدخلوا ( يتصلوا ب ) هذه الألعاب أينما يكونوا. لهذا فالألعاب الالكترونية سهلة الوصول ( الوصول ) . لكن يمكن ان يستغرق الأمر بعض الوقت لتعلم كيف تلعب هذه الألعاب.

هيباركوس كان ربما أعظم عالم فلك في التاريخ القديم. ولد في نيقية ( تركيا الآن ) بني مرصدا في جزيرة رودوس في عام ١٥٠ قبل الميلاد تقريبا. هناك كان يقيس مواضع الأشياء في السماء. هو ايضا قسم النجوم طبقا للمعانها.

آخر الفلكيين العظام في العصر الروماني كان كلوديوس البطلمي ( البطليموسي ) الذي نشأ في الاسكندرية في عام ١٤٠ تقريبا. كتب كتابا يسمى اليوم باسمه العربي ، الماجيست ( تعنى العظيم )



Greatest"). Almagest does not deal with Ptolemy's own work; it includes a discussion of the achievements of the past, especially those of Hipparchus. Today, it is our main source of information about the work of Hipparchus and other Greek astronomers. Ptolemy's most important work was when he predicted the positions of the planets.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The passage is about "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 a) Astronomers of the Roman time  
 b) The great astronomers around the world  
 c) Hipparchus  
 d) Ptolemy
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ wrote the book "Almagest".  
 a) Hipparchus  
 b) Ptolemy  
 c) Both a & b  
 d) Rhodes
- 3 Hipparchus divided the stars according to their \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) age  
 b) sizes  
 c) positions  
 d) brightness

B) Answer the following questions:

- 4 Name the astronomers the text mentioned.  
 They are : Hipparchus and Claudius Ptolemy
- 5 Which country was Hipparchus born in?  
 Nicaea ( Turkey now )
- 6 What was Ptolemy's greatest work?  
 His prediction of the positions of the planets and he wrote a great book .

المجّد لا يتناول عمل بطليموس الخاص ،  
انه يتضمن مناقشة لانجازات السابقون  
تحديدا الخاصة بهبارتكوس. اليوم ، انه  
مصدرنا الرئيسي للمعلومات الخاصة  
بعمل هبارتكوس و الفلكيين العظام  
الآخرين . أعظم أعمال بطليموس كان  
عندما تنبأ بمواقع الكواكب .

- ١ = القطعة عن " فلكيون في العصر الروماني " .
- ٢ = بطليموس كتب كتاب المجّد .
- ٣ = هباركوس قسم النجوم طبقا للمعاني .
- ٤ = اذكر اسم اثنين من الفلكيين ذكرا في النص ؟  
 = هباركوس و كلوديس البطلمي .
- ٥ = في أي دولة ولد هباركوس ؟  
 = نيقية ( تركيا الآن )
- ٦ = ما هو أعظم عمل لبطليموس ؟  
 = تنبؤه بمواقع الكواكب و كتب كتابا عظيما .



4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 You can change the noun "mind" into a verb by adding the prefix "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 a) ir-  
 b) ex-  
 c) re-  
 d) dis-
- 2 To form the noun for a person from the verb "present", add the suffix "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 a) -er  
 b) -or  
 c) -ment  
 d) -ist
- 3 His parents won't allow him to stay out late. The antonym of "allow" is "\_\_\_\_\_".  
 a) invent  
 b) destroy  
 c) permit  
 d) prevent

١ = يمكنك أن تغير الاسم " عقل " إلى فعل بإضافة البادئة " re- " = يذكر = remind

٢ = لتصيغ اسم شخص من الفعل " يقدم " نضيف اللاحقة " -er " = مقدم برامج = presenter

٣ = والداه لن يسمحا له أن يبقى بالخارج لوقت متأخر. مضاد يسمح " يمنع "



4 Our plan has many advantages. "Advantage" is similar to .....

a) countryside

**b) benefit**

c) damage

d) disadvantage

٤ = خطتنا لها مميزات كثيرة. "مميزات" مشابهه للمعنى في "ميزة"

5 He called me to ask me to come to his birthday party. He ..... me to his party.

a) agreed

**b) invited**

c) refused

d) hated

٥ = هو اتصل بي ليطلب مني أن آتي لحفلة عيد ميلاده. هو دعاني لحفلة.

6 To be ..... is to be unable to understand something clearly.

a) several

b) coloured

**c) confused**

d) suitable

٦ = أن تكون مرتبكاً "مشتت الذهن" هو أن تكون غير قادر على أن تفهم شيء ما بوضوح

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

1 Warda says she ..... **has to** (had to) do her homework.

2 If you don't study your mathematics, you ..... **won't be** (not/be) able to do the

exercises. **have been cleaning**

3 I ..... (have/clean) all morning - I'm bored!

4 Since I had a baby, I ..... **didn't use to** (not/use) get much sleep.

5 Malak and Manar ..... (was invited) to a party. They will attend.

**were invited / have been invited**

١ = وردة قالت انها يجب عليها ان تؤدي واجبها المنزلي. (فعل قول مضارع فتكون الأزمنة في المضارع {

٢ = اذا لم تذاكر الرياضيات لن تكون قادرا على ان تحل المسائل. { If 1 }

٣ = لقد كنت أنظف طوال الصباح . أنا اشعر بالملل.

٤ = منذ ان رزقت بطفل رضيع ، لم أعتد ان أحظى بنوم كثير.

٥ = ملك و منار دعيتا ( قد تمت دعوتهما ) للحفلة. ستحضران.

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A biography of a famous person in the media"

**"A biography about a person in the media"**

There are many famous people who work in the media now and in the past. I think Farouk shousha and Safia el Mohandes are the most important. Farouk Shousha is a well-known radio presenter. In his programmes, he always talked about the beauty of the Arabic Language. He was called the guardian of the Arabic Language. He won many prizes. Safia el- Mohandes was born in Cairo. She was born in 1922. She was the first female voice on the radio. She presented programmes for women and children. She also presented news, educational advice and drama for the whole family. She helped many people **in** this field. She was called the mother of the broadcasters. She retired in 1982.

يوجد مشهورون كثيرون يعملون في الاعلام الآن وفي الماضي. أعتقد أن فاروق شوشة و صفية المهندس هما الأكثر أهمية. فاروق شوشة مقدم برامج اذاعية شهير. في برامجه ، دائما ما كان يتحدث عن جمال اللغة العربية. كان يسمى حارس (حامي) اللغة العربية . فاز بعدة جوائز. ولدت صفية المهندس في القاهرة . ولدت في عام ١٩٢٢. كانت أول صوت نسائي على الراديو. قدمت برامج للمرأة والأطفال. ايضا قدمت الاخبار، نصائح تربوية ودراما لكل أفراد الاسرة. ساعدت اشخاص كثيرون في هذا المجال . كانت تسمى أم الاذاعيين. تقاعدت في عام ١٩٨٢.





## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

**Lina is going to watch an adventure film.**

**Lina** : What are you going to do this weekend, Yamen?

**Yamen** : I'm going to have a picnic.

**Lina** : (1) WOW! Where will you heading at ? / Where are you going?

**Yamen** : At Al Azhar Park. (2) And you? /What about you? ?

**Lina** : I think I will watch "King Kong". You know that adventure film.

**Yamen** : (3) Well! I think it is not a good choice. (a fantastic film )

**Lina** : Really? But I like adventure movies. Which movie do you recommend for me?

**Yamen** : (4) I think "The matrix " is a good choice.

**Lina** : The Matrix! Is it interesting?

**Yamen** : (5) Yes, it is very interesting.

**لينا سوف تشاهد فيلم مغامرات**

**لينا** : ماذا سوف تفعل في عطلة نهاية الاسبوع ؟

**يامن** : سوف أذهب في نزهة.

**لينا** : واو! إلى اين وجهتك ؟ / أين ستذهب ؟

**يامن** : في منتزه الأزهر . وأنت ؟ / ماذا عنك ؟

**لينا** : أعتقد أنني سأشاهد "الملك كونج" أنت تعرف

إنه فيلم مغامرات.

**يامن** : حسنا! أعتقد انه ليس خيارا جيدا ( فيلم جميل ).

**لينا** : حقا! لكني أحب أفلام المغامرات. أي فيلم

ترشحه لي ؟

**يامن** : أعتقد "الاسطوانة " انه اختيار جيد.

**لينا** : "الاسطوانة " هل هو ممتع ؟

**يامن** : نعم انه ممتع جدا.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**idea – believe – believed – astronomer – protect – predict**

Ptolemy was an (1) astronomer and mathematician. He (2) believed that the Earth was the center of the Universe. Although he started with this incorrect (3) idea, he was able to mix what he saw of the stars' movements with mathematics to (4) predict the movements of the planets.

بطليموس كان **فلكي** و عالم رياضيات . **اعتقد**

ان الأرض مركز الكون . رغم انه بدأ بهذه الفكرة

**الغير صحيحة ( الخاطئة )** استطاع ان يمزج

بين ما رآه من حركة النجوم والرياضيات **ليتنبأ**

بحركة الكواكب.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Satellites are in an orbit hundreds or even thousands of kilometres above us, they are part of our everyday lives. Farmers use satellite images to know the best time to water their fields and collect their wheat. You can watch your favourite channel from any country by satellite signal. Because of space, you get to cheer on your favourite team during a power play from the comfort of your living room. He shoots, he scores! You can call anyone from anywhere through satellite phone without worrying about

الاقمار الصناعية توجد في مدار يعلونا بمئات أو

حتى بآلاف الكيلومترات. انهم جزء من حياتنا

اليومية. يستخدم الفلاحون صور القمر

الصناعية ليعرفوا أفضل وقت ليرروا حقولهم و

يجمعوا قمحهم. يمكنك ان تشاهد قنواتك المفضلة

من اي دولة بإشارة الاقمار الصناعية. بفضل

الفضاء أنت تشجع فريقك المفضل اثناء مباراة

قوية وانت مرتاح في غرفة معيشتك. هو يسدد ،

هو يسجل! يمكنك أن تتصل باي شخص من أي

مكان عبر هواتف الاقمار الصناعية بدون القلق

بخصوص ....



الإشارة ! يمكنك ان تتصفح الانترنت مستخدما  
انترنت السرعات العالية الفضائي. يمكنك ان  
تحصل على النقود من أي مكان ، عندما تستخدم  
بطاقتك ينشأ رابط بالاقمار الصناعية بين  
المشروع و البنك الخاص بك. تساعد الاقمار  
الصناعية العلماء ايضا ليتنبأوا بالطقس.

the signal! You can surf the internet using satellite high-speed Internet subscriptions. You can get money anywhere. When you use your card, a satellite link is set up between the business and your bank. Satellites also help the scientists to predict the weather.

#### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

① The main idea of the passage is to show us .....

- a) how important the satellites are
- b) how farmers use satellites
- c) how satellite phones work
- d) how scientists predict the weather

② Satellites can help people in .....

- a) communications
- b) farming
- c) business
- d) all of the above

③ When there are no telephone signals, you can use ..... to call someone.

- a) ATM
- b) radio
- c) television
- d) satellite phones

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي ان تبين لنا مدى أهمية الاقمار الصناعية .  
٢ = الاقمار الصناعية يمكن أن تساعد الناس في ..... كل ما سبق  
٣ = عندما لا يكون هناك اشارة في الهاتف يمكنك ان تستخدم هواتف الاقمار الصناعية لتتصل بشخص ما .  
٤ = الاقمار الصناعية جزء من حياتنا اليومية . اشرح . = لخص مميزاتنا  
= نستخدمهم لزراعة المحاصيل ، نتواصل ، نستمتع ونسير الأعمال .  
٥ = كيف يمكن للاقمار الصناعية ان تجعل الاتصال بصديق اسهل؟  
= بفضل الاقمار الصناعية توجد دائما اشارة و الهاتف متاح

4. As we can use satellites in farming, sport, communications and business.  
5. You can call anyone from anywhere through satellite phone without worrying about the signal.  
6. Farmers use satellite images to know the best time to water their fields and collect their wheat. You can watch your favourite channel from any country by satellite signal.

#### B) Answer the following questions:

④ Satellites are part of our everyday lives. Explain.

We use them to grow crops, communicate, entertain and running business

⑤ How can satellites make calling a friend easier?

Thanks to satellites , there is always a signal and the phone is available.

⑥ Summarise the advantages of satellites.

We use them to grow crops, communicate, entertain and running business



#### 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

① "....." means to reduce how fast something goes.

- a) Slow down
- b) Absorb
- c) Create
- d) Waste

١ = " يبطئ " يعني أن يقلل مدى سرعة مرور شيء ما

② I'm terribly cross with him when he laughed at me. I'm very .....

- a) glad
- b) happy
- c) angry
- d) pleased

٢ = أنا متضايق جدا منه عندما ضحك علي. أنا متضايق جدا.

③ She wants to become a professional cook. "....." is the synonym of "professional".

- a) Annoyed
- b) Glad
- c) Amateur
- d) Qualified

٣ = هي تريد أن تصبح طباخة متمكنة . " مؤهل " هي مرادف لـ " متمكن "



4 Football is a popular sport. The antonym of "popular" is "....."  
 a) famous b) well known **c) uncommon** d) usual

٤ = كرة القدم رياضة مشهورة. مضاد "مشهورة" هو "غير شائعة"

5 We can get a noun from the verb "depress" by adding the suffix .....  
**a) -ion** b) -ment c) -ist d) -ness

٥ = يمكننا الحصول على اسم من الفعل "يكتئب"  
 باضافة اللاحقة " -ion " = اكتئاب depression

6 To get a meeting for a job from the word "view", add the prefix "....."  
**a) inter-** b) dis- c) im- d) ex-

٦ = لكي تحصل على مقابلة عمل من كلمة "منظر"  
 نضيف البادئة " inter- " = مقابلة interview

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

- 1 He was **given** (gave) nice presents for his birthday.
- 2 We ..... (already/started) cooking. **We have already started**
- 3 She said that she .. **was visiting** Paris the following weekend.
- 4 If it rains, we **won't go** (not/go) to the beach.
- 5 New houses **are built** (build) every year.

١ = هو أعطى ( تم اعطاءه ) هدايا لطيفة لعيد ميلاده.  
 جملة ماضي بسيط فاعلها مفرد غائب مبنية للمجهول = was + PP  
 ٢ = نحن قد بدأنا الطبخ بالفعل . { جملة مضارع تام already  
 ٣ = هي قالت انها كانت ستزور باريس عطلة الاسبوع القادم  
 { جملة ترتيبات مستقبلية غير مباشر ، { مضارع مستمر = ماضي مستمر }  
 ٤ = لو الدنيا مطرت ، نحن لن نذهب للشاطئ. { IF 1 }  
 ٥ = بيوت جديدة تبني ( يتم بناؤها ) كل عام .  
 { جملة مضارع بسيط فاعلها جمع مبنية للمجهول ، every year }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A short story you read"

"Black Beauty" is a children's book by Anna Sewell. A horse named Black Beauty is the main character of the book. In this book, the horse tells a story about his own life and experiences. When Beauty is four years old, Farmer Grey trains him to carry people on his back and pull carriages. When he gets older, he is sold to Squire Gordon at Birtwick Park. This is where he gets his name "Black Beauty" because he was a beautiful black horse with a white star on his head. Black Beauty meets many people, the kind and the cruel. He also makes new friends. We learn from this story to treat animals well because they have feelings like us.

"الجمال الأسود" هي قصة للأطفال بواسطة آنا سويل. حصان يسمى الجمال الأسود هو الشخصية الرئيسية للكتاب. في هذا الكتاب يخبرنا الحصان عن حياته و تجاربه الخاصة. عندما كان في سن الرابعة ، دربه الفلاح جراي ليحمل الناس على ظهره و يجر العربات . عندما كبر تم بيعه ل سكوير جوردون في منتزه بيرتويك . حيث حصل هنا على اسمه " الجمال الاسود " لانه كان حصان أسود جميل بنجمة بيضاء على رأسه. الجمال الاسود قابل ناس كثيرة ، الطيب و الشرير. أيضا أقام صداقات جديدة . نتعلم من القصة أن نعامل الحيوانات جيدا لان لها مشاعر مثلنا .



1. Complete the following dialogue:

1. No, I haven't heard anything
3. Where are these stores?
5. We all hope so.

2. What did they steal?
4. No, they didn't.

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Waleed is asking Mohammed about the news of the robbery.

Waleed : Have you heard the news today?

Mohammed : (1) No, I haven't . What happened?

Waleed : According to the newspaper, some people decided to steal last night. That's a bad news.

Mohammed : (2) What did they steal? / What happened? ?

Waleed : Apparently, four stores were broken into.

Mohammed : (3) Where was that? / Where did that happen?

Waleed : In Ahmed Orabi Street.

Mohammed : Did the police arrest them?

Waleed : (4) Unfortunately no, they escaped.

Mohammed : I hope they can find them soon.

Waleed : (5) I hope so.

وليد يسأل محمد عن أخبار السرقة

وليد : هل سمعت الأخبار اليوم ؟

محمد : لا لم أفعل. ماذا حدث ؟

وليد : طبقاً للأخبار، بعض الأشخاص قرروا أن يسرقوا الليلة الماضية.

محمد : إنها أخبار سيئة! ماذا فعلوا؟/ ماذا حدث ؟

وليد : على ما يبدو، أربعة محلات تم اقتحامهم .

محمد : أين ذلك ؟ / أين حدث ذلك ؟

وليد : في شارع أحمد عرابي.

محمد : هل الشرطة أوقفتم؟ ( هل قبضوا عليهم ؟ )

وليد : لسوء الحظ لا. هربوا.

محمد : أتمنى أن يجدوهم قريباً.

وليد : أنا أمل ذلك ايضاً.

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

cutting – cut – protect – destroyed – produced – planet

We need to (1) protect our rainforests because they are important habitats for wildlife. Trees keep the air clean for the whole (2) planet .

The greenhouse gas methane is produced by the cows that are brought to the area after the rainforest has been (3) destroyed . So, is it time to stop (4) cutting down our forests to create farms.

نحتاج أن نحمي غاباتنا المطيرة لأنها مواطن بيئية مهمة للحياة البرية. الأشجار تحافظ على الهواء نظيفاً للكوكب بأكمله. غاز الاحتباس الحراري الميثان يتم انتاجه بواسطة الأبقار التي يتم احضارها إلى المنطقة بعد أن يكون قد تم تدمير الغابة المطيرة. لذلك حان الوقت ان نوقف قطع غاباتنا لننشأ مزارع.

3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Jobs in the media look wonderful, so you'll need to decide which one is right for you before you make a decision. The word 'media' is still most commonly used to refer to newspapers, magazines, television, radio and the internet. The media also needs people working behind as producers or designers to make the content look best to people.

There is such different media jobs. Media professionals typically remain in one medium. For example, one might begin as a movie actor or a camera operator and eventually becoming a film director.

الوظائف في مجال الاعلام تبدو رائعة لذا أنت تحتاج أن تقرر أي واحدة مناسبة لك قبل أن تتخذ القرار. كلمة " الاعلام " ما زالت تستخدم على نطاق واسع لنشير إلى الجرائد ، المجلات ، التلفزيون ، الراديو و الانترنت. وسائل الاعلام تحتاج ايضاً الى اشخاص يعملون في الخلف كمنتجين أو مصممين ليجعلوا المحتوى يبدو افضل للناس. هناك وظائف مختلفة في مجال الاعلام. محترفي الاعلام بصورة تقليدية يظلون في مجال واحد. على سبيل المثال ، ربما يبدأ شخص كممثل افلام أو مشغل كاميرا وينتهي به الامر كمخرج افلام



However, it is possible to move between media in similar positions; and many media experts have done this well. For example, a newspaper journalist might switch to writing a book, and then write and host a television programme.

Jobs in the media include a journalist, an editor, a photographer, newsreader, designer and a presenter. The internet is beginning to replace traditional print media, but many publications are making a good go of extending their life online.

#### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The passage is about .....  
 a) media  
 b) news  
 c) entertainment  
 d) jobs in the media
- 2 The internet is beginning to replace traditional .....  
 a) telephone  
 b) radio  
 c) television  
 d) newspapers
- 3 There are many jobs that don't appear in the media like .....  
 a) producers  
 b) presenter  
 c) newsreader  
 d) actor



لكن من الممكن ان تنتقل بين مجالات الاعلام في مناصب متشابهة ، و العديد من خبراء الاعلام يفعلون ذلك بصورة جيدة. على سبيل المثال ، صحفي في جريدة ربما يغير مجاله الى كتابة الكتب ، ثم يكتب و يستضيف برامج تلفزيونية. الوظائف في الاعلام تتضمن الصحفي ، المعد ، المصور ، قارئ النشرة الاخبارية المصمم و المقدم . يبدأ الانترنت ان يحل محل وسائل الاعلام المكتوبة التقليدية و لكن كثير من الاصدارات تقوم بعمل تطوير لها و تتوسع في الحياة الرقمية ( على الانترنت ) .

- ١ = القطعة عن الوظائف في مجال الاعلام .
- ٢ = يبدأ الانترنت في حل محل الجرائد التقليدية.
- ٣ = يوجد العديد من الوظائف لا تظهر في الاعلام مثل المعلنون.
- ٤ = علام تشير كلمة " الاعلام " ؟
- = تشير إلى الجرائد ، المجلات ، التلفزيون ، الراديو و الانترنت.
- ٥ = اذكر بعض اسماء الوظائف في الاعلام؟
- = تتضمن الصحفي ، المعد ، المصور ، قارئ النشرة الاخبارية المصمم و المقدم.
- ٦ = هل تعتقد أن وسائل الاعلام التقليدية المطبوعة ستختفي مع الوقت.

#### B) Answer the following questions:

- 4 What does the word "media" refer to?

It refers to newspapers, magazines, television, radio and the internet.

- 5 Name some of the jobs in the media.

They include: a journalist, an editor, a photographer, newsreader, designer and a presenter.

- 6 Do you think that traditional print media will disappear by time?

Yes, I think so. Because life is becoming faster and people like to listen or read the news

#### 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 Is your grandmother still alive? The opposite of "alive" is ".....".  
 a) living  
 b) dead  
 c) able  
 d) disable
- 2 Are we doing enough to protect the environment? The meaning of protect is ".....".  
 a) remain  
 b) hurt  
 c) harm  
 d) save
- 3 "Education" is a noun, but the adjective is by adding the suffix ".....".  
 a) -er  
 b) -ist  
 c) -or  
 d) -al
- 4 We should help reduce pollution. We should ..... it.  
 a) increase  
 b) decrease  
 c) spread  
 d) cause

١ = هل جدتك ما زالت على قيد الحياة؟ عكس  
 "على قيد الحياة" هي "ميتة"

٢ = هل نفعل ما يكفي لنحمي البيئة؟ معنى  
 نحمل "هو نحافظ على"

٣ = "التعليم" هو اسم ولكن الصفة تكون باضافة  
 اللاحقة " -al " = تعليمي educational

٤ = يجب ان نساعد في تقليل التلوث. يجب أن "نقلل" هـ



5 "....." is the force which attracts things or people to the centre of the Earth.

a) Gravity

b) Space

c) Waste

d) Project

6 The prefix "....." can mean to do it again.

a) ir-

b) re-

c) dis-

d) un-

٥ = "الجاذبية" هي القوة التي تجذب الأشياء و الناس لمركز الأرض.

٦ = البادئة " re- " يمكن ان تعني أن تفعل الشيء مرة أخرى.

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word

in brackets:

have you known / have you been knowing

1 How long ..... (you/know) Mr Said?

2 He said that he ..... (has lived) there for a long time.

3 Our lunch ..... (cooked) by father when Mom was out.

4 A: She's late. B: Don't worry. She ..... (come).

5 When you ..... (see) Basmala, can you tell her to phone me?

١ = كم من الوقت قد كنت تعرف مستر سعيد؟ { مضارع تام استفهام }

٢ = هو قال انه قد كان يعيش هناك لوقت طويل. { ماضي تام منقول }

٣ = غداؤنا طهى ( تم طهيه ) بواسطة ابي عندما خرجت أمي.

{ ماضي بسيط مجهول لأن when تربط جملتين بزمانين متكافئين }

٤ = أ: هي متأخرة. ب: لا تقلق. ستأتي. { تنبؤ بدون دليل }

٥ = عندما ترى بسملة ، هل يمكنك ان تخبرها ان تتصل بي؟

{ اما طبقا لقاعدة الأزمنة المتكافئة مع when أو حالة If الاولى }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A short story about your visit to a habitat"

Egypt has a lot of natural habitats These natural habitats can't be seen in other places all over the world. I visited Al Nayzak Beach and Gebel Elba last summer. Al Nayzak Beach is an amazing natural habitat I give it five stars. It is called the Shooting Star by the locals. Al-Nayzak Lake is famous for its pure water. The lake attracts hundreds of tourists from all over the world, where they are able to dive and swim due to its safe, clean water. Gebel Elba, which is surrounded only by green fields, is one of Egypt's most wonderful places. The Gebel Elba National Park is in the south-east of the country. I highly recommend visiting it.

مصر بها الكثير من البيئات الطبيعية. هذه البيئات الطبيعية لا يمكن أن ترى في أماكن أخرى في جميع أنحاء العالم. أنا زرت شاطئ النيزك و جبل علبة الصيف الماضي. شاطئ النيزك بيئة طبيعية مذهشة. أعطيه خمس نجوم. يسمى النيزك ( الشهاب ) بواسطة المحليين. بحيرة النيزك مشهورة بمياهها النقية. تجذب البحيرة مئات من السياح من جميع أنحاء العالم حيث يتكونون قادرين على أن يغطسوا و يسبحوا بسبب أمانها ، و مياهها النظيفة. جبل علبة و المحاط بالحقول الخضراء فقط هو واحد من أروع الاماكن في مصر. منتزة جبل علبة الوطنى يكون في جنوب شرق مصر. أوصي بزيارته بشدة.



## Exam

5



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

A witness describes a thief to the reporter.

**Reporter :** Can I ask you some questions about the thief?

**Witness :** (1) No problem / Go ahead / Here you are

**Reporter :** (2) What was he wearing?/Can you describe him?

**Witness :** He was wearing a red shirt with a black cap.

**Reporter :** (3) Did you see his face? ?

**Witness :** No, I didn't. He was wearing a cap over his face.

**Reporter :** Did you tell the police?

**Witness :** (4) Yes, I ( did ) told them .

**Reporter :** Thank you so much for sharing this information with us.

**Witness :** (5) You're welcome. / Never mind / That's OK.

## شاهد يصف لص لمراسل صحفي

المراسل : هل يمكنني أن أسالك بعض الأسئلة عن اللص ؟

الشاهد : لا مشكلة . تفضل .

المراسل : ماذا كان يرتدي ؟ / هل يمكنك أن تصفه ؟

الشاهد : كان يرتدي قميص أحمر وقبعة سوداء

المراسل : هل رايت وجهه ؟

الشاهد : لا لم أفعل . كان يرتدي قبعة سوداء تغطي وجهه .

المراسل : هل أخبرت البوليس ؟

الشاهد : نعم أخبرتهم .

المراسل : شكرا لك جزيلًا لمشاركتك هذه المعلومات معنا .

الشاهد : مرحبًا بك . / لا عليك / حسنا .

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

solution – absorb – protect – are protected – species – product

Fewer than one hundred (1) species of mangrove trees are found in the world out of which only two are found in Egypt. Mangroves (2) protect people and the weather from the effects of climate change. Globally, protecting forests can be 30 percent of the (3) solution to climate change, thanks to their ability to (4) absorb and store carbon dioxide.

أقل من مائة فصيلة من اشجار المانغروف موجودة في العالم بينها فقط اثنان موجودتان في مصر. المانغروف تحمي الناس و الطقس من تأثيرات التغير المناخي. عالميا، حماية الغابات يمكن ان يمثل ٣٠% من الحل للتغير المناخي بفضل مقدرتها على ان تمتص و تخزن ثاني أكسيد الكربون

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Tourism industry remains one of the main sources of national income for any tourist country like Egypt and as a result, the Egyptian government always tries to develop it. What makes Egypt is the best-known tourist destination in the Middle East is that it has a wonderful history of more than 5000 years with different antiquities, artifacts, and monuments. Many thousands of tourists from all over the world enjoy Egypt tours each year. Not only Egypt's monumental sites but also Egypt's perfect climate throughout the whole year and its geographical location in the middle of

تظل صناعة السياحة أحد المصادر الرئيسية للدخل القومي لأي دولة سياحية مثل مصر و بالتالي تحاول الحكومة المصرية دائما أن تطورها. ما يجعل مصر أفضل وجهة سياحية معروفة في الشرق الأوسط هو تاريخها الرائع لأكثر من ٥٠٠٠ سنة بمقتنيات و آواني حرفية و آثار. الكثير من الالاف من السياح من كل أنحاء العالم يستمتعون بجولاتهم بمصر كل عام. ليس فقط مواقع الآثار المصرية ولكن مناخ مصر المثالي طوال العام و موقعها الجغرافي في وسط المنطقة



the area make Egypt the first top destination listed in the travel plans of most travelers and adventurers. Another advantage is that Egypt has many types of tourism that will meet all the needs of the travel lovers. There are many types such as cultural tourism, religious tourism, recreational tourism, medical tourism, desert tourism, eco-tourism, and diving and sea activities tourism. The most common type is the cultural tourism or as it's named the historical tourism which is related to visiting the ancient monumental sites.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) tourism all over the world      b) types of tourism  
 c) historical tourism      **d) tourism in Egypt**
- 2 Tourists like Egypt because it has ..... kinds of tourism.  
**a) different**      b) few  
 c) no      d) only two
- 3 Cultural tourism is related to ..... sites.  
 a) recreational      b) religious  
**c) historical**      d) medical

B) Answer the following questions:

1 What is the Egyptian government interested in?

*The government is interested in developing tourism industry.*

2 What makes Egypt the top destination listed in the travel plans of most travelers?

*It's monumental sites, perfect climate and geographical location.*

3 Summarise the types of tourism in Egypt.

cultural tourism, religious tourism, recreational tourism, medical tourism, desert tourism, eco-tourism, and diving and sea activities tourism.

B) Answer the following questions:

4. the Egyptian government always tries to develop tourism.
5. As it has a wonderful history of more than 5000 years with different antiquities, artifacts, and monuments.
6. There are many types such as cultural tourism, religious tourism, recreational tourism, medical tourism, desert tourism, eco-tourism, and diving and sea activities tourism.

١ = "النول" هو آلة تستخدم للنسج.

1 A ..... is a machine used for weaving.

- a) loom**      b) printer      c) carpet      d) weaver

2 Factories pollute the air with black smoke. This means that factories ..... the environment.

- a) save      **b) damage**      c) protect      d) provide

3 The noun from "equip" is formed by adding the suffix ".....".

- a) -ure      b) -tion      c) -ness      **d) -ment**

٣ = الاسم من "يجز" يصاغ بإضافة اللاحقة  
 " -ment " = معدات = equipment



٤ = كلمة "مكان" يمكن ان تكون فعل باضافة البادئة  
replace = displace = يستبدل = "dis" / "re-"

4 The word "place" can be a verb by adding the prefix ".....".

a) dis-

b) un-

c) re-

d) in-

5 Can I connect my printer to your computer? The synonym of "connect" is ".....".

a) disconnect

b) join

c) fail

d) harm

6 I'm trying to give up smoking. The antonym of "give up" is ".....".

a) continue

b) stop

c) turn off

d) defend

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1 If people drove more carefully, there'd ..... **be** (is) fewer accidents.

2 What's that delicious smell? ..... **have you been** (you/been) cooking?

3 Samar told me that she ..... **went** (go) to school by bike.

4 What ..... (the weather/be) like tomorrow?

5 That story ..... **will the weather be** (write) by Nahla two weeks ago.  
**was written**

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words

"A review of a natural wonder in Egypt"

Egypt has a lot of natural wonders. These natural wonders can't be seen in other places all over the world. I visited Al Nayzak Beach and Gebel Elba last summer. Al Nayzak Beach is an amazing natural wonder. I give it five stars. It is called the Shooting Star by the locals. Al-Nayzak Lake is famous for its pure water. The lake attracts hundreds of tourists from all over the world, where they are able to dive and swim due to its safe, clean water. Gebel Elba, which is surrounded only by green fields, is one of Egypt's most wonderful places. The Gebel Elba National Park is in the south-east of the country. I highly recommend visiting it.

مصريها الكثير من العجائب الطبيعية. هذه العجائب الطبيعية لا يمكن أن ترى في أماكن أخرى في جميع أنحاء العالم. أنا زرت شاطئ النيزك وجبل علبة الصيف الماضي. شاطئ النيزك عجيبة طبيعية مذهشة. أعطيه خمس نجوم. يسمى النيزك (الشهاب) بواسطة المحليين. بحيرة النيزك مشهورة بمياهها النقية. تجذب البحيرة مئات من السياح من جميع أنحاء العالم حيث يتكونون قادرين على أن يغطسوا ويسبحوا بسبب أمانها ، ومياهها النظيفة. جبل علبة والمحاط بالحقول الخضراء فقط هو واحد من أروع الأماكن في مصر. منتزة جبل علبة الوطني يكون في جنوب شرق مصر. أوصي بزيارته بشدة.



# 1. Finish the following dialogue:

1. I'm fine.
2. What are your plans for the future?
3. What do you think of technology?
4. I think driverless cars and advanced virtual reality will play important roles.
5. I agree with you.

## Exam 6



### 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ali and Karam are talking about the future.

Ali : Hi, Karam. How are you?

Karam : (1) I'm fine. Thanks . What about you?

Ali : I'm fine, too. I have always wanted to know how the future will be like.

Karam : Me, too. (2) What do you think your life will be like in the future?

Ali : I hope I finish my university. Then, I will travel abroad and start my own business.

Karam : (3) What do you think technology will be like in the future?

Ali : I think that technology is going to change very quickly and humans won't use it in a good way.

Karam : What technology do you think we will use in the future?

Ali : (4) I think cars will be driverless and we will be able to use virtual reality to discover things.

Karam : (5) That's true . Many companies are working on developing these two technologies right now: driverless cars and advanced Virtual reality.

### على وكرم يتحدثان عن المستقبل

على : هاى كرم . كيف حالك؟

كرم : أنا بخير. شكرا. ماذا عنك ؟

على : أنا بخير أيضا. لقد اردت دائما أن أعرف كيف سيكون المستقبل.

كرم : وأنا ايضا. ماذا تعتقد حياتك ستكون

في المستقبل؟ ما هي أهدافك المستقبلية؟

على : أمل أن أنهى جامعتي ثم ساسافر للخارج و ابدأ مشروعى الخاص.

كرم : ماذا تعتقد التكنولوجيا ستكون في المستقبل؟

على : أعتقد أن التكنولوجيا سوف تتغير بسرعة و البشر لن يستخدموها بطريقة جيدة.

كرم : أى تكنولوجيا تعتقد أننا سنستخدم في المستقبل؟

على : أعتقد ان السيارات ستكون ذاتية القيادة و أننا

سنتمكن من استخدام الواقع الافتراضي لنكتشف الأشياء.

كرم : هذا حقيقى. شركات كثيرة تعمل على تطوير

هاتان التقنيتان الآن. السيارات ذاتية القيادة و الواقع الافتراضي.

### 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

planting – planet – lifestyle – plant – recycled – star

We should have a (1) lifestyle that is better for the environment. Together, we can make this (2) planet a better place for our children. A good way would be to start with conserving water, driving less and walking more, using less energy, buying (3) recycled products, eating locally grown vegetables, creating less waste, (4) planting more trees, and many more.

### 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Online learning is another option for the traditional way of studies. Online studies develop from time and now it became easily accessible by all. Students can easily download applications and attend online classes, but classroom learning is as important like before. Nowadays, many universities and schools are moving towards online learning. They share their materials and subjects online. Many universities served their studies online for free or some of them made some charges.

يجب أن يكون لدينا نمط حياة أفضل للبيئة. معا ، يمكننا أن نجعل هذا الكوكب مكان أفضل لأطفالنا. الطريق الأفضل سيكون بأن نبدأ بتوفير المياه ، قيادة أقل و المشى أكثر ، استخدام طاقة أقل ، شراء منتجات معاد تدويرها ، أكل خضروات مزروعة محليا ، انتاج مخلفات اقل، زراعة أشجار أكثر و اشياء كثيرة أخرى.

التعلم عبر الانترنت هو خيار آخر للطريقة التقليدية للدراسة. الدراسة عبر الانترنت تتطور من وقت لآخر و أصبحت الآن سهلة الوصول للجميع. يمكن للطلاب بسهولة تنزيل التطبيقات و حضور الفصول الدراسية على الانترنت.. لكن التعلم في الفصول الواقعية مهم مثل السابق. الآن جامعات و مدارس كثيرة تتجه نحو التعلم عبر الانترنت . هم يشاركون وسائلهم التعليمية و موادهم الدراسية على الانترنت . جامعات كثيرة تقدم موادها الدراسية على الانترنت بالمجان و بعضهم يفرض رسوم.



For people who are working and want to complete their studies from home, it can be the best option for them. Some people complain that they are more comfortable with the offline learning. Every way has some advantages and disadvantages. With technology, everyone has ease with the online study, but some people are still against it.

One major difference between online and offline study is attention. In an online study, it is difficult to keep a check on each student while in offline classes it is easy to pay attention to students.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 The best title for this passage is ".....".  
 a) Universities Study      **b) Online Study**  
 c) Offline Study      d) Traditional Ways of Study
- 2 Thanks to technology, online learning became ..... than before.  
**a) easier**      b) more difficult  
 c) more impossible      d) worse
- 3 The underlined word "charges" means .....  
 a) for free      **b) pay an amount of money**  
 c) not paying any money      d) a & c

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 What's the best way of learning for the people who are working?  
*On line learning can be the best way for the people who are working*
- 5 What is the main difference between the two kinds of learning?  
*Attention is the main ( major ) difference between them.*
- 6 Which kind of learning do you prefer? Why?  
*Personally, a mix of the two ways can be wonderful to have the advantages of the two.*

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 The word "round" can be a verb by adding the prefix ".....".  
**a) sur-**      b) ir-      c) un-      d) ex-
- 2 Environment is the noun, but the adjective is by adding the suffix ".....".  
 a) -ion      b) -ist      c) -able      **d) -al**
- 3 Bad weather affects our lives. The synonym of "affect" is ".....".  
 a) calm      b) protect  
 c) defend      **d) influence**



بالنسبة للناس الذين يعملون و يريدون ان يكملوا دراستهم من البيت يمكن ان يكون الخيار الافضل لهم. بعض الناس يشتكى من انهم مرتاحين أكثر مع التعلم بدون الانترنت. كل طريقة لها بعض المميزات و العيوب . بواسطة التكنولوجيا توفر لكل شخص سهولة التعلم عبر الانترنت لكن بعض الناس مازالو ضد هذه الطريقة. أحد الاختلافات الرئيسية بين التعلم عبر الانترنت و التعلم الواقعي هو الانتباه. في الدراسة عبر الانترنت من الصعب ان تفرض رقابة على كل طالب بينما في الدراسة الواقعية من السهل ان تنتبه للطلاب.

١ = أفضل عنوان لهذه القطعة هو

"الدراسة عبر الانترنت"

٢ = بفضل التكنولوجيا ، التعلم عبر الانترنت أصبح اسهل من قبل.

٣ = الكلمة التي تحتها خط " رسوم " تعني

دفع مبلغ من المال

٤ = ما هي أفضل طرق التعلم بالنسبة للناس الذين يعملون ؟

= التعلم عبر الانترنت هو أفضل طريقة.

٥ = ما هو الفرق الرئيسي بين نوعين التعلم ؟

= الانتباه هو الفرق الرئيسي

٦ = أي نوع من التعلم تفضل ولماذا ؟

= شخصيا خليط منهما سيكون رائع لنستفيد من مميزات الاثنين.

4. Online studies.

5. One major difference between online and offline study is attention. In an online study, it is difficult to keep a check on each student while in offline classes it is easy to pay attention to students..

6. Offline study because it is easy to pay attention to students.

3

١ = كلمة " مستدير " يمكن ان تكون فعل باضافة

البادئة " sur- " = يحيط = surround

٢ = البيئة هو اسم ، لكن الصفة تكون باضافة

اللاحقة " -al " = بيئي = environmental

٣ = الطقس السيء يؤثر على حياتنا. مرادف " يؤثر " هو " يؤثر "



4 In 2020, he retired from the museum. The opposite of "retire" is "

a) stop working

**b) continue working**

c) give up work

d) leave work

5 I saw some ..... pass over this region. They were flying without pilots.

**a) drones**

b) flying cars

c) buses

d) motorbikes

6 "....." is a view showing an area of land.

a) Herb

b) Seagrass

**c) Landscape**

d) Desertification

٤ = في عام ٢٠٢٠ ، هو تقاعد من المتحف. عكس تقاعد هو "استمر في العمل"

٥ = رايت بعض الطائرات المسيّرة تمر فوق هذه المنطقة. كانت تطير بدون طيار.

٦ = المنظر الطبيعي هو المنظر الذي يبين منطقة من الأرض

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1 As soon as I ..... (finish) my homework, I read my favourite book.

had finished

2 Ali ..... (not/able) do his homework when his desk is in such a mess.

won't ( isn't ) be able

3 The train ..... (just/left) when I arrived at the station.

had just left

4 She avoids ..... (walk) in the rain.

walking

5 A new house ..... (bought) last year.

was bought

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words or

"A review of a job in the media"

Honesty is the main quality in the job of the journalist. The job of a journalist is not an easy one. It needs hard work all around the day. This sometimes requires sleeplessness. Meeting different people and finding out more about the world is a main part of the job. The job includes spending long time on the internet and talking to people on the phone too. Unfortunately, there are some journalists who give fake news and report on unreal facts to attract more readers and earn more money. This is a misuse for the job of a journalist. Finally, I'd like to say that honesty is the most important characteristic that remarks any job.

١ = بمجرد ان قد انهيت واجبي المنزلي قرأت كتابي المفضل .

{ As soon as + ماضي تام + "read" ماضي بسيط }

٢ = على سوف لن يتمكن من عمل واجبه المدرسي عندما يكون

مكتبه في مثل هذه الفوضى. { طبقا لقاعدة تكافؤ الأزمنة }

{ مضارع بسيط + when + مضارع بسيط / مستقبل بسيط }

٣ = القطار كان قد وصل للتو عندما وصلت الى المحطة .

{ ماضي بسيط + when + ماضي تام } { طبقا لقاعدة تكافؤ الأزمنة }

٤ = هي تتجنب المشي في المطر. { avoid + v-ing }

٥ = بيت جديد بني ( تم بناؤه ) العام الماضي. { was + PP }

{ جملة ماضي بسيط فاعلها مفرد غائب مبنية للمجهول }

الأمانة هي الصفة الرئيسية في مهنة الصحفي. مهنة الصحفي ليست سهلة. انها تحتاج عمل شاق طوال اليوم. هذا احيانا يتطلب عدم النوم. مقابلة أشخاص مختلفين و معرفة ما يدور في العالم هو جزء رئيسي من المهنة. تتضمن المهنة قضاء وقت طويل على الانترنت و التحدث الى الناس على الهاتف ايضا. لسوء الحظ، يوجد بعض الصحفيين يقدمون أخبارا زائفة و يكتبون عن اشياء غير حقيقية لجذبوا قراء أكثر و يكسبوا نقودا أكثر. هذه اساءة استخدام لمهنة الصحفي. أود أن أقول أن الامانة هي اهم سمة تميز أى مهنة.





## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Assem is talking with Hatem about their dream jobs.

Assem : Hello, Hatem. Can I ask you some questions?

Hatem : (1) *Hi! Assem. Yes you can. /Here you are/ What do you want to know?*

Assem : (2) *What is your dream job?* \_\_\_\_\_?

Hatem : My dream job is to be a robotic engineer.

Assem : (3) *Why would you like to be a robotic engineer?*

Hatem : Because I want to design new robots to use in different places. What about you?

Assem : (4) *I want to be a doctor./My dream job is to be a doctor.*

Hatem : Why would you like to be a doctor?

Assem : (5) *Because I want to help sick people.*

Hatem : I hope we both achieve our goals.

5

عاصم يتحدث مع حاتم عن وظيفتهما

عاصم : أهلا حاتم. هل يمكنني أن أسالك بعض الأسئلة؟

حاتم : هاى عاصم. نعم يمكنك / تفضل

ماذا تريد أن تعرف؟

عاصم : ما هى وظيفة أحلامك ؟

حاتم : وظيفة أحلامى هو أن أكون مهندس روبوتات.

عاصم : لماذا تود أن تكون مهندس روبوتات؟

حاتم : لأننى أريد أن اصمم روبوتات جديدة لتستخدم فى

أماكن مختلفة. ماذا عنك ؟

عاصم : أريد أن أكون طبيب. وظيفة أحلامى أن أكون ..

حاتم : لماذا تود أن تكون طبيب؟

عاصم : لأننى أريد أن اساعد المرضى.

حاتم : أتمنى لنا نحن الاثنين ان نحقق أهدافنا.

4

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

wider – wide – weave – shape – ship – threads

A loom is a device used to (1) *weave* cloth. The main aim of any loom is to hold the (2) *threads* to make it into fabric. The (3) *shape* of the loom may vary, but the basic function is the same. To choose a good loom, you'll need a loom at least a little bit (4) *wider* than the fabric you want to weave.

6

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Recycling means turning the waste materials into some useful materials. It is very important because it is the only way that can reduce pollution. In order to have a better future, it is very important to understand the effect of recycling on the environment. It is the need of the hour as pollution is at the highest, and it is very much important to control it as soon as possible.

The materials that can be recycled are known as recyclable ones. Industrial waste holds the maximum part of the total earth's waste. So, industries should plan how to reduce it, and the best way to do that is by using materials that can be recycled.

النول هو جهاز يستخدم **لنسيج** الملابس. الغرض الاساسي من أي نول هو الامساك **بالخيوط** و جعلها نسيج. **شكل** النول يمكن ان يتنوع ولكن الوظيفة الاساسية هى نفسها. لكى تختار نول جيد ستحتاج نول على الاقل **أعرض** قليلا من النسيج الذي تريد أن تنسجه.

إعادة التدوير يعني تحويل المخلفات الى بعض المواد المفيدة. انها هامة جدا لانها الطريقة الوحيدة التى يمكنها ان تقلل التلوث. لكى نحظى بمستقبل أفضل ، من المهم جدا أن نفهم تأثير إعادة التدوير على البيئة. انها احتياج الساعة لأن التلوث فى أعلى معدلاته و من المهم جدا أن نتحكم فيه فى اقرب ما يمكن. المواد التى يمكن ان يعاد تدويرها تعرف بالمواد القابلة لاعادة التدوير. مخلفات الصناعة تهيم على الجزء الأكبر من مخلفات الكرة الارضية . لذلك، المصانع يجب ان تخطط لتقليلها، و أفضل طريقة لفعل ذلك هى بواسطة استخدام المواد التى يمكن ان يتم اعادة تدويرها.



Every country should create proper awareness among people and industries. Governments of many countries have already started it, the faster, and the better. They are also taking initiatives to recycle a huge amount of waste.

كل دولة يجب ان تخلق وعي مناسب بين الناس و المصانع. حكومات دول عديدة بدأت ذلك بالفعل ، الأسرع و الأفضل . هم أيضا يأخذون مبادرات لكي يعيدوا تدوير كمية ضخمة من المخلفات .

### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) recycling and its effects on the environment  
 b) recycling initiatives  
 c) the importance of recycling  
 d) the governments' efforts
- 2 As a result of recycling, we will have a ..... future.  
 a) better  
 b) worse  
 c) boring  
 d) bad
- 3 Governments are also taking ..... to recycle a huge amount of waste.  
 a) farming  
 b) industry  
 c) initiatives  
 d) water

- ١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي التدوير و تأثيره / أهمية اعادة التدوير .
- ٢ = كنتيجة لاعادة التدوير سيكون لدينا مستقبل أفضل .
- ٣ = الحكومات ايضا تتخذ مبادرات لتعيد تدوير كمية كبيرة من المخلفات .
- ٤ = لخص النص في ثلاث جمل :
- = اعادة التدوير مهمة لتقليل التلوث . المخلفات يمكن ان تكون قابلة للتدوير . الناس و الحومات يجب ان يتعاونوا في هذه المهمة .
- ٥ = ماذا يجب على الحكومات ان تفعل بخصوص اعادة التدوير .
- = يجب ان يخلقوا الوعي و يأخذوا مبادرات لاعادة التدوير .
- ٦ = في رايك كيف يمكن للشباب ان يساعدوا في تقليل التلوث ؟
- = يمكن ان يعلموا الناس و يخلقوا الوعي بينهم بخصوص أهمية اعادة التدوير

### B) Answer the following questions:

- 4 Summarise the text in three sentences.

Recycling is important to reduce pollution. Waste materials can be recyclable. People and governments should cooperate in this task

- 5 What should governments do about recycling?

They should creat awareness and take initiative to recycling.

- 6 In your opinion, how can the young help reduce pollution?

They can educate people and creat awareness between them about the importance of recycling.



### 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 "....." when you work, often without pay, to learn about a job.  
 a) Farming  
 b) Internship  
 c) Marathon  
 d) Set up
- 2 Going into a university was my greatest achievement. I did something ".....".  
 a) great  
 b) bad  
 c) little  
 d) dull
- 3 What is that strange noise? The synonym of "strange" is ".....".  
 a) local  
 b) usual  
 c) common  
 d) unusual
- 4 Plants absorb carbon dioxide. The opposite of "absorb" is ".....".  
 a) destroy  
 b) take in  
 c) soak up  
 d) leak

١ = "التدريب" عندما تعمل غالبا بدون أجر ، لتتعلم وظيفة

٢ = الذهاب للجامعة كان أعظم انجازاتي . أنا فعلت شئ عظيم

٣ = ما هذه الضوضاء الغريبة؟ مرادف غريبة هي " غير معتادة "

٤ = النباتات تمتص ثاني أكسيد الكربون. عكس " تمتص " هي " يسرب "



٥ = لنحصل على الصفة من الفعل " يخيف " نضيف  
اللاحقة " -ed " = خائف = frightened

٥ To get the adjective from the verb "frighten", add the suffix ".....".

- a) -able      b) -ful      **c) -ed**      d) -less

٦ To change the meaning of the verb "prove", add the prefix ".....".

- a) in-      **b) im-**      c) un-      d) dis-

٦ = لنغير معنى الفعل " يثبت " يبرهن " نضيف  
البادئة " im- " = يطور = ينمي = improve

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

- 1 If I had a lot of money, I ..... (travel) around the world. **would travel**  
2 The cars are **washed** (washing) every week.  
3 He said that he **was** (is) sick.  
4 I wasn't hungry. I ..... (just/eaten). **I has just eaten**  
5 Sally is going **to make** (make) a beautiful dinner tonight.

- ١ = لو امتلكت مال كثير لكنت سافرت حول العالم . { IF 2 }  
٢ = السيارات تغسل ( يتم غسلها ) كل اسبوع . { مجهول مضارع بسيط }  
٣ = هو قال انه كان مريض . { ماضى بسيط غير مباشر }  
٤ = لم أكن جوعانا . لقد كنت أكلت للتو . { مضارع تام }  
٥ = سالى سوف تعد عشاء جميل الليلة . { be+going + to + v }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review of future technology"



### "A review about a future technology"

In the future, there will be some forms of technology. These forms will affect our future. One of them is driverless cars. Driverless cars will help us travel to travel anywhere without touching the controls. They will depend on electricity. They will be better for the environment. Some experts believe that we will have to wait until 2030 to use these cars. Although they driverless cars have a lot of pros, they have some problems. They need a lot of testing to be safe to use. We will have to make new laws. We also will have to make our roads better. We need change road sings so that computer can read them well.

في المستقبل سيكون هناك بعض اشكال التكنولوجيا. هذه الاشكال ستؤثر على مستقبلنا. إحداها هي السيارات ذاتية القيادة. ستساعدنا السيارات ذاتية القيادة لأن ناسفر لأي مكان بدون أن نلمس وسائل التحكم (في السيارة) . ستكون معتمدة على الكهرباء. ستكون أفضل للبيئة. يعتقد بعض الخبراء أن سيكون علينا أن ننتظر حتى عام ٢٠٣٠ لنستخدم هذه السيارات. رغم ان للسيارات ذاتية القيادة الكثير من المميزات فلها بعض المشاكل. تحتاج الى اختبار كثير لتكون آمنة للاستخدام. سيكون علينا ان نضع قوانين جديدة . سيكون علينا ان نجعل طرقنا افضل. نحتاج ان نغير اشارات الطرق حتى يقدر الكمبيوتر ان يقرأها جيدا.



## Exam

8



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Fayrouze is going to give a speech at school tomorrow about renewable energy.

Fayrouze : Are you free now?

Karima : (1) Yes, of course . How can I help you?

Fayrouze : I want to take your opinion about something.

Karima : What is it?

Fayrouze : (2) I'm going to give a speech at school tomorrow.

Karima : What are you going to talk about?

Fayrouze : (3) I'm going to talk about renewable energy.

Karima : (4) What would you like to begin with?

Fayrouze : I'd like to start by saying that renewable energy is very friendly to the environment. (5) What do you think about that?

Karima : I think it will be good.

فيروز سوف تلقي حديثاً في المدرسة غداً عن الطاقة المتجددة

فيروز : هل أنت متاحة الآن ( هل عندك وقت فراغ الآن ) ؟

كريمة : نعم بالطبع، كيف يمكنني مساعدتك؟

فيروز : أريد أن أخذ رأيك بخصوص شيء ما.

كريمة : ما هو؟

فيروز : أنا سوف ألقى حديثاً في المدرسة غداً.

كريمة : عن ماذا سوف تتحدثين ؟

فيروز : أنا سوف أتكلم عن الطاقة المتجددة.

كريمة : بماذا تودين أن تبدأي ؟

فيروز : أود أن أبدأ بقول ان الطاقة المتجددة صديقة للبيئة جداً.

ما هو رأيك في ذلك؟

كريمة : أعتقد انه سيكون جيداً.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

regions – habitat – is covered – covers – temperature – heat

A forest is a large area which (1) is covered with plants. Forest covers about one-third of our planet. Most of the different types of plants and animals have their forest as their (2) habitat . The average (3) temperature of the rainforests is from 20 to 34 degree Celsius. These (4) regions receive heavy rainfall throughout the year.

الغابة هي منطقة واسعة مغطاة بالنباتات. تغطي الغابات ثلث كوكبنا. معظم أنواع النباتات و الحيوانات المختلفة لها غاباتها كموطن بيئي. متوسط درجة الحرارة للغابات يكون من ٢٠ إلى ٣٤ درجة سلسيوس. هذه المناطق تتلقى أمطار كثيفة على مدار العام.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

The Egyptian squash player Nour El Sherbini became the first woman to win the Tournament of Champions three times—and she's not yet 30. The Egyptian athlete is no stranger to making sports history. In 2009, she became the youngest world champion in the history of the sport when she won the women's title at the World Junior squash Championships at just nine years old. In 2015, she became the youngest woman to win the Women's World Championship, which was held in Malaysia, and then a year later retained her title by beating her most recent opponent, El Welily, at the Women's World Championship held in El Gouna, Egypt.

لاعبة الاسكواش المصرية نور الشربيني أصبح أول امرأة تفوز بمسابقة الأبطال ثلاث مرات - و هي لم تبلغ الثلاثين. اللاعبة المصرية ليست غريبة عن صنع التاريخ في اللعبة. في عام ٢٠٠٩ أصبحت أصغر بطلة عالمية في تاريخ الرياضة عندما فازت بلقب السيدات في بطولة العالم للاسكواش للصغار وهي في عمر التاسعة . في عام ٢٠١٥ أصبحت أصغر سيدة تفوز ببطولة العالم للسيدات و التي عقدت في ماليزيا وبعد سنة استعادت لقبها بهزيمة منافستها الحالية "الوليلي" في بطولة العالم للسيدات التي عقدت في الجونة في مصر.



Nour El Sherbini was born on 1<sup>st</sup> November, 1995 in Alexandria. She started playing squash when she was 6 years old. She is a five time World champion. She is known as the world's best squash player.

نور الشربيني ولدت في أول نوفمبر عام ١٩٩٥ في الاسكندرية . بدأت لعب الاسكواش عندما كانت السادسة . انها بطلة العالم خمس مرات . تعرف بانها أفضل لاعبة اسكواش في العالم.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1 The passage is about .....

- a) Nour EL Sherbini's achievements
- b) how beautiful Nour EL Sherbini is
- c) the Tournament of Champions
- d) El Welily's achievements

2 Nour was ..... years when she became the youngest woman to win the Women's World Championship in Malaysia.

- a) 9
- b) 15
- c) 18

3 Nour won the World champion ..... times.

- a) 5
- b) 4
- c) 3

١ = القطعة عن انجازات نور الشربيني .  
٢ = نور كانت في العشرين من عمرها عندما أصبحت أصغر امرأة تفوز ببطولة العالم للسيدات في ماليزيا .  $20 = 1995 - 2015$   
٣ = فازت نور ببطولة العالم ثلاث مرات .  
٤ = لخص انجازات نور الشربيني ؟  
٥ = أ: بطلة العالم ثلاث مرات . ب : أصغر بطلة في العالم  
هـ = كم كان عمر نور الشربيني عندما فازت بلقب السيدات في بطولة العالم للشباب في ماليزيا.

d) 20

- 4. She won the Tournament of Champions three times. In 2015, she became the youngest woman to win the Women's World Championship. She is known as the world's best squash player.
- 5. She was 9 years old.
- 6. Yes, I think so. As she is still young.

**B) Answer the following questions:**

4 Summarise the achievements of Nour El Sherbini.

She is A= a three time world champion. B= the youngest world champion in history.

5 How old was Nour El Sherbini when she won the women's title at the World Junior squash Championships?

She was nine years old.

6 Do you think Nour El Sherbini will win more competitions? Why?

Yes, she is the best squash player.



**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

1 The prefix "....." can change the meaning of the verb "come".

- a) be-
- b) dis-
- c) un-
- d) ir-

2 To get the noun for a person from "farm", add the suffix ".....".

- a) -ist
- b) -er
- c) -or
- d) -ly

3 I read an amazing story. The antonym of "amazing" is ".....".

- a) wonderful
- b) fantastic
- c) terrible
- d) awesome

4 He could not control his feelings. "Control" is similar in meaning to ".....".

- a) manage
- b) design
- c) mend
- d) depend

١ = البادئة "be-" يمكن أن تغير معنى الفعل "يأتي"  
become = يصبح

٢ = لنحصل على الاسم لشخص من "مزرعة" نضيف  
اللاحقة "er" = "مزارع" farmer

٣ = قرأت قصة مذهلة. مضاد "مذهلة" هي "رهيبة"

٤ = هو لم يستطع ان يتحكم في مشاعره.  
"يتحكم" مشابه للمعنى لـ "يسيطر"



5 There are no mistakes with these answers. They are all .....

- a) false  
b) correct  
c) wrong  
d) far

ه = لا يوجد أخطاء في هذه الاجابات. كلها صحيحة

6 ..... happens when all the trees in an area are cut down.

- a) Greenhouse  
b) Farming  
c) Planet  
d) Deforestation

٦ = إزالة الغابات يحدث عندما تقطع كل الاشجار في منطقة ما

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets:

- 1 I didn't go to school until I ..... (get) better.  
2 My father ..... told ..... (said) me that I had to work hard.  
3 If it ..... wasn't ..... (not/be) so cold, we could go for a walk.  
4 I am planning ..... to buy ..... (buy) a new laptop soon.  
5 Will scientists ..... be able to ..... (able) find solutions for many diseases?

١ = لم اذهب إلى المدرسة حتى أكون قد تحسنت .

{ ماضي تام + until + ماضي بسيط منفي }

٢ = والدي أخبرني أنه كان يجب أن أعمل بجد . { فعل قول بعده مفعول لغير مباشر }

٣ = لو لم يكن الجو بارد جدا ، كان يمكننا أن نذهب للتمشية . { IF2 }

٤ = أنا أخطط أن أشتري لابتوب جديد قريبا . { plan+inf }

٥ = هل سيقدر العلماء أن يجدوا حلول للكوارث الكثيرة؟ { will be able to }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

### "A review of future cities"

How cities will be like in the future? By 2050, cities' services will increase. The

internet will be the main service which will make the city smart. Cities will become greener and have more cycle lanes and walking space, along with less pollution.

Buildings will produce their own energy from renewable sources and their design will be improved. Buildings will also get their energy sources through solar panels and wind turbines. Cities will have houses for all people, but they will also have big parks. The trees and other plants will give us clean air, and also give a home to animals and birds. People will grow their own food in gardens on roofs.

كيف ستكون المدن في المستقبل؟ بحلول عام ٢٠٥٠ ، خدمات المدن ستزداد. الانترنت سيكون الخدمة الرئيسية والتي ستجعل المدينة ذكية. المدن ستكون أكثر خضرة وطرقها بها حارات للدراجات وأماكن للمشاة تزامنا مع تلوث أقل. المباني ستنتج طاقتها الخاصة من مصادر متجددة وستطور تصميماتها. ستحصل المباني أيضا على طاقتها من خلال الخلايا الشمسية وتوربينات الرياح. المدن ستحتوي بيوت لكل الناس ، ولكن أيضا سيكون بها منتزهات ضخمة. الاشجار والنباتات الاخرى ستعطينا هواء نظيفا و تكون بيت للحيوانات والطيور. الناس سيزرعون طعامهم الخاص في الحدائق والاسطح.





## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Naira and Nader are discussing an environmental problem.

Naira : Hi, Nader. Why do you look so worried?

Nader : (1) *Hi, Naira. I'm worried ( reading a research ) about Pollution.*

Naira : Oh! Pollution is terrible!

Nader : (2) *That's right* . It's dangerous for both the Earth and us!

Naira : (3) *How dangerous is it? / What is its bad effect ?*

Nader : It causes a lot of problems to the environment.

Naira : Absolutely! Besides, pollution causes climate change.

Nader : (4) *What do you think we should do?/ What should we do?*

Naira : I think that we should start initiatives for encourage people to help reduce pollution.

Nader : (5) *That's a good idea. / Let's do that.*

نيرة و نادر يناقشان مشكلة بيئية

نيرة : هاى نادر. لماذا يبدو عليك القلق ؟

نادر : هاى نيرة. أنا قلق (أقرأ بحث ) بشأن التلوث.

نيرة : أوه! التلوث فظيع.

نادر : هذا صحيح. انه خطر على الارض و علينا معا.

نيرة : ما مدى خطورته؟ / ما هو تأثيره الضار؟

نادر : انه يسبب الكثير من المشكلات للبيئة.

نيرة : بالتأكيد! إضافة الى انه يسبب التغير المناخي.

نادر : ماذا تعتقد ان ما يجب علينا فعله؟

نيرة : أعتقد أننا يجب أن نبدأ مبادرات لتشجيع

الناس أن يساعدوا في تقليل التلوث.

نادر : انها فكرة جيدة / لنفعل ذلك.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

species – was set – set – attractive – global – distance

Ras Muhammad National Park is one of the most (1) *attractive* regions in Egypt and is located in the south of Sinai. You can visit it on your way to Sharm El-Sheikh as the (2) *distance* from there to Sharm El-Sheikh is about 12 kilometres. It includes different (3) *species* of colourful fish, sea turtles, beautiful coral reefs and underwater caves. It (4) *was set* up to prevent fishing.

منتزة رأس محمد الوطني هو واحد من أكثر المناطق *جاذبية* في مصر و يقع في جنوب سيناء. يمكنك أن تزوره و أنت في طريقك لشرم الشيخ لانه على *مسافة* من شرم الشيخ تقدر بـ ١٢ كم. يتضمن *فصائل* مختلفة من الأسماك الملونة ، سلاحف البحر ، شعاب مرجانية جميلة و كهوف تحت الماء. تم *تحديد* منع الصيد به.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

The space shuttle *مركبة فضائية* Columbia was named after the first American ship orbited the globe. Space shuttle Columbia was the first shuttle to reach space when it was launched from NASA on April 12<sup>th</sup>, 1981. The mission had a two-person crew: John Young and Bob Crippen. The aim was to make sure that Columbia worked well in space. Columbia returned from its first mission safely and several more test flights ran between 1981 and 1982.

المركبة الفضائية كولومبيا تمت تسميتها على اسم أول سفينة أمريكية تدور حول الأرض. المركبة الفضائية كولومبيا كانت أول مركبة تصل الفضاء عندما تم اطلاقها من قبل ناسا في ١٢ ابريل عام ١٩٨١. المهمة كانت لفريق من شخصين: جون يونج و بوب كريپن. كان الهدف هو التأكد أن كولومبيا تعمل جيدا في الفضاء. عادت كولومبيا من أول مهمة لها سالمة و جرت عدة رحلات طيران تجريبية بين عام ١٩٨١ و 1982.



Columbia carried a lot of astronauts into space during the next two decades. Space shuttle Columbia's final mission ended in disaster. The shuttle and seven-member crew were lost over Texas when Columbia burned up during return on February 1<sup>st</sup>, 2003. Columbia's loss encouraged NASA to do extra safety checks in orbit for all future missions.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 The passage is about .....  
 a) Nasa  
 b) Columbia's space missions  
 c) space shuttle  
 d) Columbia's loss
- 2 Columbia carried astronauts into space for nearly ..... years.  
 a) 5  
 b) 10  
 c) 15  
 d) 20
- 3 The first flight into space with Columbia had ..... persons.  
 a) two  
 b) three  
 c) four  
 d) five

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 What was the goal of launching Space shuttle Columbia for the first time?  
 It was to make sure that Columbia worked well in space.
- 5 Do you think that Space shuttle Columbia succeed in its first mission?  
 How do you know?  
 Yes, because it returned safely and more test flights ran after that.
- 6 How was the loss of Columbia in 2003 helped NASA?  
 It encouraged NASA to do extra safety checks in orbit for all future missions.

حملت كولومبيا الكثير من رواد الفضاء إلى الفضاء أثناء العقدين التاليين. آخر مهمة لمركبة الفضاء كولومبيا انتهت بكارثة. المركبة وطاقم عمل من سبعة أشخاص فقدوا فوق تكساس عندما احترقت كولومبيا أثناء العودة في أول فبراير عام ٢٠٠٣. فقدان كولومبيا شجع ناسا أن تجري اختبارات امان أثناء الدوران لكل المهام المستقبلية.

١ = القطعة عن مهام مركبة الفضاء كولومبيا.  
 ٢ = كولومبيا حملت رواد فضاء إلى الفضاء لقراءة الـ ٢٠ سنة. { في النص ذكرت كلمة عقدين يعني ٢٠ سنة }  
 ٣ = أول رحلة إلى الفضاء مع كولومبيا كان معها شخصين  
 ٤ = ماذا كان هدف اطلاق مركبة الفضاء كولومبيا لأول مرة ؟  
 = كان الهدف هو التأكد أن كولومبيا تعمل جيدا في الفضاء.  
 ٥ = هل تعتقد أن مركبة الفضاء كولومبيا نجحت في مهمتها الأولى؟ كيف تعرف؟  
 = لأنها عادت سالمة و جرت عدة رحلات طيران تجريبية بعد ذلك.  
 ٦ = كيف ساعد فقدان كولومبيا ناسا في عام ٢٠٠٣ ؟



**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 "....." means a running race of around 42 kilometres.  
 a) Location  
 b) Marathon  
 c) Explore  
 d) Set up
- 2 The rainforests are home to many different ..... of plants and animals.  
 a) pieces  
 b) species  
 c) spices  
 d) spaces
- 3 He had a lovely voice. I like it. "Lovely" and "....." are the same meaning.  
 a) costly  
 b) cheap  
 c) beautiful  
 d) horrible



١ = "سباق الضاحية" يعني سباق الجري لحوالي ٤٢ كم

٢ = الغابات المطيرة مأوى لفصائل مختلفة كثيرة من النباتات والحيوانات.

٣ = كان له صوت جميل. أحببته. "lovely" و "beautiful" لهما نفس المعنى.



4 Weaving is a traditional craft. The antonym of "traditional" is ".....".

- a) careful      **b) modern**      c) expensive      d) old

5 The verb "attract" can be an adjective by adding the suffix ".....".

- a) -ment      b) -able      c) -ful      **d) -ive**

٥ = الفعل "يجذب" يمكن أن يكون صفة بإضافة  
اللاحقة " -ive " = جذاب attractive

6 We can change the meaning of the word "change" by adding the prefix ".....".

- a) en-      b) dis-      c) im-      **d) ex-**

٦ = يمكننا أن نغير معنى كلمة " يغير " بإضافة  
البادئة " ex- " = يستبدل exchange

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

1 Sally said that she <sup>had been</sup> (is) sick the day before.

2 Before I retired, I <sup>didn't use to</sup> (not/use to) have much time to read.

3 If she passes the exam, she <sup>will be</sup> (be) very happy.

4 The car was repaired <sup>by</sup> (with) Sami.

5 Lucy <sup>ran</sup> (run) 2000 metres yesterday.

5

١ = سالي قالت انها قد كانت مريضة اليوم الفائت.

{ the day before } ماض تام غير مباشر لوجود

٢ = قبل أن أتقاعد، لم أعتد أن يكون لدى وقت كثير لأقرأ.

٣ = إذا اجتازت الامتحان ستكون سعيدة جدا. { IF 1 }

٤ = السيارة أصلحت ( تم اصلاحها ) بواسطة سامي.

٥ = لوسي جرت ٢٠٠٠ متر أمس. { ماضي بسيط }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"Your favourite story"

"Black Beauty" is a children's book by Anna Sewell. A horse named Black

Beauty is the main character of the book. In this book, the horse tells a story about

his own life and experiences. When Beauty is four years old, Farmer Grey trains

him to carry people on his back and pull carriages. When he gets older, he is sold

to Squire Gordon at Birtwick Park. This is where he gets his name "Black Beauty"

because he was a beautiful black horse with a white star on his head. Black Beauty

meets many people, the kind and the cruel. He also makes new friends. We learn

from this story to treat animals well because they have feelings like us.



"الجمال الأسود" هي قصة للأطفال بواسطة آنا سويل. حصان يسمى الجمال الأسود هو الشخصية الرئيسية للكتاب. في هذا الكتاب يخبرنا الحصان عن حياته و تجاربه الخاصة. عندما كان في سن الرابعة ، دربه الفلاح جراي ليحمل الناس على ظهره و يجر العربات . عندما كبر تم بيعه لـ سكوير جوردون في منتزه بيرتويك . حيث حصل هنا على اسمه " الجمال الاسود " لانه كان حصان أسود جميل بنجمة بيضاء على رأسه. الجمال الاسود قابل ناس كثيرة ، الطيب و الشرير. أيضا أقام صداقات جديدة . نتعلم من القصة أن نعامل الحيوانات جيدا لان لها مشاعر مثلنا .



## Exam 10



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Anwar and Farida are talking about seagrass.

**Fareed :** I read an interesting book yesterday.

**Anwar :** (1) What was it ( about ) its subject?

**Fareed :** It was about seagrass.

**Anwar :** Seagrass? (2) What does it mean? / Could you give me an example?

**Fareed :** The plants that live in the sea, usually near the coast.

**Anwar :** Are they useful for the environment?

**Fareed :** (3) Yes, they are very useful.

**Anwar :** How can they be useful for the environment?

**Fareed :** (4) They keep the sea healthy and help stop climate change.

**Anwar :** (5) Thank you for this valuable information.

**Fareed :** You're welcome.

## أنور وفريد يتحدثان عن عشب البحر

فريد : أنا قرأت كتب ممتع أمس.

أنور : ماذا كان ( عن ) موضوعه؟

فريد : كان عن عشب البحر.

أنور : عشب البحر؟ ماذا يعني؟ هل يمكنك أن تعطيني مثال؟

فريد : النباتات التي تعيش في البحر، عادة قرب الشاطئ.

أنور : هل هي مفيدة للبيئة؟

فريد : نعم هي مفيدة جدا.

أنور : كيف يمكن أن تكون مفيدة للبيئة؟

فريد : هي تحفظ نقاء البحر وتساعد في وقف التغير المناخي.

أنور : شكرا لك على هذه المعلومات المفيدة.

فريد : مرحبا بك / لا عليك.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**fossil – greenhouse – happens – forms – happened – green glass**

Climate change has (1) happened because of us. Human activities are producing huge amounts of (2) greenhouse gases into our air. These are made when we burn (3) fossil fuels – such as coal, oil and gas to make electricity, run cars and other (4) forms of transport, and power for industry.

تغير المناخ قد حدث بسببنا. نشاطات البشر تنتج كميات ضخمة من غازات الاحتباس الحراري إلى هوائنا. هذا يحدث عندما نحرق الوقود الحفري مثل الفحم ، البترول و الغاز لكي ننتج الكهرباء ، نشغل السيارات و أشكال ( أنواع ) المواصلات الأخرى و محطات الطاقة الصناعية.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Solar energy is energy from the sun, and it's the most abundant **وفيرة** energy source on Earth. Solar power can be captured and used in several ways to generate electrical energy for homes, businesses, and more. Solar power is a clean, renewable source. Solar panels produce electricity by changing the continuous flow of energy from the sun into electricity. No pollution is produced into the air when electricity is produced by solar panels. It doesn't cost much money.

The sun provides more than enough energy to meet the whole world's energy needs, and unlike fossil fuels, it won't run out anytime soon.

الطاقة الشمسية هي الطاقة من الشمس، و هي مصدر الطاقة الأكثر وفرة على الأرض. محطات الطاقة الشمسية يمكن أن تتكون و تستخدم بطرق عديدة لتوليد الكهرباء للبيوت ، المصانع و الكثير. الطاقة الشمسية مصدر نظيف و متجدد. اللوحات الشمسية تنتج الكهرباء بتغيير التدفق المستمر للطاقة من الشمس إلى كهرباء. لا يتم احداث تلوث غلى الهواء عندما تنتج الكهرباء بواسطة اللوحات الشمسية. لا تكلف أموال كثيرة. الشمس تمدنا بطاقة أكثر من كافية لتلبية احتياجات العالم بأكمله من الطاقة و عكس الوقود الحفري.....



No greenhouse gases are produced when you use solar panels to create electricity. The sun provides more energy than we'll ever need, so electricity from solar power is a very important energy source in the move to clean energy production.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 The passage is about .....  
 a) all renewable energy      b) electricity  
 c) solar energy      d) green house gases
- 2 The sun can provide us with ..... energy than we need.  
 a) more      b) less  
 c) little      d) a bit
- 3 We can use solar ..... to produce energy from the sun.  
 a) poles      b) fans  
 c) turbines      d) panels

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 What kind of energy is the solar one?

*It is a clean renewable source from the sun.*

- 5 What do you think is the most important advantage of solar energy?

*It is clean, renewable and provides more than what the whole world want.*

- 6 Name another renewable source of energy.

*Wind power energy*

لن تنفذ (تنتهي) في أي وقت قريب. لا يتم إنتاج غازات الاحتباس الحراري عندما نستخدم اللوحات الشمسية لإنتاج الكهرباء. الشمس توفر طاقة أكثر مما سنحتاج يوما لذلك الكهرباء من محطات الطاقة الشمسية مصدر مهم جدا للطاقة في طريقنا لإنتاج طاقة نظيفة.

- ١ = القطعة عن الطاقة الشمسية .
- ٢ = الشمس يمكن ان تمدنا بطاقة أكثر مما نحتاج .
- ٣ = يمكننا أن نستخدم اللوحات الشمسية لننتج الطاقة من الشمس.
- ٤ = أي نوع من الطاقة هي الطاقة الشمسية ؟
- = انها طاقة نظيفة ومتجددة من الشمس.
- ٥ = ماذا تعتقد هو أهم مميزات الطاقة الشمسية ؟
- = انها نظيفة ، متجددة وتمدنا بأكثر مما يحتاج العالم بأكمله .
- ٦ = اذكر اسم مصدر طاقة متجدد آخر ؟
- = طاقة الرياح



**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 To be ..... is something causing little or no damage to the environment.  
 a) inexpensive      b) sustainable      c) remote      d) especial
- 2 I went to the ..... where there are lots of pictures, drawings, etc.  
 a) exhibition      b) railway      c) journey      d) transport
- 3 They finally found the cat up on the roof. The synonym of "finally" is ".....".  
 a) firstly      b) ordinarily      c) lastly      d) normally

١ = أن تكون "مستدام" / صديق للبيئة " هو شيء يسبب ضرر قليل للبيئة

٢ = أنا ذهبت للمعرض حيث توجد الكثير من الصور ، الرسومات ، الخ .

٣ = هم أخيرا وجدوا القطعة أعلى السطح. مرادف " أخيرا " هي " lastly "



4 When I saw the dog, I was so frightened. The antonym of "frightened" is ".....".

a) afraid

b) brave

c) anxious

d) terrible

٤ = عندما رأيت الكلب ، كنت خائفا جدا. مضاد  
"خائف" هو "شجاع"

5 The verb "negate" can be an adjective by adding the suffix ".....".

a) -able

b) -ive

c) -ion

d) -ful

٥ = الفعل "يبطل / ينكر" يمكن أن يكون صفة  
بإضافة اللاحقة "ive" = سلبى negative

6 The opposite of "suitable" is by adding the prefix ".....".

a) ir-

b) in-

c) ex-

d) un-

٦ = عكس "مناسب" هو أن نضيف البادئة  
"un" = غير مناسب unsuitable

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

1 Paris and London ..... (visit) by many people each year.

are visited

2 When ..... (you/will) be able to take me to get my car?

will you

3 I ..... (need) a car if I lived in a big city.

would need

4 I arrived at work late because I'd ..... (miss) the bus.

missed

5 What is she going ..... (cook) for dinner?

to cook

١ = باريس و لندن " يتم زيارتهما " بأشخاص كثرون كل عام .

{are+PP = مضارع بسيط في صيغة المجهول لفاعل جمع

٢ = متى ستكون قادرا على أن تأخذني لأحضر سيارتي؟ {سؤال}

٣ = كنت لأحتاج لسيارة لو عشت في مدينة كبيرة . { IF 2 }

٤ = أنا وصلت إلي العمل متأخرا لأنني قد فوتت الباص .

{ ماضي تام + because + ماضي بسيط } السبب حدث أقدم من النتيجة

٥ = ماذا سوف تطهو على العشاء ؟ { be + going to + inf }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review of the job that you would like to do"

To achieve your goal is to reach your dream job. My dream job is to become a famous writer. From the early age, I loved reading stories and its reviews. Writing is a talent that requires special skills, so I started to take a course during the summer vacation. The year after the course, I joined a writing competition at my school and came the second. After I finish my school, I hope I will join the Faculty of Arts and study at the press department. My role model is Naguib Mahfouz. In the end, I'd like to say if you have a goal, you must work for it.

أن تحقق هدفك هو أن تصل غلى وظيفة أحلامك. وظيفة أحلامي أن أكون كاتباً مشهوراً. من عمري المبكر ، أحببت قراءة القصص و تلخيصها. الكتابة هي موهبة تتطلب مهارات خاصة لذلك بدأت في الانضمام لدورة دراسية أثناء الاجازة الصيفية. العام ما بعد الدورة التحقت بمسابقة في الكتابة في مدرستي و حصلت على المركز الثاني . بعد أن أنهيت دراستي أتمنى أن التحق بكلية الاداب و أدرس في قسم الاعلام. قدوتي هو نجيب محفوظ . في النهاية أود أن أقول لو عندك هدف يجب ان تسعى اليه.



1. I think it will be more beautiful.
3. I agree with you.
5. I'm not sure.

2. What do you think of building?
4. Do you think so?

## Exam 11

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Osama is asking Rezk about life in 2050.

Osama: What do you think our city will be like in 2050?

Rezk : (1) Well! I think there will probably be more people.

Osama: I'm not sure . Perhaps cities will be smart.

Rezk : (2) What do you think buildings will be like?

Osama: I'm sure that buildings will be much taller.

Rezk : (3) Yes, I think that is very likely. Tall buildings are a good idea.

Osama: What do you think transport will be like?

Rezk : Perhaps there will be flying cars. (4) What do you think? ?

Osama: (5) I'm not sure / I don't think so. Flying cars might not be very safe.

Rezk : I think that's very likely.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

directions – positioning – provide – to make – make – profession

Satellites are important to us in many ways. They (1) provide us with radio and cable television. They allow us (2) to make phone calls from long distances. They provide us with a global (3) positioning system (GPS) so that we know exactly where we are and we can find (4) directions to anywhere we want to go.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

A carbon footprint انبعاثات الكربون is the total amount of greenhouse gases (including carbon dioxide and methane) that are produced by our actions. Globally, the average carbon footprint for a person is closer to 4 tons. To have the best chance of avoiding a 2°C rise in global temperatures, the average global carbon footprint per year needs to drop to under 2 tons by 2050. By making small changes to our actions, like eating less meat, taking fewer connecting flights and line drying our clothes, we can start making a big difference.

## أسامة يسأل رزق عن الحياة عام ٢٠٥٠

أسامة : ماذا تعتقد سوف تكون مدينتنا في عام ٢٠٥٠؟

رزق : حسنا! أعتقد من المحتمل أنه سيكون هناك ناس كثيرون .

أسامة : أنا لست متأكدا. ربما ستكون المدن ذكية.

رزق : ماذا تعتقد سوف تكون المباني؟

أسامة : أنا متأكد أن المباني ستكون أعلى بكثير.

رزق : نعم أعتقد ان هذا محتمل جدا. المباني العالية فكرة جيدة .

أسامة : ماذا تعتقد سوف تكون المواصلات ؟

رزق : ربما سيكون هناك سيارات طائرة. ما هو رأيك؟

أسامة : أنا لست متأكدا/ لا أعتقد ذلك.

السيارات الطائرة ربما لا تكون آمنة .

رزق : أعتقد ان هذا محتمل جدا .



الاقمار الصناعية مهمة لنا في نواحي كثيرة. هم يوفروا لنا الراديو و تلفزيون الكابل. هم يسمحوا لنا بأن نعمل مكالمات لمسافات طويلة. هم يوفروا لنا نظام تموضع عالمي ( جي بي اس ) حتى نعرف جيدا أين نحن و يمكننا أن نجد الاتجاهات لأي مكان نريد أن نذهب إليه.

انبعاثات الكربون هي الكمية الكلية لغازات الاحتباس الحراري (ثاني أكسيد الكربون و الميثان ) التي يتم انتاجها بأفعالنا. عالميا، متوسط انبعاثات الكربون للشخص تقترب من ٤ طن. لكي يكون عندنا الفرصة الافضل لتجنب ارتفاع درجة حرارة الكوكب بمقدار درجتين سيلزيوس نحتاج ان ننخفض متوسط انبعاث الكربون تحت الطنين ( ٢ طن ) بحلول عام ٢٠٥٠ . باحداث بعض التغييرات لأفعالنا مثل أكل لحوم أقل ، ركوب رحلات طائرات أقل ، تجفيف ثيابنا بحبل الغسيل، يمكننا أن نبدأ بأحداث فرق كبير.



One of the most effective ways to begin thinking about how to reduce your carbon footprint is to rethink how much, and how often, you travel. Fly Less. Taking one fewer long round-trip flight could reduce your personal carbon footprint. Drive less. You can use public transport. If necessary, buy a new car such as the electric one.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) what a carbon footprint means  
**b) how we can reduce our carbon footprints**  
 c) the importance of flying less  
 d) the rise in global temperatures
- 2 Using ..... transport can help to reduce carbon footprint.  
 a) petrol      b) special      c) private      **d) public**
- 3 We need to reduce the average carbon footprint for a person ...  
 2 tons.  
**a) less than**      b) over      c) more than      d) nearly

B) Answer the following questions:

- 4 What does a carbon footprint mean?

*It is the total amount of greenhouse gases ( including Carbon dioxide and methane )*

- 5 Small changes to your actions will reduce your carbon footprint. Give examples.

*Eating less meat, flying less, line drying for clothes and using public transport*

- 6 How do you think we can reduce carbon footprint per year?

*By changing old habits and actions.*

أحد أكثر الطرق فعالية لكي تبدأ بالتفكير في كيف تقلل انبعاث الكربون الخاص بك هي ان تعيد التفكير في كم عدد سفرياتك . تنقل بالطائرة بصورة أقل. تقليل رحلة ذهاب و اياب يمكن ان يقلل انبعاث الكربون الخاص بك. يمكنك ان تستخدم المواصلات العامة ، في حالة الضرورة ، اشترى سيارة جديدة مثل السيارات الكهربائية.

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي كيف يمكن ان نقلل انبعاث الكربون الخاص بنا  
 ٢ = استخدام وسائل المواصلات العامة يمكن أن يساعد في تقليل انبعاث الكربون .  
 ٣ = نحتاج أن نقلل متوسط انبعاث الكربون للشخص أقل من ٢ طن .  
 ٤ = ماذا يعني انبعاث الكربون؟  
 = هو الكمية الكلية لغازات الاحتباس الحراري (ثاني أكسيد الكربون و الميثان)  
 ٥ = تغيرات صغيرة لافعالك ستقلل انبعاث الكربون الخاص بك . اعط امثلة .  
 = أكل لحوم أقل ، ركوب رحلات طائرات أقل ، تجفيف ثيابنا بجبل الغسيل و استخدام وسائل المواصلات العامة



3

١ = نحن توقعنا أنك كنت ستنجح. مضاد " ينجح " هو " يرسب = يفشل "

٢ = مرادف " ودود " هو " طيب "

٣ = محطة توليد الطاقة الشمسية هي منطقة فيها الكثير من اللوحات الشمسية تمدنا بالكهرباء



- 4 Australia is the smallest ..... in the world.  
a) city      b) village      **c) continent**      d) town

٤ = استراليا هي أصغر " قارة " في العالم .

- 5 "Egypt" is a country, but the nationality can be formed by adding the suffix ".....".

a) -able      b) -cian      c) -ist      **d) -ian**

٥ = " مصر " دولة ولكن الجنسية يمكن أن تصاغ بإضافة اللاحقة " -ian " = مصري = Egyptian

- 6 We can change the meaning of the word "ability" by adding the prefix ".....".

a) im-      b) re-      **c) dis-**      d) ir-

٦ = يمكننا أن نغير معنى كلمة " قدرة " بإضافة البادئة " dis " = إعاقة = disability

### 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

Did you use to

- 1 ..... (you/use) eat many sweets when you were a child?

- 2 He said that his mother was there (here).

- 3 What will the weather be (is) like tomorrow?

- 4 Two new computers were added (added) to our office last April.

- 5 We will stop (stop) for lunch when we get to the next station.

١ = هل اعتدت ان تأكل حلوى كثيرة عندما كنت طفلا؟

٢ = هو قال أن أمه كانت هناك . { ظرف مكان من here في الغير مباشر }

٣ = ماذا سيكون الطقس غدا ؟ { مستقبل بسيط will + inf }

٤ = كمبيوتران جديان اضيفا ( تمت اضافتهما ) لمكتبنا إبريل

الماضي. { جملة مجهول في زمن الماضي فاعلها جمع = were + PP }

٥ = سنوقف للغداء عندنا نصل إلى المحطة التالية.

{ اما تبعا لقاعدة تكافؤ الأزمنة مع when او الحالة الشرطية الاولى }

### 6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on

"A biography of Dr Farouk El-Baz"

#### "A biography of Farouk El - Baz"

Farouk El - Baz is one of the most important scientists in the world. Farouk El-Baz is an Egyptian American space scientist and geologist. He worked with NASA in the scientific exploration of the Moon and the planning of the Apollo program. He is one of the most important scientists who had done a lot of research before the first man walked on the moon. He helped astronauts to land on the moon. He gave advice to astronauts to collect the rock on the moon. He has studied deserts. He used satellites to find underground water in the desert. His work has helped a lot of countries to find water.

فاروق الباز هو واحد من أكثر العلماء أهمية في العالم. فاروق الباز هو عالم فضاء و جيولوجي مصري أمريكي. عمل مع ناسا (وكالة الفضاء الأمريكية) في استكشاف القمر والتخطيط لبرنامج أبولو. هو أحد أهم العلماء الذين قد أجروا أبحاث كثيرة قبل ان يمشي اول انسان على القمر. ساعد رواد الفضاء لم يبطوا على القمر. نصح رواد الفضاء أن يجمعوا صخور من على القمر. درس الصحارى. استخدم الاقمار الصناعية ليجد المياه الجوفية في الصحراء. ساعدت أعماله كثير من الدول ليجدوا المياه.



## Exam 12



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Naglaa and Eman are talking about their future predictions.

Naglaa: Hi, Eman. How are things?

Eman : (1) *Hi, Naglaa. It's all OK. / I'm fine thanks.*

Naglaa: (2) *Where do you think we will live in the future?*

Eman : I think we will live in space.

Naglaa: (3) *Really! Why ? / Why do you think that ( so )?*

Eman : Because we have the technology that will help us to do that.

Naglaa: Do you think we will be able to live under the water one day?

Eman : (4) *No, I don't think so.*

Naglaa: Why don't you think so?

Eman : (5) *Because we won't be able to have the technology to do that.*

نجلاء و إيمان تتحدثان عن توقعاتهما المستقبلية

نجلاء : هاى إيمان. كيف تجرى أمورك؟ / كيف حالك؟

إيمان : هاى نجلاء. الأمور تمام. / أنا بخير، شكرا

نجلاء : أين تعتقدى سنعيش في المستقبل؟

إيمان : أعتقد أننا سنعيش في الفضاء.

نجلاء : حقا! لماذا؟ / لماذا تعتقدين ذلك؟

إيمان : لأننا لدينا التكنولوجيا التى ستساعدنا لفعل ذلك.

نجلاء : هل تعتقدين أننا سنتمكن من أن نعيش تحت

الماء يوما ما ؟

إيمان : لا أعتقد ذلك.

نجلاء : لماذا لا تعتقدين ذلك؟

إيمان : لأننا لن نتمكن ان نمتلك التكنولوجيا لذلك.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

paying – several – for – after – said – told

The police are looking (1) *for* a man who stole 1,500 pounds from a shop in El Taharir Street. The police said there was a man walking into the shop at about 9 am. He took (2) *several* things from the shop. Then, he walked out of the shop without (3) *paying* for the products. . The police (4) *said* that the man was wearing black jeans and a blue shirt.

الشرطة تبحث عن الرجل الذي سرق ١,٥٠٠ جنيه من محل في شارع التحرير. قالت الشرطة كان هناك رجل دخل المحل عند حوالى لتاسعة صباحا . أخذ عدة اشياء من المحل. ثم خرج من المحل بدون الدفع مقابل المنتجات. قالت الشرطة أن الرجل كان يرتدي جيزر أسود و قميص أزرق

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Egypt has the most beautiful natural scenes including the desert, green lands, and pure natural pools. Egypt is visited by more than 14 million tourists every year.

Sharm El Luli Beach is located in Marsa Alam. It is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places. The beautiful beach is a main place for people who travel to Marsa Alam because of its pure and clear blue waters. The underwater sea life with clean beaches makes it perfect for snorkelling.

People love this place for its amazing sea life. You may also be lucky enough to meet the odd sea turtle during your snorkelling or diving trip.

مصر بها أكثر المناظر الطبيعية جمالا من ضمنها الصحراء، الاراضي الخضراء و البحيرات الطبيعية النقية. يتم زيارة مصر بواسطة أكثر من ١٤ مليون سائح كل سنة . شاطئ شرم اللولي الذى يقع في مرسى علم هو واحد من أكثر اماكن البحر الأحمر جمالا. الشاطئ الجميل هو مكان أساسي للناس الذين يسافرون لمرسى علم بسبب مياهه الزرقاء الصافية و النقية. الحياة تحت الماء و الشواطئ النقية تجعله مثاليا للغطس. الناس يحبون هذا المكان لحياة بحره الرائعة . يمكن ان تكون محظوظ كفاية لتقابل سلاحف البحر الفريدة أثناء رحلات غطسك.



The main attraction of the Sharm El Luli beach, which is also called Paradise, is its location in the middle of nature. Once you arrive there, you will see just why it gained its top spot on Middle East beach rankings, and the 22<sup>nd</sup> spot worldwide.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 This passage is talking about .....  
 a) tourists in Egypt                      b) winter in Egypt  
 c) Sharm El Luli Beach                      d) natural pools
- 2 People name Sharm El Luli Beach "Paradise" because it's in the .....  
 of nature.  
 a) middle                      b) corner                      c) bottom                      d) top
- 3 Sharm El Luli Beach is a good beach because it has attractive .....  
 a) air                      b) weather  
 c) sand                      d) water

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 How many tourists visit Egypt every year?  
More than 14 million tourists visit Egypt every year.
- 5 Sharm El Luli beach is one of Egypt's most beautiful Red Sea places.  
 Explain.

It has pure and clear water, Perfect underwater sea life and its location in the middle of nature

- 6 Which other places do you recommend for tourists who visit Egypt?  
Sharm El shiekh and Luxor & Aswan

عامل الجذب الرئيسي لشاطئ شرم اللولي و الذي يسمى ايضا بالجنة هو موقعه في وسط الطبيعة . بمجرد أن تصل هناك ستري لماذا حاز على مكانته كرقم ١ بالنسبة لشواطئ الشرق الأوسط و ٢٢ على العالم.

١ = القطعة تتكلم عن شاطئ شرم اللولي.  
 ٢ = يسمى الناس شاطئ شرم اللولي بالجنة لانه في وسط الطبيعة.  
 ٣ = شاطئ شرم اللولي هو شاطئ جيد لان به مياه جذابة  
 ٤ = كم عدد السياح الذين يزورون مصر كل عام ؟  
 = أكثر من ١٤ مليون سائح يزور مصر كل سنة  
 ٥ = شاطئ شرم اللولي هو واحد من أكثر أماكن البحر الأحمر جمالا في مصر. اشرح .  
 = مياهه الزرقاء الصافية والنقية. الحياة المثالية تحت الماء و موقعه وسط الطبيعة.  
 ٦ = أي الأماكن توصي بها السياح الذين يزورون مصر .  
 = شرم الشيخ والأقصر & أسوان



**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 A ..... is a route between two places along which trains travel on steel rails.  
 a) map                      b) railway                      c) sailor                      d) helmet
- 2 Our main aim is to increase sales. The synonym of "increase" is ".....".  
 a) misuse                      b) preserve                      c) reduce                      d) raise
- 3 We want to support the new project, not to destroy it. The opposite of "destroy" is ".....".  
 a) usual                      b) global                      c) damage                      d) protect

١ = السكة الحديد هي طريق بين مكانين يسافر القطار بطولها على قضيبين حديديين.

٢ = هدفنا الرئيسي هو أن نزيد المبيعات. مرادف "يزيد" هو "يرفع"

٣ = نريد أن ندعم المشروع الجديد ليس تدميره. عكس "يدمر" "يحمي"



4 You can get the adjective from "robot", by adding the suffix "\_\_\_\_\_".

a) -ic

b) -ly

c) -ion

d) -able

5 I went to the \_\_\_\_\_ where there are lots of pictures, drawings, etc.

a) exhibition

b) railway

c) journey

d) transport

6 The noun "cycle" can be a verb by adding the prefix "\_\_\_\_\_".

a) re-

b) dis-

c) un-

d) ir-

٤ = يمكنك أن تحصل على الصفة من "روبوت"

بإضافة اللاحقة " -ic " = آلي = robotic

٥ = أنا ذهبت للمعرض حيث يوجد كثير من

الصور ، الرسومات ، الخ

٦ = الاسم " دورة " يمكن أن يكون فعل بإضافة

البادئة " re- " = يعيد تدوير = recycle

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1 Where did you use to (used) live, Mazin?

2 It has been raining for three hours! It's still raining.

3 America Was discovered by Christopher Columbus in 1497.

4 When it stops raining, we'll be able to see (see) better.

5 Ahmed has chosen to study (studying) maths at university.

١ = أين اعتدت أن تعيش يا مازن؟ { عادة في الماضي سؤال }

٢ = لقد كانت تمطر لمدة ثلاثة ساعات. ما زالت تمطر .

{ مضارع تام مستمر حدث بدأ وما زال مستمرا = +v-ing has been }

٣ = أمريكا اكتشفت ( تم اكتشافها ) بواسطة كولومبوس ١٤٩٧

{ جملة ماضي بسيط in 1497 مجهول فاعلها مفرد ، +PP was }

٤ = عندما تتوقف عن المطر سنكون قادرين على أن نرى جيدا

٥ = أحمد قد تم اختياره ليدرس الرياضيات في الجامعة.

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

### "A biography of Farouk Shousha"

Farouk Shousha was born on January 9th, 1936. He was an Egyptian poet. He presented the popular television program Oumsiya Thaqafiya "Cultural Evening" from 1977 through 2006. Shousha was born in Damietta, where he went to Kuttab. Shousha read poetry in his free time. He began reading Arabic poetry at the local library, where he read everything from the pre-Islamic period through modern poets. Shousha joined Dar al-Ulum, where he was known as the Students' Poet. After he had graduated, he began working as a radio presenter. He became the head of Egyptian Radio. Then he moved to the television and was named "the guardians of the language". He died on October 14, 2016.



فاروق شوشة ولد في التاسع من يناير عام ١٩٣٦. كان شاعرا مصرية. قدم البرنامج التلفزيوني الشهير "أمسية ثقافية" من عام ١٩٧٧ حتى ٢٠٠٦. ولد شوشة في دمياط حيث ذهب الى الكتاب . قرأ شوشة الشعر في أوقات فراغه. بدأ في قراءة الشعر العربي في المكتبة العامة حيث قرأ كل شيء من فترة قبل الاسلام مروراً بالشعراء الحديثين. التحق شوشة بدارالعلوم حيث عرف بالطالب الشاعر. بعد ان تخرج بدأ العمل كمقدم برامج اذاعية . أصبح رئيس الاذاعة المصرية . ثم انتقل الى التلفزيون وسمى بحامي اللغة . توفي في يوم ١٤ اكتوبر عام ٢٠١٦



## Exam 13



5

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Suzie and Shereen are talking about the importance of newspapers.

**Suzie** :Hello, Shereen! How are you?

**Shereen** : (1) Hi, Suzie. I'm fine. Thanks. What about you?

**Suzie** :I am also fine. (2) Where are you going (to buy )?

**Shereen** :I am going to buy a newspaper.

**Suzie** :Do you read newspaper regularly?

**Shereen** : (3) Yes, I like reading newspaper.

**Suzie** :I also like reading newspaper. I always read the newspaper which is called the store house of knowledge.

**Shereen** : (4) Do you read the news online?

**Suzie** :No, I don't trust getting news from the web sites.

**Shereen** : (5) So do I./ I agree with you.

سوزي و شيرين تتحدثان عن أهمية الجرائد  
سوزي : أهلا شيرين! كيف حالك؟  
شيرين : هاى سوزي. أنا بخير. شكرا. ماذا عنك ؟  
سوزي : أنا بخير أيضا. إلى اين أنت ذاهبة ( لتشتري )؟  
شيرين : أنا سوف أشتري الجريدة.  
سوزي : هل تقرئين الجرائد بانتظام؟  
شيرين : نعم أنا أحب قراءة الجريدة.  
سوزي : أنا ايضا أحب قراءة الجريدة. أنا دائما أقرأ  
الجريدة التى تسمى بيت (مخزن ) المعرفة.  
شيرين : هل تقرئين الأخبار على النت ؟  
سوزي : لا. أنا لا اثق فى الحصول على الأخبار من  
مواقع الانترنت .  
شيرين : وأنا كذلك. أوافق معك

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

**pollution – governor – are going – will – population – apartments**

We have just heard that the government is going to do a lot of projects in the capital! They **are going** . to build many blocks with many **apartments** . The **governor** . said that the city needs more houses for its **population** . I think there won't be housing problems in Egypt in the future.

لقد سمعنا للتو أن الحكومة سوف  
تقوم بعمل مشروعات كثيرة فى  
العاصمة! هم سوف يبنون عمارات  
كثيرة بشقق كثيرة. المحافظ قال أن  
المدينة تحتاج بيوت كثيرة لسكانها.  
أعتقد انه لن يوجد مشاكل سكن فى  
مصر فى المستقبل.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Deforestation is the act of cutting down trees. Deforestation can happen in some lands. These lands may be needed for building houses or setting up factories. Even building roads need cutting down trees. Deforestation is affecting wildlife as well. Many animals have lost their habitat or their place of living. Trees produce oxygen and take in carbon dioxide. It can lead to several problems if deforestation is not stopped. It can lead to global warming. Floods can become uncontrollable as trees can protect us from them. Protecting trees should be the top interest of governments. We should grow more trees in the forest. This would help to resolve the loss of the trees cut down. Moreover, the use of plant-based products should increase.

ازالة الغابات هو فعل قطع الاشجار.  
يمكن ان يحدث ازالة الغابات فى بعض  
الأراضي. هذه الأراضي ربما يتم الحاجة  
اليها لبناء بيوت أو انشاء مصانع. حتى  
بناء الطرق يحتاج قطع الاشجار. ازالة  
الغابات يؤثر على الحياة البرية ايضا.  
حيوانات كثيرة فقدت مواطنها أو أماكن  
عيشها. الاشجار تنتج الاوكسجين وتأخذ  
ثاني أكسيد الكربون. يمكن ان يؤدي  
الامر لمشاكل عديدة اذا لم يتوقف ازالة  
الغابات. يمكن أن يؤدي الى الاحتباس  
الحراري.



## A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 This passage is talking about .....  
 a) global warming b) climate change  
 c) deforestation d) natural disasters
- 2 Trees can protect the environment from .....  
 a) floods b) rain  
 c) droughts d) pollution
- 3 Governments should be ..... protecting trees.  
 a) afraid of b) worried about  
 c) angry about d) interested in

## B) Answer the following questions:

- 4 What does deforestation mean?  
*It means the act of cutting down trees.*
- 5 Why do you think people cut down trees?  
*To build houses, factories and roads.*
- 6 How can we solve the problem of deforestation?  
*Stop cutting down trees, plant more trees and use plant-based products*

4. Deforestation is the act of cutting down trees.  
 5. These lands may be needed for building houses or setting up factories. Even building roads.  
 6. We should grow more trees in the forest. Moreover, the use of plant-based products should increase.

الفيضان يمكن ان تصبح لا يمكن التحكم بها لان الاشجار يمكن ان تحميها منها. حماية الاشجار يجب أن تكون على قمة اهتمام الحكومات. يجب ان نزرع أشجار كثيرة في الغابة. هذا سيساعد لحل مشكلة فقدان الاشجار المقتطعة. الى جانب استخدام المنتجات المعتمدة على النباتات.

- ١ = القطعة تتكلم عن ازالة الغابات .  
 ٢ = الاشجار يمكن ان تحمي البيئة من الفيضانات. / التلوث  
 ٣ = الحكومات يجب أن يهتموا بحماية الاشجار  
 ٤ = ماذا تعني ازالة الغابات ؟  
 = انه يعني عملية قطع الأشجار  
 ٥ = لماذا تعتقد ان الناس يقطعون الاشجار ؟  
 = لبناء البيوت ، المصانع و الطرق  
 ٦ = كيف يمكننا أن نحل مشكلة ازالة الغابات ؟  
 = بايقاف قطع الاشجار ، زراعة اشجار أكثر واستخدام منتجات قائمة على النباتات.

## 4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1 We should try to buy sustainable products. The synonym of "sustainable" is ".....".  
 a) temporary b) continuous  
 c) uncommon d) usual
- 2 Caracals catch and eat many animals, including mongooses, birds and rabbits. Caracals are kinds of wild .....  
 a) eagles b) crocodiles  
 c) turtles d) cats
- 3 "....." is when you work, often without pay, to learn about a job.  
 a) Marathon b) Herbs  
 c) Polar d) Internship
- 4 The opposite of "agree" is formed by adding the prefix ".....".  
 a) ir- b) in- c) dis- d) un-

- ١ = يجب ان نحاول ان نشترى منتجات مستدامة .  
 مرادف "مستدامة" هو " مستمرة "

- ٢ = الكركال يطارد و يأكل حيوانات كثيرة من ضمنها الطيور و الارانب . الكركال أنواع من القطط البرية

- ٣ = "التدريب" هو عندما تعمل غالبا بدون ان يتم الدفع لك لتتعلم عن وظيفة

- ٤ = العكس من كلمة " يوافق " تكون باضافة البادئة " dis- " = يرفض disagree



- 5 The world is facing the problem of increasing population. The antonym of "problem" is ".....".

a) solution

b) trouble

c) pollution

d) puzzle

٥ = العالم يواجه مشكلة ازدياد السكان. مضاد  
"مشكلة" هو "حل"

- 6 To get the noun for a person from the verb "read", add the suffix ".....".

a) -ment

b) -or

c) -er

d) -ing

٦ = لكي نحصل على الاسم لشخص من الفعل  
"يقرأ" نضيف اللاحقة "er" = "قارئ" = reader

- 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

- 1 I don't think I .. **will** ... (won't) be able to meet you tonight.  
2 A painting . **was sold** for more than one thousand pounds last night.  
3 Would you mind ... **opening** the door, please?  
4 It's late, so I don't think he's ... **going to do** his homework tonight.  
5 She ..... (eat) chocolate all morning, so she feels sick.

has been eating

- ١ = أنا لا اعتقد انني سأكون قادر على لقائك الليلة. { جملة غريبة }  
٢ = اللوحة بيعت ( تم بيعها ) بأكثر من ألف جنيه الليلة الماضية.  
{ جملة ماضي بسيط last night فاعلها مفرد في المجهول }  
٣ = هل تمانع فتح الباب لو سمحت ؟ { would you mind + v-ing }  
٤ = الوقت متأخر لذا لا اعتقد انه سوف يحل واجبه المدرسي الليلة.  
٥ = لقد كانت تأكل الشيكولاته طوال الصباح لذلك تشعر بالمرض.

- 6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words

"A short story you read"

"Black Beauty" is a children's book by Anna Sewell. A horse named Black

Beauty is the main character of the book. In this book, the horse tells a story about his own life and experiences. When Beauty is four years old, Farmer Grey trains him to carry people on his back and pull carriages. When he gets older, he is sold to Squire Gordon at Birtwick Park. This is where he gets his name "Black Beauty" because he was a beautiful black horse with a white star on his head. Black Beauty meets many people, the kind and the cruel. He also makes new friends. We learn from this story to treat animals well because they have feelings like us.



"الجمال الأسود" هي قصة للأطفال بواسطة آنا سويل. حصان يسمى الجمال الأسود هو الشخصية الرئيسية للكتاب. في هذا الكتاب يخبرنا الحصان عن حياته و تجاربه الخاصة. عندما كان في سن الرابعة ، دربه الفلاح جراي ليحمل الناس على ظهره و يجر العربات . عندما كبر تم بيعه ل سكوير جوردون في منتزه بيرتويك . حيث حصل هنا على اسمه " الجمال الاسود " لانه كان حصان أسود جميل بنجمة بيضاء على رأسه. الجمال الاسود قابل ناس كثيرة ، الطيب و الشرير. أيضا أقام صداقات جديدة . نتعلم من القصة أن نعامل الحيوانات جيدا لان لها مشاعر مثلنا .



## Exam 14



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Reem and Haneen are talking about types of news.

Reem : Hello, Haneen. Would you like to work in the media?

Haneen : (1) *Hi, Reem I hope so.*

Reem : (2) *Really! What would you like to be?*

Haneen : I'd like to be a photographer.

Reem : (3) *Why? / Why would you like to be a photographer?*

Haneen : Because I like taking photos.

Reem : What type of media do you think is most interesting for new

Haneen : (4) *I think Social media is the most interesting.*

Reem : Well, I hope you will achieve your dreams.

Haneen : (5) *Thank you, so do you.*

ريم وحنين تتحدثان عن أنواع الأخبار

ريم : أهلا حنين. هل تودين أن تعمل في الاعلام؟

حنين : هاى ريم . أود ذلك .

ريم : حقا! ماذا تودين أن تكوني ؟

حنين : أنا أود أن أكون مصورة.

ريم : لماذا ؟ / لماذا تودين أن تكوني ..؟

حنين : لأنني أحب التقاط الصور.

ريم : ما نوع الاعلام الذي تعتقدي انه ممتع للاخبار؟

حنين : أعتقد انها التواصل الاجتماعى هى الاكثر امتاعا

ريم : حسنا. أتمنى أن تحققي أحلامك.

حنين : شكرا لك. وأنت كذلك.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

make – making – fabric – Weaver – Weaving – threads

Tourists are interested in Egyptian handicrafts. **Weaving** is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, (2) **threads** and needles. A loom is a machine that crosses threads under and over each other to make (3) **fabric** . Weavers can (4) **make** very beautiful things. Unfortunately, there aren't many traditional weavers in Egypt today.

السياح مهتمون بالحرف اليدوية المصرية. **النسج** هو واحد من أشهر الحرف اليدوية في صعيد مصر. لكي تنسج ، أنت تحتاج أنوال ، **خيوط** وإبر. النول هو آلة تشبك الخيوط تحت وفوق بعضها حتى تصنع **نسيج**. النساجون يمكن ان **يصنعوا** اشياء جميلة. لسؤ الحظ ، لا يوجد كثير من النساجين التقليديين في مصر اليوم.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

An environment is a place where all living things live. Sadly, a large portion **نسبة** of the environment is endangered because of pollution and similar reasons. It's our duty to end all of these bad activities or actions. There are many ways to save the environment.

Tree plantation is the best step we should take for environmental protection. Trees keep our environmental balance. Drinking-Water is one of the most important resources so we should use it wisely. Habits like turning off the tap after using can be good for saving water. Burning of fossil fuels is a major reason behind environmental pollution. Fuels are also

البيئة هي مكان حيث تعيش فيه كل الكائنات الحية. للأسف ، نسبة كبيرة من البي معرضة للخطر بسبب التلوث و اسباب مشابهة. انه واجبنا ان ننهى كل هذه الانشطة أو الأفعال الضارة . توجد عدة طرق للحفاظ على البيئة. زراعة الاشجار ( التشجير ) هو أفضل خطوة يجب ان نتخذها لحماية البيئة. الاشجار تحافظ على توازننا البيئي. مياه الشرب هو واحد من أهم المصادر لذا يجب أن نستخدمها بحكمة. عادات مثل غلق الصنبور ( الحنفية ) بعد الاستخدام ممكن أن يكون جيدا للحفاظ على المياه. حرق الوقود الحفري هو سبب رئيسي خلف التلوث البيئي.



one of the most common resources we use a lot. Habits like using public transport should be more than that of our private vehicle. For saving the natural resources, we can include the use of recyclable products.

We can set up many initiatives towards the protection of the earth to help many people to be aware of that.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) tree plantation  
**b) ways to protect the environment**  
 c) bad habits  
 d) burning fossil fuels
- 2 Trees keep the ..... of the environment.  
 a) pollution  
**b) balance**  
 c) damage  
 d) fuel
- 3 To save the natural resources, we can ..... many things.  
 a) throw  
**b) waste**  
 c) keep  
**d) recycle**

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 What does the word environment mean?  
It means the place where all living things live.
- 5 What is the role of the initiatives in protecting the environment?  
They help people to be aware of the protection of the earth.
- 6 From your point of view, what other habits can we change to protect the environment?  
Using renewable sources of energy such as solar and wind power

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 A ..... is a place where horses sleep.  
**a) stable**      b) tent      c) carriage      d) vehicle
- 2 The doctor asked my father to give up smoking. He asked him to ..... it.  
 a) prepare      b) start      c) try      **d) stop**
- 3 The antonym of "different" is ".....".  
 a) distinct      **b) same**      c) dark      d) shiny

الوقود ايضا أحد أكثر المصادر شيوعا نحن نستخدمه كثيرا. عادات مثل استخدام وسائل المواصلات العامة يجب أن يكون أكثر من استخدامنا لمركباتنا الخاصة. للحفاظ على المصادر الطبيعية يمكن أن نضيف استخدام المواد المعادة التدوير. يمكن أن نؤسس مبادرات كثيرة نحو حماية الأرض لمساعدة ناس كثيرون ليدركوا ذلك.

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي طرق لحماية البيئة.

٢ = الاشجار تحافظ على التوازن للبيئة.

٣ = لكي نحافظ على المصادر الطبيعية يمكننا أن نعيد تدوير أشياء كثيرة.

٤ = ماذا تعني كلمة البيئة ؟

= هي مكان حيث تعيش فيه كل الكائنات الحية.

٥ = ما هو دور المبادرات في حماية البيئة ؟

= هم يساعدوا الناس ليدركوا أهمية حماية الأرض.

٦ = من وجهة نظرك ما العادات الأخرى التي يمكن أن نغيرها لنحمي البيئة.

= استخدام مصادر متجددة للطاقة مثل الطاقة الشمسية و طاقة الرياح.



١ = الاسطبل هو المكان حيث تنام الخيول.

٢ = الطبيب طلب من أبي أن يقلع عن التدخين. هو طلب منه أن يوقفه.

٣ = مضاد "مختلف" هو "نفسه / المثل"



4 A lot of mummies from the past are preserved in museums. They are

"....." well.

a) endangered

c) sent

b) kept

d) damaged

٤ = كثير من المومياوات من الماضي تحفظ ( يتم حفظها ) في المتاحف. هم "محفوظون" جيداً

5 The adjective "temperate" can be a noun by adding the suffix "....."

a) -ure

b) -ed

c) -ist

d) -or

٥ = الصفة "حرارى" يمكن أن تكون اسم بإضافة اللاحقة " -ure " = درجة حرارة = temperature

6 To make the word "cycle" mean to use again, add the prefix "....."

a) un-

b) re-

c) dis-

d) ir-

٦ = لكى تجعل الكلمة "يدير" تعنى ان نعيد الاستخدام مرة أخرى، نضيف البادئة " re- " = يعيد تدوير = recycle

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets: **have been writing**

1 We .....(write) this book for months and months.

2 We won't **be able to** go out if it rains.

3 Vegetables ... **are sold** in the market.

4 Basma said that she **would** call me the next day.

5 Do you enjoy ... **playing** the piano?

١ = لقد كنا نكتب هذا الكتاب لشهور وشهور . { مضارع تام مستمر }

٢ = نحن لن نكون قادرين على أن نخرج اذا تمطر . { IF 1 }

٣ = الخضروات تباع ( يتم بيعها ) في السوق . { مضارع بسيط مجهول }

٤ = بسمه قالت أنها كانت تود ان تتصل بي اليوم التالي.

{ جملة في زمن المستقبل في صيغة الغير مباشر }

٥ = هل تستمتع بالعزف على البيانو؟ { enjoy + v-ing }

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review of your visit to the White Desert National Park"

Egypt has beautiful natural wonders. White Desert National Park is one of them. It contains five oases. It has rocks that the wind has made into strange shapes. It's a beautiful wonder as the colours of rocks change at different times of the day. So they are very beautiful to look at.

مصريها عجائب طبيعية جميلة. منتزة الصحراء البيضاء الوطني هو احداها. يحتوى خمسة واحات . به صخور صنعت منها الرياح أشكال غريبة. انه عجيبة جميلة لأن ألوان الصخور تتغير في أوقات مختلفة من اليوم. لذلك هي جميلة لتنظر اليها.



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Dalia is reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.

Mira : Hello, Dalia. What are you doing?

Dalia : (1) Hi, Mira. I'm reading a book about the natural wonders of Egypt.

Mira : Amazing! Which place do you like most?

Dalia : (2) I think The best place is Gebel Elba.

Mira : (3) Why? / Why do you think that Gebel Elba is the best?

Dalia : Because it's a habitat for many animals and birds.

Mira : (4) Where is it ( Gebel Elba )? ?

Dalia : It's between the Red Sea coast and the mountains.

Mira : Sounds amazing! Can I borrow this book when you finish it?

Dalia : (5) Yes, of course.

داليا تقرأ كتاب عن العجائب الطبيعية في مصر  
ميرا : أهلا داليا . ماذا تفعلين؟  
داليا : هاى ميرا. أنا أقرأ كتابا عن عجائب مصر الطبيعية.  
ميرا : مدهش ، أي مكان تحبينه أكثر؟  
داليا : أعتقد أن أفضل مكان جبل عليبة.  
ميرا : لماذا؟ / لماذا تعتقدين أن جبل عليبة هو الأفضل؟  
داليا : لأنه موطن لحيوانات وطيور كثيرة.  
ميرا : أين هو ( جبل عليبة )؟  
داليا : انه بين ساحل البحر الأحمر والجبال.  
ميرا : يبدو رائعا! هل يمكنك أن أستعير هذا الكتاب  
عندما تنتهي منه؟  
داليا : نعم بالطبع .

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

affect – gases – affecting – rising – Climate – weather

(1). **Climate** .. change is the change of temperature and typical weather in a place. Burning fossil fuels produces greenhouse (2)... **gases** .. Climate change can cause droughts and floods because of (3)... **rising** .. sea levels. These effects endanger our health by (4). **affecting** food, water, air and the weather.

تغير المناخ هو تغير درجة الحرارة و الطقس  
المثالي في مكان. حرق الوقود العضوي ينتج  
غازات الاحتباس الحراري. تغير المناخ يمكن  
أن يسبب جفاف و فيضانات بسبب ارتفاع  
مستويات البحر. هذه الاثار تهدد صحتنا  
بتأثيرها على الطعام ، المياه ، الهواء و  
الطقس.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

The future home is made of a lot of ideas. It will include devices and technology which will make work easier. It will become safer and friendlier.

Carbon output in the future homes should be as minimal as possible so the use of renewable energy will be the best option in this case. Solar energy that is 100% ecofriendly and renewable will be the main source of energy in the future homes by the use of solar panels.

بيت المستقبل مكون من أفكار كثيرة. سيتضمن  
أجهزة و تكنولوجيا تجعل العمل أسهل .  
سيكون آمن أكثر و ومشجع أكثر. انبعاثات  
الكربون في البيوت الحديثة يجب أن تكون أقل  
بقدر الامكان لذلك استخدام الطاقة المتجددة  
سيكون أفضل خيار في مثل هذه الحالة.  
الطاقة الشمسية و التي هي ١٠٠ % صديقة  
للبيئة و متجددة ستكون المصدر الأساسي  
للطاقة في بيوت المستقبل بواسطة استخدام  
اللوحات الشمسية.



The size of the homes will be another important thing as the population rises, so houses will provide us with everything, but in small sizes. The use of water will be important as clean water is becoming limited, so the homes will have to be equipped with devices which use less water to reduce our use.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① This passage is talking about .....  
 a) population                      b) future cities  
 c) solar panels                    d) future home
- ② Solar panels get their energy from the .....  
 a) sun                                  b) moon  
 c) wind                                d) air
- ③ Our future homes will be ..... to the environment.  
 a) worse                              b) friendlier  
 c) less helpful                      d) more damaged

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- ④ Give a short summary for this text.

*The future home will become environment friendly using modern technology*

- ⑤ What will we use to reduce carbon output?

*We will use renewable energy such as solar energy*

- ⑥ How do you think we will reduce our use of water in our future homes?

*By using devices that use modern technology.*

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① ..... are the rules that we must follow.  
 a) Drones                      b) Satellites                      c) Controls                      d) Laws
- ② The ..... is the ruler of the country.  
 a) organiser                      b) president                      d) presenter
- ③ The synonym of the word "famous" is ".....".  
 a) private                      b) well known                      c) unknown                      d) special
- ④ The adjective "heroic" comes from its noun by adding the ..... "ic".  
 a) antonym                      b) synonym                      c) prefix                      d) suffix

أحجام البيوت سيكون شئ آخر مهم بسبب ازدياد السكان لذلك البيوت ستمدنا بكل شئ ، لكن بأحجام صغيرة . استخدام المياه سيكون مهم لأن المياه النظيفة ستكون محدودة لذلك البيوت لابد انما ستكون مجهزة بأجهزة تستخدم مياة أقل لنقل استخدامها.

١ = القطعة تتحدث عن بيت المستقبل.

٢ = اللوحات الشمسية تحصل على طاقتها من الشمس .

٣ = بيوتنا المستقبلية ستكون اكثر مناصرة "تشجيعا" للبيئة

٤ = اكتب ملخص قصير للنص ؟

= بيت المستقبل سيصبح مناصرا للبيئة مستخدما التكنولوجيا الحديثة.

٥ = ماذا سنستخدم لنقل انبعاثات الكربون؟

= سنستخدم طاقة متجددة مثل الطاقة الشمسية .

٦ = كيف تعتقد اننا سنقلل استخدام المياه في بيوتنا المستقبلية؟

= باستخدام أجهزة تستخدم التكنولوجيا الحديثة



١ = القوانين هي القواعد التي يجب أن نتبعها

٢ = الرئيس هو حاكم الدولة

٣ = مرادف كلمة "مشهور" هي "معروف جدا"

٤ = الصفة "بطولي" تأتي من الاسم باضافة "اللاحقة" -ic



- 5 The noun for a person from "invent" can be formed by adding the suffix

a) -er

b) -or

c) -ist

d) -ian

٥ = الاسم لشخص من "يخترع" يمكن ان يتم صياغته  
بإضافة اللاحقة " -or " = مخترع = inventor

- 6 To form the opposite of "appear", we add the prefix ".....".

a) dis-

b) in-

c) ir-

d) un-

٦ = لكي نصيغ العكس من " يظهر " نضيف البادئة  
" dis " = يختفي = disappear

- 5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s)

in brackets:

- 1 I'll go to the dentist's if I ... **have** (will have) a toothache.

- 2 ... **Will they come** tomorrow?

- 3 Each child was ... **given** (gave) a present by her mother.

- 4 As soon as they had arrived, we ... **left** (leave).

- 5 When we were at university, we used ... **to write** an essay a week.

١ = سأذهب إلى طبيب الأسنان اذا **عندي** وجع في الاسنان. { IF 1 }

٢ = هل سيأتون غدا ؟ { سؤال في زمن مستقبل بسيط }

٣ = كل طفل أعطى ( تم اعطاءه ) هدية بواسطة أمها . { ماضي بسيط مجهول }

٤ = بمجرد أن قد وصلوا غادروا نحن . { ماضي بسيط + ماضي تام + as soon as }

٥ = عندما كنا بالجامعة ، اعتدنا أن نكتب مقال أسبوعيا . { used to + inf }

- 6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A review of weaving in Egypt"

There are a lot of traditional art in Egypt. Weaving is an Egyptian tradition. It's an amazing craft, although there aren't many traditional weavers in Egypt today. A weaver uses a machine called a loom. This machine crosses threads under and over each other to make fabric.

يوجد الكثير من الفنون التقليدية في مصر. النسيج تقليد مصري. انها حرفة يدوية مذهشة رغم انه لا يوجد كثير من النساجون التقليديون في مصر الان.  
النساج يستخدم آلة تسمى النول . هذه الالة تخلط الخيوط في الاعلى والاسفل من بعضها لتصنع نسيج.



1. Finish the following dialogue:

1. What do you mean?
3. Oh! I understood that.
5. Ok. Thank you, Ramy.

2. Why was it named "Black Beauty"?
4. Sure. It was written by Anna Sewell.

1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ramy explains the story "Black Beauty" to Hadeer.

Ramy : Did you understand the meaning of the phrase "Black Beauty"?

Hadeer : Black Beauty? (1) What do you mean??

Ramy : I mean, the owner named his horse "Black Beauty".

Hadeer : (2) Why did he name ( call ) him? Black Beauty ?

Ramy : Because it was a black horse with white star on its head.

Hadeer : (3) Wonderful! . I think I'll read it again.

Ramy : Do you know who's the writer of the story?

Hadeer : (4) I think the writer is a woman called Anna Sewell.

Ramy : You are right. Anna Sewell is the writer of it, she wanted people to treat horses kindly.

Hadeer : (5) I think it is a wonderful story with a great moral.

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

be – being – retired – orbited – remained – astronaut

Valentina Vladimirovna was born on 6<sup>th</sup> March, 1937. She is an engineer and an (1) astronaut. She is known for (2) being the first and youngest woman in space on 16<sup>th</sup> June, 1963. She (3) orbited the Earth 48 times, spent almost three days in space, and remains the only woman to have been on space. She never went to space again. She (4) retired in 1997.

3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Technology has the power to do many things, and changing the world is one of them. We live in time where science and technology can help and make our lives easier. The technology we've already seen has paved the way for us to have better future.

Electric cars are nothing new they've been on our roads for some time now and they're only getting better. Car batteries are lasting longer, the charging station building is growing and driverless technology is being tested. It will come sooner than you probably think. When there's no space

رامى يشرح قصة "الجمال الأسود" لهدير

رامى : هل تدركين معنى عبارة "الجمال الأسود"؟

هدير : الجمال الأسود؟ ماذا تعني ؟

رامى : أعني ، المالك سمى حصانه "الجمال الأسود".

هدير : لماذا سماه ( أطلق عليه ) الجمال الأسود ؟

رامى : لأنه كان اسود بنجمة بيضاء على راسه.

هدير : رائع. أعتقد أننى سأقرأها مرة أخرى.

رامى : هل تعرفين من كاتب القصة؟

هدير : أعتقد أن الكاتب امرأة تسمى أنا سوويل.

رامى : أنتى محقة. أنا سوويل هى الكاتبة لها . ارادت أن

الناس تعامل الخيول بلطف (بطيبة )

هدير : أعتقد أنها قصة رائعة بمغزى عظيم.

فالينيتا فالديميروفانا ولدت يوم ٦ مارس ١٩٣٧ . هى مهندسة و رائدة فضاء . عرفت بكونها أول و أصغر امرأة فى الفضاء يوم ١٦ يونيو ١٩٦٣ . دارت حول الارض ٤٨ مرة و قضت تقريبا ثلاثة ايام فى الفضاء و تظل المرأة الوحيدة التى كانت فى الفضاء. لم ترجع مرة أخرى أبدا. تقاعدت فى عام ١٩٩٧.

التكنولوجيا لديها القوة لفعل أشياء كثيرة و تغيير العالم أحد هذه الأشياء. نعيش فى عصر حيث يمكن أن يساعدنا العلم و التكنولوجيا و جعل حياتنا اسهل . التكنولوجيا التى قد رايناها بالفعل قد مهدت الطريق لنا لنحظى بمستقبل أفضل. السيارات الكهربائية ليست شيئا جديدا لقد أصبحوا على طرقتنا منذ فترة الآن و يتطورون. بطاريات السيارات تظل لفترة أطول ، مباني محطات الشحن تزداد و تكنولوجيا القيادة الذاتية يتم اختبارها الآن. و ستأتى ، أقرب مما تعتقد.



left on the roads, it makes scientists think we might take to the sky. There is already plenty of interesting flying car designs that show this future is a realistic possibility. Perhaps if it's not flying cars, we might all have other forms of personal transport.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① The main idea of this passage is .....  
**a) the power of technology**      b) driverless technology  
 c) electric cars      d) flying cars
- ② ..... cars are already with us and we use them.  
 a) Driverless      **b) Electric**  
 c) Flying      d) None of these
- ③ We live in time where ..... can help us.  
 a) technology      b) sports  
 c) science      **d) a and c**

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- ④ Give a suitable summary for this text.

**Today's technology has the power to make today's life easy and tomorrow's life easier.**

- ⑤ "Electric cars are getting better". Explain.

**Their batteries can last longer, and their service stations grow fast.**

- ⑥ How do you think we will go to our work in the future?

**We can go by modern means of transport such as electric and flying cars.**

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① We get the adjective from the noun "nation" by adding the suffix ".....".  
 a) -ive      b) -ful      c) -able      **d) -al**
- ② We can get the opposite of "fortunately" by adding the ..... "un".  
 a) synonym      b) antonym      **c) prefix**      d) suffix
- ③ The synonym of "true" is ".....".  
**a) real**      b) false      c) cool      d) loud

عندما لن يكون هناك مكان باقي في الطرقات  
 يجعل ذلك العلماء يفكرون أننا ممكن ان  
 نستخدم السماء . يوجد بالفعل نماذج  
 تصميم لسيارات طائرة كثيرة وهذا يوضح أن  
 المستقبل حقيقة ممكنة. ربما ان لم تكن  
 لدينا السيارات الطائرة فاننا ربما سيكون  
 لدينا وسائل مواصلات شخصية.

- ١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي قوة التكنولوجيا .  
 ٢ = السيارات الكهربائية بالفعل معنا ونحن نستخدمها.  
 ٣ = نحن نعيش في عصر حيث { التكنولوجيا والعلوم }  
 يمكن أن تساعدنا .  
 ٤ = اذكر ملخص مناسب لهذا النص؟  
 = تكنولوجيا اليوم لها القوة لتجعل حياة اليوم سهلة و  
 حياة غدا اسهل .  
 ٥ = " السيارات الكهربائية تتطور " اشرح .  
 = بطارياتها يمكن أن تدوم أطول ، ومحطات خدمتها  
 تنمو بسرعة .  
 ٦ = كيف تعتقد أننا سنذهب إلى عملنا في المستقبل؟  
 = يمكن ان نذهب بوسائل مواصلات حديثة مثل .....

١ = نحصل على الصفة من الاسم "وطن/ قوم"  
 بإضافة اللاحقة "al- = قومي = وطني national"

٢ = يمكننا أن نحصل على العكس من " لحسن  
 الحظ " بإضافة البادئة " un- " لسوء الحظ  
 unfortunately =

٣ = مرادف " حقيقي / صحيح " هو " حقيقي true "



٤ = يمكنك أن تضيف اللاحقة "able" للاسم "راحة" لكي تحصل على الصفة منه .  
comfortable = مريح

٤ You can add the suffix "\_\_\_\_\_ " to the noun "comfort" to get its adjective.

- a) -ed      b) -ive      c) -ful      **d) -able**

٥ Coronavirus is an international \_\_\_\_\_ .

- a) mask      b) device  
c) prediction      **d) pandemic**

٥ = فيروس كورونا جائحة عالمية

٦ "\_\_\_\_\_ " means a group of animals or plants of the same kind.

- a) Herbs      **b) Species**  
c) Seagrass      d) Grassland

٦ = "الفصيلة" تعنة مجموعة من الحيوانات أو النباتات من نفس النوع

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word in brackets:

- ١ If she studied harder, she .. **would pass** | her exams easily.  
٢ Amany said that she ... **couldn't** | swim.  
٣ Maybe the government . **will be able** | to build new cities next year.  
٤ My brother avoids .... **playing** | computer games. He thinks they're boring.  
٥ My car was . **stolen** (steal) from our garage last night.

١ = لو كانت ذاكرت بجد لكنت اجتازت امتحاناتها بسهولة. { IF2 }  
٢ = أمانى قالت أنها لم تكن تستطيع أن تسبح ( تعوم ) . { غير مباشر }  
٣ = ربما الحكومة سوف تكون قادرة أن تبني مدن جديدة العام القادم  
٤ = أخى يتجنب لعب ألعاب الكمبيوتر . هو يعتقد أنها مملة.  
٥ = سيارتي سرقت ( تمت سرقتها ) من الجراج الخاص بنا ليلة أمس



6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A biography of Ayman Ragab"

Ayman Ragab is an Egyptian scientist who has always been interested in space science. Ayman is from the village of al-Dababiya near Luxor and graduated in Engineering from Aswan University. Ayman Ragab entered the competition that NASA started it to ask the world's best scientists to try and find a solution for the rubbish that space journeys produce. Ragab came second in 2019. He suggested using jets of air to make the waste smaller and then help to recycle it. Since he won his prize, he has worked on NASA's Technology Transfer Project which looks at how to use the latest technology in space, and he has recently found ways to save energy when there is little gravity.

أيمن رجب عالم مصري قد كان دائما مهتما بعلوم الفضاء. أيمن من قرية الدبابية بالقرب من الأقصر وتخرج في الهندسة من جامعة أسوان. انضم أيمن رجب للمسابقة التي بدأتها ناسا لتطلب أفضل العلماء في العالم ليحاولوا ان يجدوا حلا للقمامة التي تنتجها رحلات الفضاء. أتي رجب في المركز الثاني في عام ٢٠١٩ . اقترح استخدام تيارات من الهواء لجعل المخلفات اصغر مما يساعد في إعادة تدويرها. منذ ن فاز بجائزته ، بدأ العمل في مشروع ناسا لنقل التكنولوجيا الذي يبحث في كيفية استخدام أحدث التكنولوجيا في الفضاء ، ووجد بالفعل طرقا للحفاظ على الطاقة عندما يكون هناك جاذبية اقل.



## Exam 17



## مازن يقرأ مقالا عن المعيشة المستدامة

صافي : هاي مازن. ماذا تفعل ؟

مازن : هاي صافي. أنا أقرأ مقالا عن المعيشة المستدامة.

صافي : عظيم! هل يمكننا أن نستخدم منتجات مستدامة؟

مازن : نعم. يمكننا أن نستخدم منتجات مستدامة .

صافي : ما أنواع المنتجات المستدامة يمكننا أن نستخدم ؟

مازن : يمكننا أن نستخدم أكواب البامبو وأكياس

التسوق القابلة لإعادة الاستخدام.

صافي : هل أكياس البلاستيك مضرّة للبيئة ؟

مازن : نعم أكياس البلاستيك وفرش الاسنان مضرّة

للبيئة .

صافي : شكرا على هذه المعلومات المفيدة

مازن : مرحبا بك / لا عليك.

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Mazin is reading an article about sustainable living.

Safy : Hi, Mazin. What are you doing?

Mazin : (1) *Hi, Safy I'm reading an article about sustainable living.*Safy : (2) *Great! Could we use sustainable products?*

Mazin : Yes, we could use sustainable products.

Safy : What kinds of sustainable products can we use?

Mazin : (3) *We can use bamboo cups and reusable shopping bags.*Safy : (4) *Are plastic bags bad for the environment?*

Mazin : Yes, plastic bags and toothbrushes are bad for the environment.

Safy : Thanks for this useful information.

Mazin : (5) *You are welcome. / Don't mention it.*

## 1. Finish the following dialogue:

1. I'm reading an article about sustainable living.

2. Could we use sustainable products?

3. We could use rechargeable batteries and reusable shopping bags.

4. Do you think that plastic bags and toothbrushes are bad for the environment?

5. You're welcome.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

find – observatory – space – system – Ancient – found

My name's Habiba. I'm interested in studying space. I like watching the stars. Our solar (1) *system* .. is wonderful. Last weekend, I went on a school trip to the (2) *observatory* in Alexandria. We saw a really interesting film about Ancient Egypt. We learned about how the (3) *Ancient* Egyptians had studied the stars to (4) *find* .. out when the Nile flooded.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Unfortunately, the rainforests are endangered. A study was carried out by researchers, who found that between 2000 and 2017, 14% of the rainforests were lost to deforestation.

The Amazon Rainforest has been described as the "Lungs of our Planet" because it provides the essential environmental world service of continuously recycling carbon dioxide into oxygen. More than 20 percent of the world oxygen is produced in the Amazon Rainforest.

The Amazon rainforest is the largest rainforest in the world, covering an area of 6,000,000 km<sup>2</sup>. It represents over half of the planet's rainforests.

اسمي حبيبة . أنا مهتم بدراسة الفضاء .  
أحب مشاهدة النجوم . *نظامنا الشمسي* .  
رائع . عطلة نهاية الاسبوع الماضية . ذهبت  
في رحلة مدرسية إلى *المركز الفلكي* في  
الاسكندرية. شاهدنا فيلم رائع حقا عن  
مصر القديمة. تعلمنا عن كيف *ان قدماء*  
المصريين قد درسوا النجوم *ليكتشفوا* متى  
يفيض النيل.

لسؤ الحظ ، الغابات المطيرة في خطر. تم  
القيام بدراسة بواسطة الباحثين الذين  
وجدوا انه بين عامي ٢٠٠٠ و ٢٠١٧ ، ١٤% من  
الغابات المطيرة فقدت نتيجة لازالة الغابات.  
غابة الامازون المطيرة تم وصفها كـ " رئة  
كوكبنا " لانها توفر خدمة بيئية اساسية  
للعالم باعادة تدويرها المستمر لثاني اكسيد  
الكربون وتحويله للأكسجين. اكثر من ٢٠ %  
من أوكسجين العالم يتم انتاجه في غابات  
الامازون المطيرة.



inforest is losing about 10 000 acres a day. Since 1988

... of ... ..

- 

### Following questions:

- the majority of the rainforest locate? 

zil with 60% , followed by Peru with 13 % and Colombia with 10%

- think humans have destroyed an area of rainforest?

By cutting down trees to build houses and roads.

- Rainforest is described as the "Lungs of our Planet" Discuss**

cause more than 20 % of the world oxygen is produced in it.

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي غابة الأمازون المطيرة  
٢ = يوجد تسعة دول تشارك غابة الأمازون المطيرة.  
٣ = غابة الأمازون المطيرة أكثر من نصف غابات الكوكب المطيرة.  
٤ = أين تقع غالبية الغابة المطيرة؟  
= تقع غالبية الغابة في البرازيل، بنسبة ٦٠ % تليها البيرو بنسبة ١٣ % ، كولومبيا بنسبة ١٠ %  
٥ = كيف تعتقد ان البشر دمروا مساحة الغابة؟  
= بإزالة الغابة لإنشاء البيوت والطرق .  
٦ =توصف غابة الامازون بانها رثة الكوكب .ناقش  
= لأن أكثر من ٢٠ % من أوكسجين العالم ينتج فيها

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي غابة الأمازون المطيرة

٢ = يوجد تسعة دول تشارك غابة الأمازون المطيرة.

٣ = غابة الأمازون المطيرة أكثر من نصف غابات

## الكوكب المطيرة.

### ٤ = أين تقع غالبية الغابة المطيرة؟

= تقع غالبية الغابة في البرازيل، بنسبة ٦٠ % تليها البيرو

بنسبة ١٣ % ، كولومبيا بنسبة ١٠ %

٥ = كيف تعتقد ان البشر دمرُوا مساحة الغابة؟

= بازالة الغابة لانشاء البيوت والطرق .

٦ = توصف غابة الامازون بانها رئة الكوكب .ناقش

= لأن أكثر من ٢٠ % من أوكسجين العالم ينتج فيها

١ = لا تهدر / يضيع أى وقت بعد ذلك.

عکس "پدر / یضیع" هو **یحفظ**

٢ = الواحة هي منطقة في الصحراء حيث

يمكنك أن تجد مائة.

٣ = بدأت الحكومة مبادرات لمساعدة

**الفقراء. بدأت في حل مشاكلهم.**

- 

- 



4 The synonym of "control" is ".....".

- a) rule                      b) manage                      c) neglect                      **d) a & b**

5 Add the suffix "....." to get the noun for a person from the verb "sail".

- a) -or**                      b) -er                      c) -ian                      d) -ist

6 The word "line" can be related to the internet by adding the prefix ".....".

- a) dis-                      **b) on-**                      c) un-                      d) ir-

٤ = مرادف " يتحكم " هو " يسيطر ، يدير " = أ ، ب

٥ = نضيف اللاحقة " -or " لنحصل على الاسم من الفعل " يبحر " = بحار = sailor

٦ = كلمة " خط " يمكن أن تختص بالانترنت  
بإضافة البادئة " on- " = على الانترنت = online

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

- 1 One day I will be able to tell (tell) you the whole story.  
2 Who was this book written (writing) by?  
3 After I had had (have) my dinner, I watched TV.  
4 Next week, I'm going to go (go) to New York on business.  
5 I have been reading your book all day.

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on

### "A review of social media"

Social media has become the main source of news. These days 68% of people who have internet access get their news from social media. Although this means that we can find news easily and get regular updates on our phones. In my opinion, I think that social media has a negative impact on news and society. News, which is often bad, can make people stressed and worried. Furthermore, not everything we read or see on social media is true. If we share it, before checking the facts, we might spread false information. In turn, this means that the public stops trusting journalists and news in general.

وسائل التواصل أصبحت المصدر الرئيسي للأخبار. هذه الأيام ٦٨% من الناس الذين لديهم اتصال بالانترنت يحصلون على أخبارهم من وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي. رغم أن هذا يعني أننا يمكن أن نجد الأخبار بسهولة ونحصل على تحديثات منتظمة على هواتفنا. في رأيي أن لوسائل التواصل الاجتماعي أثر سلبي على الأخبار والمجتمع. الأخبار التي غالباً ما تكون سيئة يمكن أن تجعل الناس مضطربين وقلقين. علاوة على ذلك ، ليس كل ما نقرأ أو نرى على وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي حقيقي. لو شاركناه قبل تقصي الحقائق ربما ننشر معلومات مضللة. في المقابل هذا يعني أن عامة الناس يتوقفون عن الوثوق في الصحفيين والأخبار بصورة عامة .



1 Finish the following dialogue:

Laila and Dina are talking about environmental problems.

Dina : Look at all the plastic water bottles in the rubbish bin.

Laila : (1) What can we do with them? ?

Dina : We can recycle them.

Laila : (2) Why do ( should ) we recycle ( them ) rubbish?

Dina : Because recycling is good for the environment.

Laila : What will happen if we recycle old things?

Dina : (3) We will help ( solving the problems of ) the environment.

Laila : That's a good idea. What kinds of things do you recycle?

Dina : (4) I recycle plastic, paper and wood products.

Laila : Great! You're amazing.

Dina : (5) Thanks. Thank you very much.

ليلى و دينا تتحدثان عن مشاكل بيئية

دينا : انظري الى زجاجات المياه البلاستيكية في سلة الزباله

ليلى : ماذا يمكن أن نفعل بهم؟

دينا : يمكننا أن نعيد تدويرهم.

ليلى : لماذا نعيد تدوير (هم) الزباله؟

دينا : لأن إعادة التدوير في صالح البيئة.

ليلى : ماذا سيحدث اذا أعدنا تدوير الأشياء القديمة؟

دينا : سوف تساعد ( في حل مشكلات ) البيئة.

ليلى : هذه فكرة جيدة. ما أنواع الأشياء التي تعيد تدويرها؟

دينا : أنا أعيد تدوير المنتجات البلاستيكية ، الورقية والخشبية

ليلى : عظيم . أنت مدهشة.

دينا : شكرا . شكرا جزيل لك.

2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

found – include – at – by – from – are found

Polar Regions are the coldest of all the habitats which are found on earth. These habitats are found (1) at the top and the bottom of Earth. They are covered (2) by ice. These (3) include the Arctic and the Antarctic regions. In the Antarctic, the lowest temperature recorded was -88 Degree Celsius. Animals such as polar bear, penguin and seal (4) are found there.

المناطق القطبية هي الأبرد بين البيئات التي توجد على الأرض. هذه البيئات توجد عند قمة و أسفل الكرة الأرضية. هي مغطاة بـ الثلج. هذه تتضمن القارة القطبية و المناطق القطبية . في المحيط القطبي ، أقل درجة حرارة سجلت كانت ٨٨ تحت الصفر. حيوانات مثل الدب القطبي ، البطريق و الفقمه توجد هناك .

3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

A research had found that the Red List of the endangered species; supported by the governments, scientists and environmental activists, went up to 22,784 species in 2015 against 22,413 in the previous year. According to the study, done by the International Union for Conservation of Nature, deforestation for farms, building new cities and roads was the main cause behind this rise in number of endangered animals.

Thanks to the efforts exerted by South Africa, the African lions are of the least endangered species according to the list for the endangered species.

توصل بحث الى ان القائمة الحمراء للفصائل المعرضة للانقراض و المدعومة من الحكومات ، العلماء و الناشطين البيئيين ارتفعت الى ٢٢,٧٨٤ فصيلة في عام ٢٠١٥ مقابل ٢٢,٤١٣ فصيلة في العام السابق ( ٢٠١٤ ). طبقا للدراسة ، والتي تمت بواسطة الاتحاد العالمي للحفاظ على البيئة ، ازالة اشجار المزارع ، بناء مدن و طرق جديدة كان السبب الرئيسي وراء هذا الارتفاع لعدد الحيوانات المهددة بالانقراض.



Regarding the West Africa lions, they are of high risk of extinction due to the loss of their habitat and the non-existence of certain preys due to the human hunting activities.

It is worth mentioning that in 2011; around two hundred governments had set a goal to prevent the extinction of certain species. Despite the fact that certain species had not been totally extinct until 2015, however a lot of species are currently at risk of extinction.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) extinction                      b) environment  
 c) deforestation                d) endangered animals
- ② The number of endangered species has ..... in 2015.  
 a) increased                      b) decreases  
 c) lowered                        d) improved
- ③ The African lions are of ..... endangered species.  
 a) the least                        b) none of  
 c) the most                        d) neither of

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- ④ How many species of endangered animals were there in 2014?

*There were 22,413 species.*

- ⑤ What is the main cause behind the rise in number of endangered animals?

*Deforestation for farms, building new cities and roads is the main cause.*

- ⑥ What do you think governments can do to save the endangered animals?

*They make initiatives and laws to protect animals.*

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① The antonym of "local" is ".....".  
 a) wrong                      b) global                      c) fake                      d) accuracy
- ② To ..... is to take in liquid or gas.  
 a) recycle                      b) pollute                      c) equip                      d) absorb
- ③ My elder brother works as a lecturer at the university. He ..... at the university.  
 a) sleeps                      b) studies                      c) learns                      d) teaches

بفضل الجهود المبذولة بواسطة جنوب أفريقيا ، الأود الافريقية تكون هي أقل الفصائل المعرضة للانقراض طبقا لقائمة الفصائل المعرضة للانقراض. بالمقارنة بأسود غرب أفريقيا و التي هي في مرحلة عالية من الانقراض بسبب فقدانها لبيئتها وعدم وجود بعض الفرائس بسبب أنشطة الصيد البشري. من الجدير بالذكر أنه في عام ٢٠١١ ، حوالي ٢٠٠ حكومة قد وضعوا هدفا لمنع انقراض فصائل معينة. رغم حقيقة أن فصائل معينة لم تكن قد انقرضت تماما حتى عام ٢٠١٥ لكن فصائل كثيرة حاليا في خطر الانقراض.



١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي الحيوانات المعرضة للخطر  
 ٢ = عدد الفصائل المعرضة للخطر ازداد في عام ٢٠١٥.  
 ٣ = الأسود الافريقية هي أقل الفصائل معرضة للخطر.  
 ٤ = كم عدد الفصائل المعرضة للخطر التي كانت موجودة عام ٢٠١٤ ؟  
 = كان يوجد ٢٢,٤١٣ فصيلة  
 ٥ = ما السبب الرئيسي وراء ارتفاع عدد الحيوانات المعرضة للخطر؟  
 = ازالة اشجار المزارع وبناء مدن وطرق جديدة .  
 ٦ = ما رأيك ما يمكن للحكومات ان تفعل لتحفظ الحيوانات المعرضة للخطر؟  
 = هم يصنعون مبادرات وقوانين لحماية الحيوانات.

١ = مضاد " محلي هو " عالمي "

٤ = أن " تمتص " هو أن تأخذ السائل أو الغاز.

٣ = أخي الأكبر يعمل كمحاضر في الجامعة.  
 هو يدرس ( يعلم ) في الجامعة.



4 We can change the verb "cover" to give the meaning as "find out" by adding the prefix .....

a) im-

b) dis-

c) un-

d) ir-

٤ = يمكننا أن نغير الفعل " يغطي " لنعطى معنى "

يكتشف " بإضافة البادئة " dis- " discover =

5 To get an adjective from "recharge", add the suffix "....."

a) -able

b) -ful

c) -ive

d) -ing

٥ = لكي تحصل على الصفة من " يعيد شحن " أضف

اللاحقة " -able " قابل لإعادة الشحن = rechargeable

6 My car was completely damaged in the accident. "Completely" is the same meaning as .....

a) weakly

b) partially

c) slightly

d) absolutely

٦ = سيارتي تدمرت تماما في الحادث. " تماما " هي

بنفس معنى " مائة بالمائة " = absolutely

١ = اللغة الألمانية يتحدث ( يتم التحدث ) بها في خمسة دول أوروبية .

{ جملة مضارع بسيط في صيغة المجهول لفاعل مفرد غائب لأنها حقيقة }

٢ = حاتم قد كسر رجله لذلك لا يستطيع أن يأتي.

{ طبقا لقاعدة تكافؤ الأزمنة : مضارع بسيط أو مستقبل + so + مضارع تام }

٣ = أنا أحتاج أن أنام على الأقل ثمانى ساعات في الليلة. { need + inf }

٤ = هو اعتاد أن يكون سميئا ولكن الآن هو نحيل. { used to + inf }

٥ = سأكون قادرا أن أصنع كيكة اذا امتلكت كل المكونات. { IF1 }

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the in brackets:

1 German is spoken (speaks) in five European countries.

2 Hatem has broken his leg, so he can't come.

3 I need to sleep at least eight hours a night.

4 He used to (use to) be fat but now he's thin.

5 I will be (be) able to make a cake if I have all the ingredients.

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

### "A short story of Black Beauty"

"Black Beauty" is a children's book by Anna Sewell. A horse named Black Beauty is the main character of the book. In this book, the horse tells a story about his own life and experiences. When Beauty is four years old, Farmer Grey trains him to carry people on his back and pull carriages. When he gets older, he is sold to Squire Gordon at Birtwick Park. This is where he gets his name "Black Beauty" because he was a beautiful black horse with a white star on his head. Black Beauty meets many people, the kind and the cruel. He also makes new friends. We learn from this story to treat animals well because they have feelings like us.

"الجمال الأسود" هي قصة للأطفال بواسطة أنا سويل. حصان يسمى الجمال الأسود هو الشخصية الرئيسية للكتاب. في هذا الكتاب يخبرنا الحصان عن حياته و تجاربه الخاصة. عندما كان في سن الرابعة ، دربه الفلاح جراي ليحمل الناس على ظهره ويجر العربات . عندما كبر تم بيعه لـ سكوير جوردون في منتزه بيرتويك . حيث حصل هنا على اسمه " الجمال الاسود " لانه كان حصان أسود جميل بنجمة بيضاء على رأسه. الجمال الاسود قابل ناس كثيرة ، الطيب و الشرير. أيضا أقام صداقات جديدة . نتعلم من القصة أن نعامل الحيوانات جيدا لان لها مشاعر مثلنا .





1. Because I'm going to give a speech
2. I'm going to talk about climate change.
3. I'd like to start by talking about the reasons of the problem.
4. What's after that?
5. How would you like to finish?

## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Basmala is giving a speech at school about climate change.

Shimaa : Hello, Basmala. You look worried. Why?

Basmala : (1) Hi, Shimaa. Because I'm going to give a speech at school.

Shimaa : What are you going to talk about?

Basmala : (2) I am going to talk about Climate change .

Shimaa : That's a good subject. How would you like to start?

Basmala : (3) I'd like to start by saying what climate change is.

Shimaa : (4) Great! What would you like to say in the next part?

Basmala : In the next part of my speech, I'd like to talk about how we stop climate change.

Shimaa : (5) How would you like to finish? ?

Basmala : I'd like to finish by saying that we all should help to save the environment.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

wrote – stable – lucky – was written – difficult – tent

*Black Beauty* is a children's story. It was written by English writer Anna Sewell. *Black Beauty*, a handsome well-born horse, narrates the story. He told us that he was (2) lucky because Jerry, his owner, was kind and he was always put in a warm (3) stable. He tried to show how horses' life was (4) difficult at this time. The aim of the story was to advise the owners to treat horses kindly.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

A satellite phone is a telephone that has the ability to connect to orbiting satellites. Similar to usual mobile phones, they can connect to voice and short messaging services as well as internet access. Satellite phones can work anywhere in the world. Satellite phones can connect from anywhere as they are directly connected to satellites around the world and do not depend on usual mobile networks. A satellite phone has basic phone features but is heavier than cellphones. It can provide wide area coverage. Compared to the usual phone services, the voice quality

## بسملة تلقى حديثا في المدرسة عن تغير المناخ

شيماء : أهلا بسملة. تبدين قلقة. لماذا ؟

بسملة : هاى شيماء. سوف القى حديثا في المدرسة.

شيماء : عن ماذا سوف تتحدثين ؟

بسملة : أنا سوف أحدث عن تغير المناخ.

شيماء : انه موضوع جيد. كيف تودين أن تبدأى؟

بسملة : أود أن أبدأ بقول ما هو تغير المناخ.

شيماء : عظيم! ماذا تودين أن تقولى في الجزء الثاني؟

بسملة : في الجزء الثاني لحديثي، أود أن أحدث عن كيف نوقف تغير المناخ.

شيماء : كيف تودين أن تنهى؟

بسملة : أود أن أنهى بقولى اننا جميعا يجب ان نساعد في حفظ البيئة.

الجمال الأسود هي قصة أطفال . كتبت بواسطة كاتبة إنجليزية أنا سوويل. الجمال الأسود ، حصان جميل الشكل و ذو تربية جيدة، يروي القصة . هو أخبرنا أنه كان محظوظا لأن جيري ، مالكة ، كان طيبا و كان دائما يوضع في استبل دافئ. حاول ان يبين كيف ان حياة الخيول كانت صعبة في ذاك الوقت. هدف القصة كان أن ينصح الملاك بأن يعاملوا الخيول بطيبة.

الهاتف الفضائي هو هاتف له القدرة على ان يتصل بالاقمار الصناعية التي تدور حول الارض. مشابه للهواتف المحمولة ، يمكنهم ان يتصلوا بخدمات الصوت و الرسائل القصيرة بالإضافة إلي الولوج للانترنت. الهواتف الفضائية يمكن أن تعمل في أي مكان في العالم. الهواتف الفضائية يمكن ان تتصل من أي مكان لانهم متصلين مباشرة بالاقمار الصناعية حول العالم و لا تعتمد على شبكات الهواتف المحمولة المعتادة. الهاتف الفضائي له خصائص الهاتف الاساسية ولكنه أثقل من الهواتف المحمولة. يمكن ان يوفر تغطية لمنطقة واسعة . مقارنة بخدمات الهاتف العادى ،



could be lower and there could be delay in communication. It has the same number and does not change. It does not need any installation or setup. It has a larger external antenna and does not have internal antennas. For internet access, it has low data bandwidths. They are very useful in places far from cities, such as on mountains or in deserts.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① The main idea of the passage is .....  
 a) internet access      **b) a satellite phone**  
 c) usual mobile phones      d) the voice quality
- ② For internet access, a satellite phone it has ..... data bandwidths  
**a) low**      b) high      c) fast      d) soft
- ③ It's advisable to use satellite phones in ..... areas.  
**a) remote**      b) nearer      c) urban      d) city

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- ④ Why do you think satellite phones have a larger external antenna?

*To connect to the satellites well and receive a good signal.*

- ⑤ Summarize the disadvantages of satellite phones.

*They are heavier, have low voice and internet width and a delay in communication.*

- ⑥ Do you prefer a satellite phone or a cellphone? Why?

*According to the area I live in. Each one has advantages and disadvantages.*

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- ① When you make a ....., you travel from one place to another.  
**a) journey**      b) correct      c) law      d) traffic
- ② Trees are the lungs of nature that ..... carbon dioxide.  
 a) breathe      b) add      c) pour      **d) absorb**
- ③ He is confused because he has exams next week. The antonym of "confused" is "  
**a) puzzled**      b) energetic      c) organised      d) dense
- ④ To change the adjective "electric" into a noun, add the suffix "  
 a) -ment      **b) -ity**      c) -al      d) -able

جودة الصوت يمكن ان تكون أقل و يمكن ان يكون هناك تأخير في التواصل. له نفس الارقام ولا تتغير. لا يحتاج إلى أي تركيبات أو تنصيب. له هوائي استشعار خارجي كبير وليس له هوائي استشعار داخلي. للدخول إلى الانترنت له نطاق بيانات ضعيف. انها مفيدة في الاماكن البعيدة عن المدن مثل الذين في الجبال أو في الصحارى.

١ = الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي الهاتف الفضائي.  
 ٢ = للدخول للانترنت ، الهاتف الفضائي له نطاق بيانات ضعيف (منخفض)  
 ٣ = ينصح باستخدام الهاتف في المناطق البعيدة.  
 ٤ = لماذا تعتقد ان الهواتف الفضائية لها هوائي استشعار أكبر؟  
 = لكي تتصل بالاقمار الصناعية جيدا وتلقى اشارة جيدة.  
 ٥ = لخص عيوب الهواتف الفضائية؟  
 = انها أثقل ، لها صوت ونطاق انترنت منخفض و تأخر في الاتصال.  
 ٦ = هل تفضل الهاتف الفضائي أو المحمول؟ لماذا؟  
 طبقا للمنطقة التي أعيش فيها. كل واحد له مميزات و عيوب .

4. To get a good network.  
 5. It can provide wide area coverage. Compared to the usual phone services, the voice quality could be lower and there could be delay in communication. It has the same number and does not change. It does not need any installation or setup  
 6. I prefer cellphones because it's easy to use and it has many apps.

١ = عندما تقوم برحلة ، أنت تسافر من مكان لآخر.

٢ = الاشجار هي رئة الطبيعة التي تمتص ثاني أكسيد الكربون.

٣ = هو متزعج لان عنده امتحانات الاسبوع القادم. مضاد "متزعج" هي "يرتبك"

٤ = لكي تغير الصفة "كهربائي" إلى اسم ، تضيف اللاحقة "ity" = كهرباء = electricity



٥ = نضيف البادئة "inter-" "sur" للاسم "وجه" لكي  
نغير معناه . = واجهة / interface = سطح / surface



٦ = المرادف لـ "متجدد" هو "sustainable"

٤ We add the prefix "....." to the noun "face" to change its meaning.

a)inter-

b)tele-

c)sur-

d)un-

٥ The synonym of "renewable" is "....."

a)heroic

b)fresh

c)sustainable

d)unsustainable

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

١ I always hated the cold weather, but I used to live (lived) in Russia.

٢ She told me that she'd arrived the day before.

٣ Tarek had a headache because he had watched television for too long.

٤ Have you finished reading (read) that book yet?

٥ I will be (be) very happy if you come to my party.

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

"A biography of a famous scientist"

١ = أنا دائما كنت أكره الطقس البارد لكني

اعتدت أن أعيش في روسيا. { used to + inf }

٢ = هي أخبرتني أنها كانت قد وصلت اليوم السابق.

{ جملة غير مباشر فعلها ماضي تام كان في }

المباشر ماضي بسيط فتتحول العلامة الدالة { }

٣ = طارق أصيب بالصداع لأنه قد شاهد

التلفزيون لفترة طويلة جدا .

{ السبب هو الحدث الأول (ماضي تام) والنتيجة هي الحدث }

التالي (ماضي بسيط) }

٤ = هل أنهيت قراءة ذلك الكتاب بعد ؟

{ الفعل finish + v-ing }

٥ = أنا سأكون سعيد جدا اذا تأتي لحفلي .

{ مضارع بسيط + IF + مستقبل بسيط }

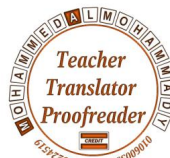
### "A biography of Farouk El - Baz"

Farouk El - Baz is one of the most important scientists in the world. Farouk El-Baz is an Egyptian American space scientist and geologist. He worked with NASA in the scientific exploration of the Moon and the planning of the Apollo program. He is one of the most important scientists who had done a lot of research before the first man walked on the moon. He helped astronauts to land on the moon. He gave advice to astronauts to collect the rock on the moon. He has studied deserts. He used satellites to find underground water in the desert. His work has helped a lot of countries to find water.

فاروق الباز هو واحد من أكثر العلماء أهمية في العالم. فاروق الباز هو عالم فضاء و جيولوجي مصري أمريكي. عمل مع ناسا (وكالة الفضاء الأمريكية) في استكشاف القمر والتخطيط لبرنامج أبولو. هو أحد أهم العلماء الذين قد أجروا أبحاث كثيرة قبل ان يمشي اول انسان على القمر. ساعد رواد الفضاء لمهبطوا على القمر. نصيح رواد الفضاء أن يجمعوا صخور من على القمر. درس الصحارى. استخدم الاقمار الصناعية ليجد المياه الجوفية في الصحراء. ساعدت أعماله كثير من الدول ليجدوا المياه.



## Exam 20



## 1 Finish the following dialogue:

Ghada asks Roaa about her dream job.

Ghada : Hello Roaa. What school subjects are you good at?

Roaa : (1) *Hello Ghada, I'm good at science.*

Ghada : Great! (2) *What would you like to be?*

Roaa : I'd like to be a doctor.

Ghada : (3) *Why? / Why do you want to be a doctor?*

Roaa : To help sick people.

Ghada : What are your other goals?

Roaa : (4) *I would like (I hope) to be a volunteer.*

Ghada : Where would you like to volunteer?

Roaa : (5) *In a charity./ In a recycling project.*

غادة تسأل رؤى عن وظيفة أحلامها  
غادة : أهلا رؤى. ما المواد الدراسية التي أنت جيدة فيها .  
رؤى : أهلا غادة. أنا جيدة في العلوم .....  
غادة : عظيم! ماذا تودين أن تكوني؟  
رؤى : أود أن أكون طبيبة .  
غادة : لماذا ؟ / لماذا تودين أن تكوني طبيبة ؟  
رؤى : لأساعد الناس المرضى .  
غادة : ما هي أهدافك الأخرى ؟  
رؤى : أود أن أكون متطوعة .  
غادة : أين تودين أن تتطوعي ؟  
رؤى : في جمعية خيرية. / في مشروع إعادة تدوير.

## 2 Read and complete the text with words from the following list:

will – going to – do – make – products – reduce

Producing new (1) *products* from other materials needs fewer sources and less energy. That's how, recycling can (2) *reduce* pollution. Waste production has increased over the last century and (3) *will* likely double again by 2025. We should teach children how important recycling is to (4) *make* sure that they will live a more sustainable life.

## 3 Read the following text, then answer the questions:

Air pollution is a type of environmental pollution that affects the air and is usually caused by smoke or other harmful gases. Many of the world's large cities today have polluted air or and complain about its daily quality. Most air pollution made by humans today is because of transportation. Also, smoke from factories and houses pollute the air. Burning fossil fuels to get energy can make a lot of oxides that cause pollution.

Air pollution is not only on the outside. Homes, schools, and buildings can also have air pollution. Sometimes the air inside a building is even

إنتاج منتجات جديدة من مواد أخرى  
يحتاج موارد و طاقة اقل . لهذا يمكن  
لإعادة التدوير أن يقلل التلوث. انتاج  
العامم ازداد خلال القرن الماضي و  
محتمل انه سيتضاعف بحلول عام  
٢٠٢٥ . يجب ان نعلم الأطفال بأهمية  
إعادة التدوير لتناكدهم سيعيشون  
حياة مستدامة (صديقة للبيئة)

تلوث الهواء هو نوع من التلوث  
البيئي الذي يؤثر على الهواء وعادة  
يكون بسبب الدخان أو الغازات  
الضارة الأخرى. العديد من مدن  
العالم الكبرى اليوم ملوثة الهواء و  
أو تعاني من جودته يوميا. معظم  
تلوث الهواء الناتج عن البشر اليوم  
بسبب وسائل النقل. أيضا الدخان  
من المصانع و البيوت يلوث الهواء.  
حرق الوقود الحفري للحصول على  
الطاقة يمكن ان يحدث أكاسيد  
كثيرة تسبب التلوث.



worse than the air outside. Many things which humans use every day can pollute the air. Compounds inside carpets, paints, building materials and furniture also pollute the air, especially when they are new. In buildings where the windows are tightly shut to stop air leaks, the air inside can be polluted more than the air outside.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 This passage is talking about .....  
 a) air pollution      b) human health  
 c) fossil fuels      d) transportation
- 2 Transport is ..... reason for pollution.  
 a) the main      b) the least  
 c) not the      d) no longer the
- 3 Air pollution is harmful to .....  
 a) human      b) plants  
 c) animals      d) all of above

**B) Answer the following questions:**

- 4 What are the main causes of air pollution?

*They are : Transportation , smoke from factories and houses and burning fossil fuels.*

- 5 How can fossil fuels pollute the air?

*Burning fossil fuels make a lot of oxides that cause pollution.*

- 6 From your point of view, what can we do to reduce air pollution?

*Use less fuels, plant more trees and use green energy products and renewable energy.*

**4 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:**

- 1 To ..... is to move around a star or planet.  
 a) enter      b) die      c) orbit      d) share
- 2 They're still a ..... school in a lot of ways. They follow old ways of teaching.  
 a) recent      b) new  
 c) modern      d) traditional
- 3 The answer is quite clear. "Clear" is similar in meaning to "  
 a) delicious      b) obvious      c) precious      d) nervous

تلوث الهواء لا يكون في الخارج فقط. البيوت ، المدارس و المباني يمكن ان يكون بها تلوث الهواء . أحيانا التلوث داخل المباني يكون أسوأ من الهواء بالخارج. اشياء كثيرة يستخدمها البشر كل يوم يمكن أن تلوث الهواء. المركبات داخل السجاجيد ، الدهانات ، مواد البناء والأثاث ايضا تلوث الهواء خاصة عندما تكون جديدة. في المباني التي تغلق فيها النوافذ لمنع تسرب الهواء يمكن للهواء في الداخل ان يتلوث أكثر من الهواء بالخارج.

- ١ = القطعة تتحدث عن تلوث الهواء .
- ٢ = وسائل النقل هي السبب الرئيسي للتلوث .
- ٣ = تلوث الهواء مضر لكل ما سبق . ( البشر - النباتات - الحيوانات )

٤ = ما هي الاسباب الرئيسية لتلوث الهواء ؟  
 = هي : وسائل النقل ، الدخان من المصانع والبيوت و حرق الوقود الحفري .

٥ = كيف يمكن للوقود الحفري أن يلوث الهواء ؟ = حرق الوقود الحفري ينتج كثير من الاكاسيد تسبب تلوث الهواء

٦ = من وجهة نظرك ماذا يمكن أن نفعله لتقليل تلوث الهواء ؟  
 = نستخدم وقود أقل ، نزرع أشجار كثيرة و نستخدم منتجات صديقة للبيئة و طاقة متجددة.



١ = أن " تدور " هو ان تسير حول نجم أو كوكب .

٢ = هم ما زالوا مدرسة تقليدية بطرق كثيرة . هم يتبعون طرق قديمة في التدريس

٣ = الاجابة واضحة جدا. "واضحة " متشابهة في المعنى لـ " واضح "



4 It is so noisy here that I can't think. The opposite of "noisy" is "....."

- a) loud      **b) calm**      c) unique      d) common

5 To get the noun for a person from the verb "build", add the suffix "

- a) -ment      b) -or      **c) -er**      d) -ing

6 To make the adjective "national" mean "global", we add the prefix "

- a) dis-      b) un-      c) in-      **d) inter-**

٤ = الوضع مزعج "ضوضاء" جدا هنا لا يستطيع أن افكر. عكس "ضوضاء" هو "هاديء"

٥ = لكي تحصل على اسم لشخص من الفعل "يبني" نضيف اللاحقة "....." بناء = builder

٦ = لنجعل الصفة "قومي" لتعني "عالمي" نضيف البادئة "inter". عالمي = international

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets:

1 I think he will be (be) a great teacher one day.

2 As soon as Mazin had arrived, we played our favourite games.

3 Is (Does) milk delivered to your house every morning?

4 When are we going to meet each other tonight?

5 Nader has never been abroad.

5

١ = أعتقد أنه سيكون مدرس عظيم يوما ما . ( تنبؤ بدون دليل )

٢ = بمجرد أن قد وصل مازن ، لعبنا العابنا المفضلة . { ماضي بسيط + ماضي تام + As soon as }

٣ = هل يتم توصيل اللبن لمنزلكم كل صباح ؟ ( مجهول مضارع بسيط )  
٤ = متى سوف نقابل بعض الليلة ؟ ( ترتيبات مستقبلية )  
٥ = نادر لم يكن ابدا بالخارج ( جملة مضارع تام فاعلها مفرد غائب )

6 Write a paragraph of ONE HUNDRED and TEN (110) words on:

7

### "A review of the International Space Station"

The International Space Station is a place where astronauts live and work when they go into space. It orbits the earth every day. It's one of the brightest objects in the sky and it can be seen without using a telescope. Life on the Space Station is different from life on earth in many ways. In space, washing, sleeping and eating can be difficult! Although life is difficult and different in space, communication is not a problem. Astronauts can send emails or make phone calls to their families and friends. Technology has made it more and more easy for astronauts not to suffer during their travel and stay on space stations. They now find remedies for most side effects that the previous astronauts have complained about.



محطة الفضاء الدولية هي مكان حيث يعيش ويعمل رواد الفضاء عندما يذهبون إلى الفضاء. إنها تدور حول الأرض كل يوم. إنها واحدة من أكثر الأشياء لمعاناً في السماء ويمكن رؤيتها بدون استخدام التلسكوب. الحياة في محطة الفضاء مختلفة عن الحياة على الأرض في عدة نواحي. في الفضاء، غسيل الملابس، النوم والاكل يمكن ان يكون صعب. رغم ان الحياة صعبة ومختلفة في الفضاء، فالاتصالات ليست مشكلة. يمكن لرواد الفضاء أن يرسلوا ايميلات ويجروا مكالمات تلفونية لاسرهم وأصدقائهم. التكنولوجيا جعلت الامر أسهل بكثير لرواد الفضاء حتى لا يعانون أثناء سفرهم أو اقامتهم في محطات الفضاء. هم الان يجدون العلاج لأكثر لارعااض الجانبية التي قد اشتكى منها الرواد السابقون.